83

92

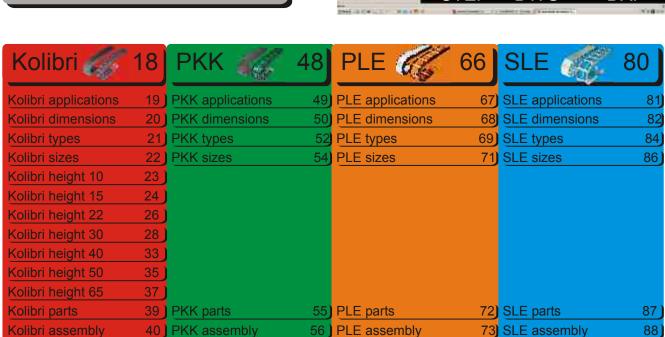
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Systems

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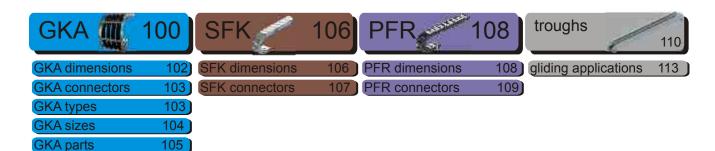
Order informations

REQUEST Drawing files 2D 3D DWG **DXF STEP**



12

14



62)

PLE part numbers



Kolibri flanges

Kolibri part numbers

42

44)

PKK part numbers







SLE connectors

SLE part numbers

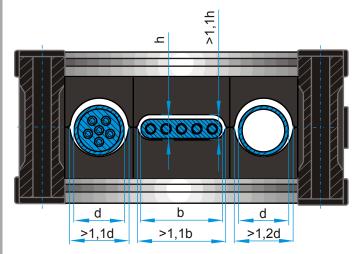
SLE accessories

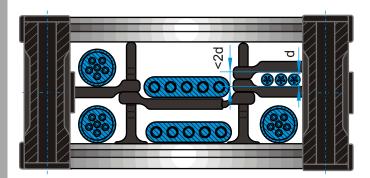
SYSTEM 120 REINTEC

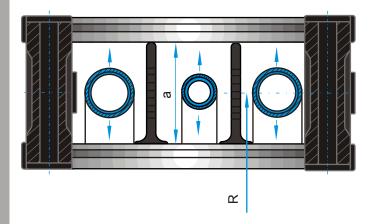
materials 122

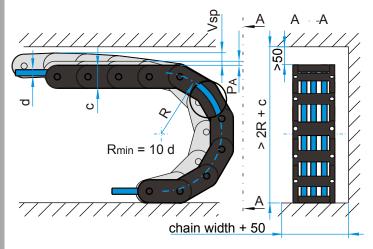
safety instructions 127











DESIGN GUIDELINES

Selection of the energy chain and material

For most applications energy chains made of plastic is your first choice. Chemical resistance, light weight and low costs are the major advantages. Steel chains are used under extreme payloads and high mechanical or other particular requirements. For extreme cycles the hardened (carburized) steel is required to achieve long life.

Calculation of cross-section

First, the cross-section required for the wires is determined, and then specific motions or arrangements, aggressive environmental conditions or other factors lead to your selection.

A pre-selection of the product series may use the fields of application (see product series chapter).

All lines must be able to move freely in the energy chain. This requires an individual clearance to be taken into account for each line:

round cable: 10% of the diameter

flat cable: 10% of the cable width and height

hoses: 20% of hose diameter

Optimum requirement is the separation of all lines by means of individual chambers. Especially with varying diameters or multi-layer wiring a separation by vertical and horizontal dividers is required.

If several lines are to be laid in one chamber, the chamber dimensions have to be restricted so that they maintain their relative positions.

Even multi-layer arrangements of flat cables have always to be seperated with horizontal dividers.

When using pressure hose a change in length has to be taken into account through additional clearance in the chain bow (radius), which can be achieved by a corresponding chain height (a).

The distribution of the energy chain cross-section should be symmetrical in order to ensure an uniform load. In addition heavy lines are laid out close to the links to minimize the bending loads on the transverse bars.

Determination of the bending radius

The bending radius of the energy chain is determined by the minimum permissible bending radius of the cables and hoses, the available installation space and the polygone oscillation PA of the energy chain.

In general, a minimum bend radius of 10d is considered, where d is the largest existing line diameter. Cables with smaller minimum bend radii are available by some manufacturers.

The polygon oscillation PA influences the moving of an energy chain. A large bend radius at the same pitch results usually in a calmer movment of the energy chain.

The installation space must have a height of more than 2R + c, where R is the bending radius and c is the link height of the energy chain. The pretension of the energy chain should also be considered.

Design guidelines

Order infos

Energy chain length

In standard applications the fixed connector of the energy chain is arranged in the middle of the travel distance. The moving connector moves horizontally over the fixed connector between the end positions of the travel. The required length of the energy chain between the first and the last pivoting link is then determined as follows:

$$L = \frac{LV}{2} + 4 R$$

L length of the energy chain

L∨ length of travel

R bending radius of the energy chain

If the fixed connector is not in the middle of the travel, the energy chain has to be extended by a displacement of x:

$$L = \frac{LV}{2} + 4 R + x$$

x offset of the fixed connector

After the selection of the energy chain, the length is rounded up to the link pitch. This length is the ordering length of the energy chain.

The connectors height is double bend radius plus link height:

$$HA = 2R + c$$

HA connector height c link height of the energy chain

Review of the free carrying length

The additional load is the weight of all cables and hoses, divided by the length of the chain:

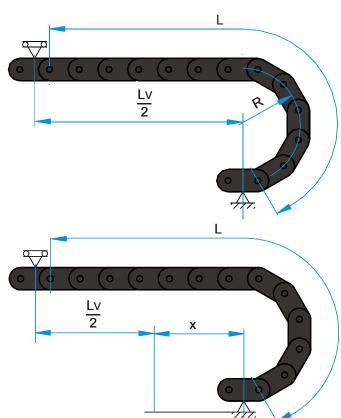
$$m_S = \frac{mL}{I}$$

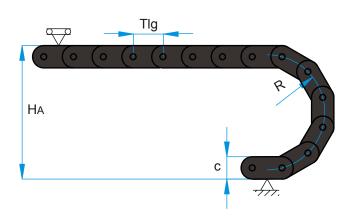
m∟ cable weight

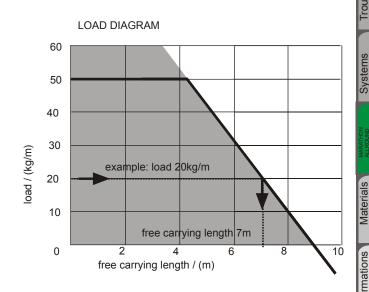
ms specific additional load

Thus with calculated additional load and the help of the load diagram the free carriying length of the energy chain can be verified.

If the additional load is too high for a particular chain an energy chain with greater free carrying length is chosen or constructive changings have to be done that allow the operation with the chosen energy chain (eg, gliding arrangement, support rollers, SYSTEM MARATHON or similar).







Informations



Pretension and permissible sag

ekd energy chains are supplied with pretension. Exceptions are energy chains for vertical or sliding arrangements as well as on the side lying energy chains, for example, in a circular arrangement.

The pretension is a manufacturing tool to achieve energy chains with increased free carrying lengths.

The values for the pretension is set by the manufacturer. ekd energy chains made of steel are manufactured with 5 mm / m and plastic energy chains up to 25 mm / m as pretension with no load.

The sag is due to the additional load and the weight of the energy chain. Due to the significantly lower elongation of steel (0.2% linear elongation) compared to plastics the permissible sag of the steel chains is limited lower than for plastic energy chains.

On the other hand, the effect on plastic energy chains of a long-term static load with a long unsupported length of the upper strand chains will increase the sag (creeping of plastics).

Elevated temperatures and humidity increases this effect. The sag of energy chains is also increased by use-wear.

The maximum allowable sag can only be judged in the assessment of all operating conditions. Within the limits for the free carrying length specified in the load diagram the sag is within the permissible range at normal operating and environmental conditions.

In addition the following factors have to be taken into account:

Using toughs and slow moving energy chain sag is limited.

For high accelerations and high travel speeds too much sag is a problem. A defined force application at the moved connector is not guaranteed and uncontrollable chain oscillations can occur. Thus the energy chain material is subjected to extreme dynamic stresses.

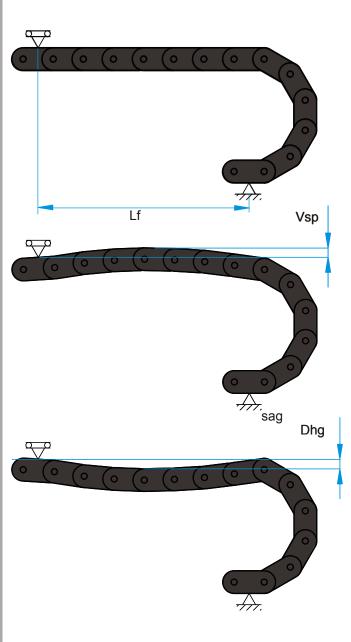
In such cases, corrective steps should be taken.

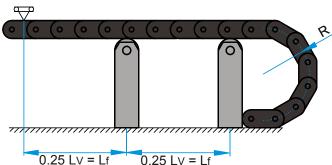
The first step is the selection of an energy chain with increased free carrying length. If this can not be done, these are the following alternatives:

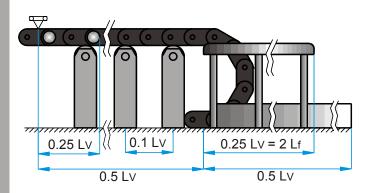
Support rolls and support rails

Support rollers can increase the maximum travel Lv of steel chains by up to four times the free carrying length Lf. With additional support rollers and a support rail the maximum range of movement can be expanded up to eight times the free carrying length.

The use of support rollers with support frames, is limited to speeds below 1 m/s.







6

Raised trough

This type is mainly used with plastic energy chain applications. As with the use of support rolls the maximum travel can be increased up to four times the free carrying

Because of the larger permissible sagging, support rolls are not suitable for plastic energy chains.

Support carriage

For long travel distances and high additional loads support carriages can be used with reverse travelling energy chains. The side-mounted support rolls carry the energy chain and move the support carriage.

The energy chains now only face pull forces and through this an extremely long life is achieved even at high additional loads.

SYSTEM MARATHON

The patented SYSTEM MARATHON for unlimited travel is also designed for high speeds and high accelerations. The upper run is running with supporting rollers over the entire travel on continuous flat rails and the rollers swing in the radius to lay down the energy chain at the bottom profile. In the back movement the rollers swing out again and lead the energy chain without wear over the entire travel. The SYSTEM MARATHON is not dependant upon the type of energy chain and therefore steel energy chains are as equally suitable as plastic energy chains.

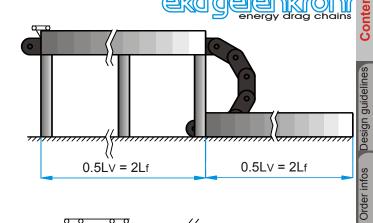
Gliding energy chains

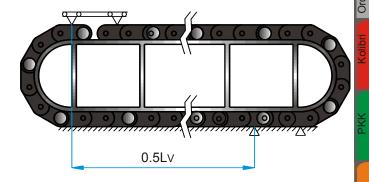
Gliding energy chains require guiding the upper run in a continuous trough. In addition, the first half of travel slide bars are mounted or the energy chain is extended via the fixed end in the middle of the travel out up to the starting point to create a continuous gliding plane (see also chapter troughs).

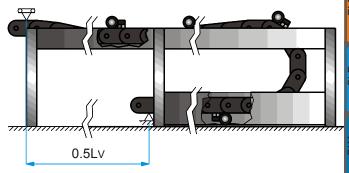
With high dynamic demands on the energy chain, lowering the moving connection end may be necessary to result in a better introduction of push forces into the energy chain.

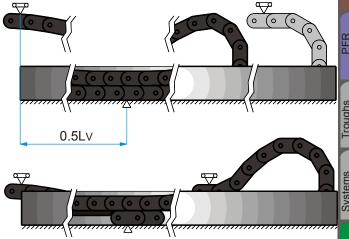
In travels over 30 m, velocities above 1.5 m / s and acceleration of 1 m/s² lowering the moving end is recommended and requires an additional lengthof the energy chain. Chain links with a opposite bend radius minimize the required additional length and minimize oscillations of the remaining free carrying length of the energy chain.

PKK, PLE and SLE energy chains for gliding arrangements are preferably equipped with sliders that can be replaced after reaching the wear limit without dismantling or replacing the energy chain.





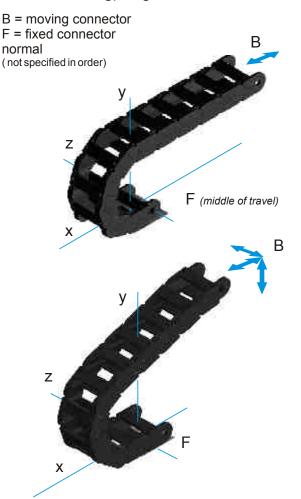




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Informations





ARRANGEMENTS

normal arrangement (n)

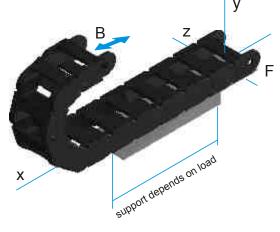
In the normal arrangement the fixed connector is usually on the first link in the lower strand in the middle of the travel.

The moving end connector is moving the chain in a straight line lengthwise at a height of 2R+c over the entire travel. The upper strand is steadily reduced through the bending of the individual links until the whole chain length is taken to the bottom or in a trough.

This arrangement allows maximum speeds and extreme acceleration with optimum durability.

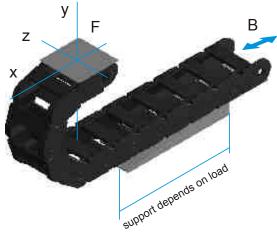
multiaxial (m)

In the multiaxial arrangement is a vertical and horizontal motion of the driver along the x-axis (travel direction) and one or more movement in the y- or z-direction. While running in the y-direction may be done by any conventional energy chain, the movements in the z-direction require the energy chain system ALLROUND.



free overhang (f)

In contrast to the normal arrangement the freely exceeding lower strand is supported only partially by a substructure. Due to the high weight load on the lower strand in this arrangement only significantly reduced travel distance is possible.



moved end downside (u)

If the driver is positioned in the lower, due to the heavy weight only a reduced travel distance is possible (see above).

nested travel (i)

The arrangement of two or more energy chains with different bending radii or even different energy chains makes sense when using a variety of cables and hoses together. The energy chains are moved together by a common driver.

gliding arrangement (I)

If the free carrying length is exceeded, the energy chain changes into a gliding state. In this arrangement, use energy chains without pretension. A trough is required (see chapter troughs). Sliders increase the lifespan and can be replaced if necessary.

vertical travel (s)

Vertical travel arrangements are often installed in systems in which multiple linear axes are coupled. In this arrangement energy chains without pretension are used to prevent buckling of the energy chain. The weight of the lines and of the energy chain has to be placed and pushed by the straight part of the chain.

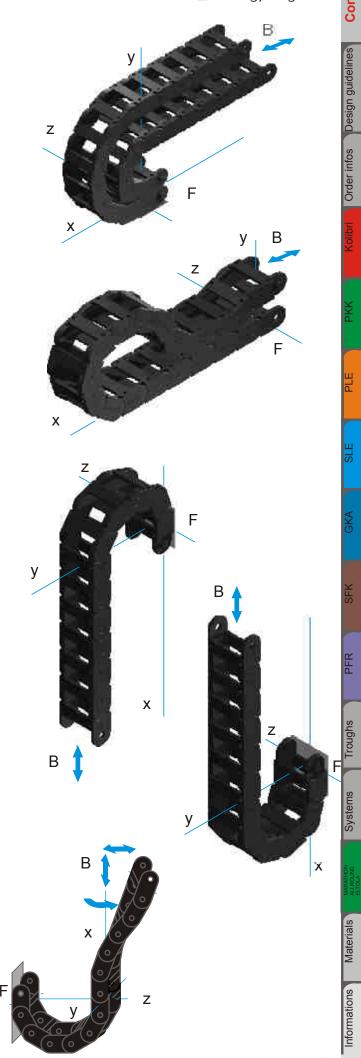
The energy chain should be arranged so that optional cross accelerations are in the y-direction and be caught by a supporting.

vertically hanging (h)

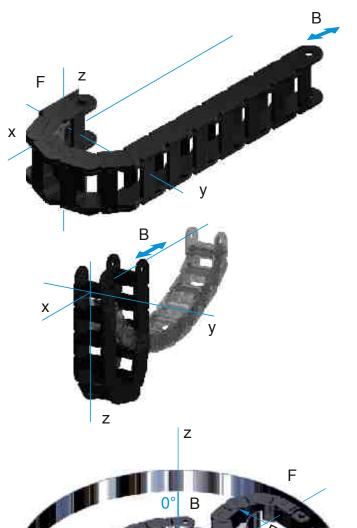
Elevators, high-bay stores and doors are typical applications for energy chains in vertically hanging arrangement. In this arrangement the energy chain is predominantly tensile stressed. Lateral acceleration should be layed if any, in the y-direction. Energy chains are without pretension.

hanging multiaxial (hm)

The energy chain ALLROUND provides the combination of linear and rotary motion.







ARRANGEMENTS

horizontal (w)

on the side

Energy chains are arranged horizontally lying on their side, for example, if the space does not allow a normal arrangement. In some cases, lying on its side provides an alternative for very long traverse at low speeds and strokes. In this application mainly chains without pretensionare

In general, suitable guide troughs and gliding discs or rollers are required.

driving apart (a)

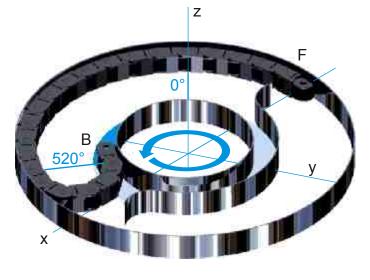
With energy chains moving apart the calculation of the energy chain length does not follow the usual pattern, but be adapted to the individual requirements of the application.

circle (k)

on the side

The circular motion is a special form of chain movement. For circle movement a part of the energy chain has to be manufactured with an opposite bending radius R2.

The outer radius R3 is derived from the link height, the bending radius of the energy chain R1 and the opposite radius R2.



This type of horizontal arrangement allows rotation up to 520°. A customized guide channel is required.

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For laying in energy chains only highly flexible cables with permissible bending radii and sufficient dynamic capacity suitable. The cables have to be laid twist free to move freely lengthwise. Cable on a reel should be unrolled in the reverse winding direction and placed in the extended state in the energy chain. For intermediate storage the lines are ideally laid out straight. The material relaxation occurs in this case facilitates a twist-free installation.

The distribution of the chain interior must prevent mutual interference between the wires with dividers or wrap clamping of different diameters safely, so that each line can move freely in the longitudinal direction (see design guidelines). In particular in the energy chain radius tensile stressed wires increase wear drastically and reduce the reliability. A fixation of the wires or a bundle of several lines using cable ties or the like within the energy chain can also cause damage.

Strain Relief

With long travel distances and high speeds the cables should be attached with strain relief only at the driver end. For free carrying energy chains recommend for aesthetic reasons, a strain relief on both ends. The distance of strain relief to the bending stressed area depends on the particulars of the line manufacturer. Hydraulic hoses have special needs.

Integrated strain relief

In this space-saving type the strain relief is directly attached to the plastic dividers (PZ) in the first link of the energy chain (note the mounting direction of PZ!).

In order to avoid premature line wear caused by dynamic loads, a small excess length of the chain is recommended.

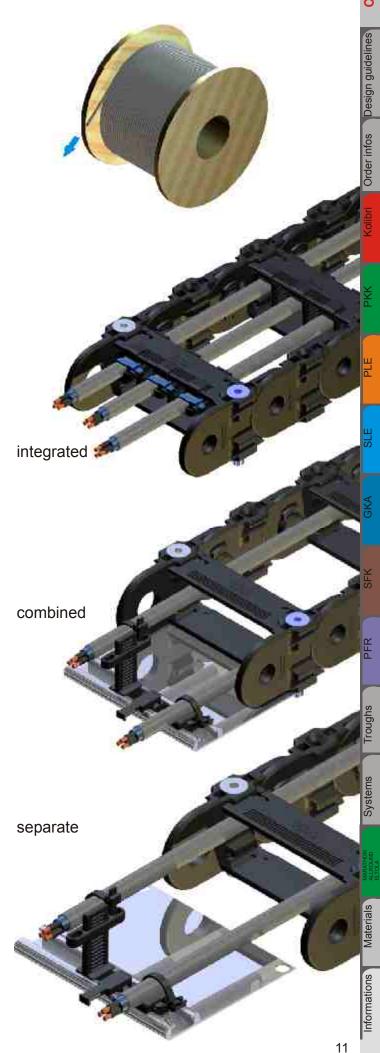
Combined strain relief

The combined strain relief combines the advantage of a sufficient distance from the bending line areas to the strain relief by the simple and space-saving installation of the integrated strain relief. The anchor profile is provided to the drilling dimensions of the energy chain and attached to the chain.

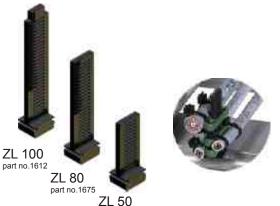
The lateral insertion and extraction of strain relief elements is through the C-profile.

Separate strain relief

The separate strain relief is recommended for high dynamic loads and large line diameters. A sufficient distance of the strain relief to the moved line areas and length compensations are easy to implement. In this variant the lateral insertion and extraction of the strain relief elements with no installation work on the cable carrier is possible.







part no.1273

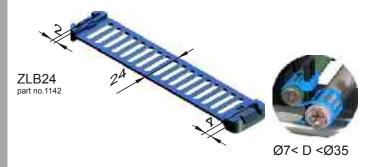
STRAIN RELIEF

anchor profile ZLP

The aluminum anchor profile is used to mount various strain relief elements. Both the distance to the energy chain as well as the positioning of the strain relief elements can be easilz designed. The length of the anchor profile and the drilling dimensions are determinded by the dimensions of the energy chain.

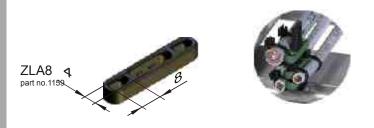
strain relief stay ZLS

The strain relief stay was developed for anchoring the blue ribbon and the cable anchor. The design of the strain relief stay is closely based on the plastic divider (PZ). It is installed laterally into the anchor profile or a commercially available C-profile and can add several strain relief elements through the stay.



blue ribbon ZLB 24

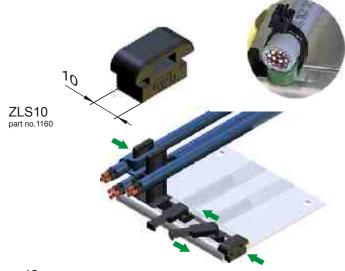
The Blue Ribbon is a special ekd cable tie with a 24 mm wide cable mounting. The Blue Ribbon can be locked on the strain relief stay or the plastic divider (2mm, 4mm). Cables with diameters of 7 mm up to 35 mm can be fixed single or multiple (s-shaped) with the Blue Ribbon.



cable anchor ZLA8

Connect the lines with standard cable ties to the cable anchor (single or double slide) and push on the plastic divider.

A multi-layer connection of wires with this is as easy possible, with the simple removal to carry out maintenance work.



sliding anchor ZLS 10

The line is mounted with commercially available cable ties at the sliding anchor which is inserted into the aluminum Cprofile. The simple movement of the sliding anchor provides a generous assembly space.

nformations

STRAIN RELIEF

horn stay ZHS 10

The horn stay ZHS10 is transversely inserted into the anchor profile and locked by a 90 ° rotation. It is therefore permently positioned in the anchor profile. The line is mounted with cable ties at the horn stay.

The horn stay HS 65 and HS 85 are components of the integrated strain relief for the rigid version of the chain series Kolibri. HS 55 and HS 75 are for the standard versions of the chain series Kolibri.

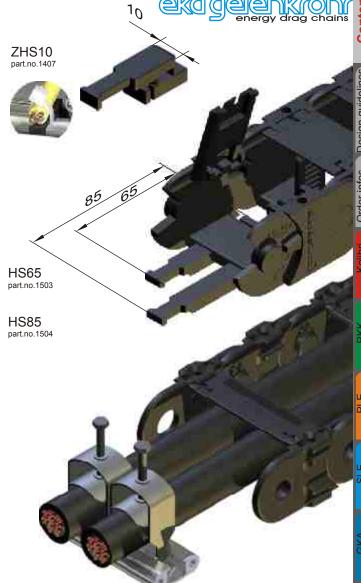
For the series PKK the horn stay HS 220 and HS 320 deliverable.

The horn stays are attached to the stay of the chain connecting link.

yoke clamps

Commercial yoke clamps can be used as a separate strain relief and are mounted with the aluminum C-profile of the SLE 520 or SLE 320 in front of the energy chain connectors.

As an integrated strain relief they are inserted directly into the first and last chain link of the SLE and PLE.



General operating and safety instructions

Energy chains are technical products which are designed and sized as part of an engineering-design according to a specific use. Dealing with this products in accordance with the generally recognized rules of operating and safety rules have to be followed in dealing with these products. Observe the accident prevention regulations. Additional requirements, such as when operating in hazardous areas are to take into account.

Proper use requires the observance of the dimension limits of the energy chains. The following experiences from practice shows errors can lead to significant functional impairment or demage of energy chains:

Improper handling of the energy chain for transport and assembly due to weight load of the energy chain, especially an unsupported application. Contamination from such items as coarse shavings can cause damage to zour lines.

If this can not be avoided in the operating in abrasive conditions such as abrasive dust entry or vibrations, so trough appropriate design and inspection intervals, particularly in unsupervised, automated operating systems to avoid unexpected machine failure.

ORDER INFORMATIONS

The order for ekd energy chain includes the following information:

The energy chain selection is based on the diameter and number of cables to be laid. A clearance of at least 10% for cable and 20% for hoses should be available. The choice of plastic or steel energy chain, and between open and closed design and operating conditions.

The radius is also dependent on the cables to be installed. Comply with the specifications of the manufacturer. 10 times the largest line diameter can be a general rule.

The length of the chain depends on the travel distance. The following formula can be used:

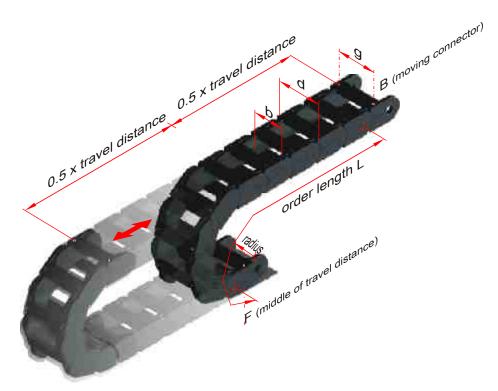
L = travel distance /2 + (4x radius) (round up to link pitch)

Kolibri, PKK and PLE energy chains can be supplied with additional connector links (see figure below).

The width of the chain depends on the number and dimension of the cables to be installed. With slow applications cables can be installed on top of one another, creating extra space.

ekd plastic energy chains with integrated connectors need no additional connector parts. In case of special connector constitutions the order text lists first the fixed connector then the moving connector

The arrangement is only to be stated in special cases.



order examples: energy chain	1	radius	X	length /	width / cor	nnectors (F/B)	arrangement	stay distribution
Kolibri 30.095.0	/	75	Χ	2170				
PKK 220	/	200	X	2340 /	200		"h"	;5 Pz, 1PT55
PLE 220	/	200	X	2325 /	200		"u"	;5 Pz, 1 Pt55
SLE 220	/	200	X	2325 /	200	- D/E		n.Z.
GKA 160	/	1000	X	8775 /	660	- D/E		n.Z.
SFK 32N	/	250	X	3000		- A/N	"h"	
PFR 223	/	200	X	3200		- K/K		
						02/2012		

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Kolibri 30.095.0 (standard type, pitch 35 mm), normal arrangement, bending radius R75, travel s = 3.680 m:

ORDER EXAMPLES

s/2+4R = 3.680mm/2+(4x75mm) = 2140mm 2140mm/35mm = 61.14 => 62 chain links 62x35mm = 2170mm = order length L

The energy chain is mounted via the integrated connector. An interior seperation is not necessary.

order text:

pos 1: 1 pcs. Kolibri 30.095.0 / 75 x 2170

PKK 220 bending radius R200, travel 3.00m, inner width 200 mm (stay length 200), the chain is assembled hanging, inner separation through 5 PZ (movable) and 1 PT 55 in every 2. chain link.

A strain relief of the lines has to be installed bilateral with anchor profile, strain relief stays, cable anchors and sliding anchors.

s/2+4R = 3.000mm/2+(4x200mm) = 2300mm 2300mm/65mm = 35.38 => 36 chain links 36 x 65mm = 2340mm = order length L

orderltext:

pos.1: 1 pcs. PKK 220 / 200 x 2340 / 200"h";5 PZ (mova-

ble), 1PT55, in every 2.link

pos.2: 2 pcs. ZLP 230 mit 7 ZLS 10, 2 ZL50, 2 ZLA8

separation:

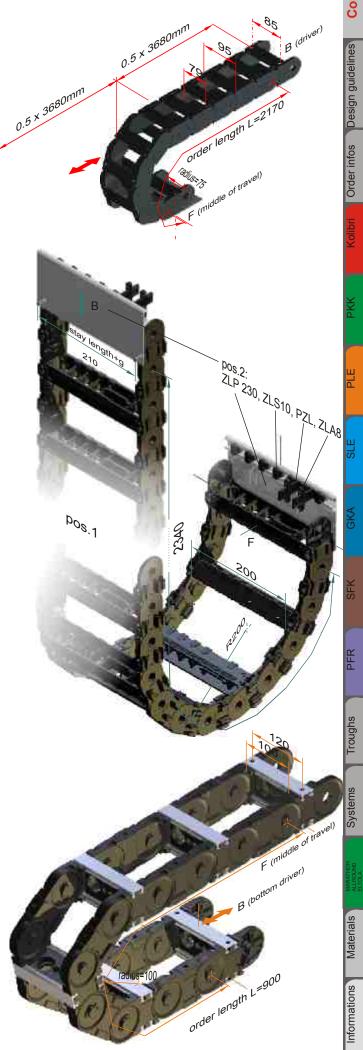


PLE 320 bending radius R100, travel 1.00m, inner width 100 mm (stay length 100), bottom driver, plastic inserts according to drawing no. xy in every chain link. A strain relief should be installed by the customer

s/2+4r = 1.000mm/2+(4x100mm) = 900mm 900mm/100mm = 9 => 9 chain links 9 x100mm = 900mm = order length L

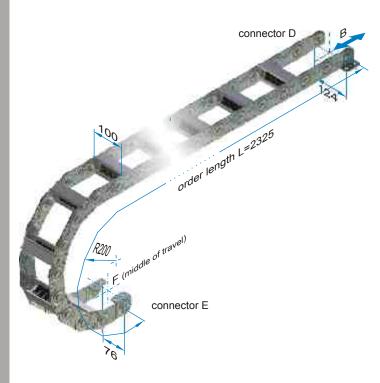
order text:

PLE 320 / 100 x 900 / 100 "u"; inserts acc. dwg. no.xy



Informations





ORDER EXAMPLES

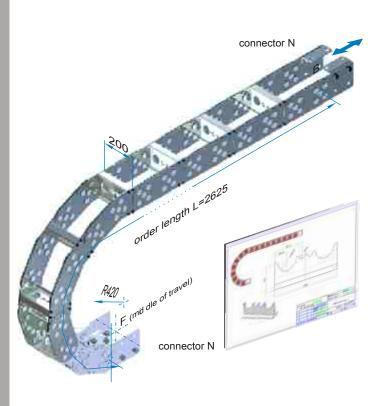
SLP 220 (SLE standard type with plastic inserts), pitch 75 mm, bending radius R200, travel s = 3.00m, inner width (=stay length) 100 mm, normal arrangement.

The energy chain is mounted via connector D and E. A separation is done by 5 PZ in every second chain link:

S/2+4R = 3.000mm/2+(4x200mm) = 2300mm 2300mm/75mm = 30.66 => 31 chain links 31x75mm = 2325mm = order length L

order text:

pos 1: 1 pcs. SLP220/200x2325/100-E/D;5 PZ



GKA 110 (GKA standard type with aluminium stays), pitch 175 mm, bending radius R420 (minimum polygon), travel s = 1.80 m, inner width (=stay length) 200 mm, normal arrangement.

The chain is mounted on both sides with connector N (connector N). Separation and adapted bending radius are according to drawing.

S/2+4R = 1800mm/2+(4x420mm) = 2580mm 2580mm/175mm = 14.74 => 15 chain links 15x175mm = 2625mm = order length L

order text:

GKA 110 /420x2625/200-N/N pos 1: 1 pcs. according to dwg. no. 0000/2009

For energy chains type GKA chooce the order length as uneven multiple of the pitch.

connector N

ORDER EXAMPLES

SFK 22H, bending radius R150, travel s = 3.00m, inner width 80 mm, inner height 56 mm, normal arrangement. The energy chain is mounted with connector N on both

S/2+4R = 3.000mm/2+(4x150mm) = 2100mm2100mm = order length L

order text:

pos 1: 1 pcs. SFK 22H/150x2100-N/N

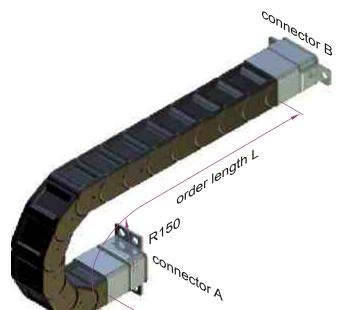
PFR 122, pitch 35 mm, bending radius R75mm, travel s = 0.31 m, inner width 38 mm, inner height 50 mm, normal arrangement.

The carrier is mounted via connector A and connector B.

S/2+4R = 310mm/2+(4x75mm) = 455mm455mm/35mm = 13 chain links 13x75mm = 455mm = order length L

order text:

pos 1: 1 pcs. PFR 122/75x455-A/B



connector L

R150

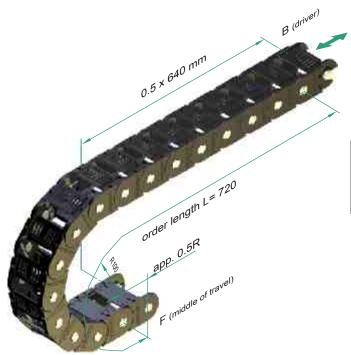
connector N

Kolibri 40.062.0 ELTOLA, pitch 45 mm, bending radius R100, travel $s = 0.64 \, \text{m}$, normal arrangement. The chain is mounted via the integrated connectors.

S/2+4R = 640mm/2+(4x100mm) = 720 mm720mm/45mm = 16 chain links 720mm = order length L

order text:

Kolibri 40.062.0/100x720 ELTOLA pos 1: 1 pcs.



Systems

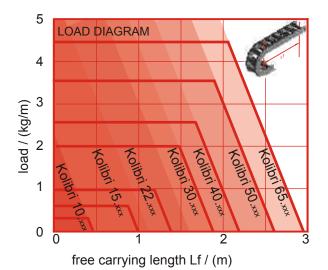


Kolibri

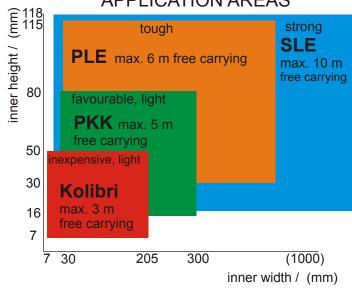
Kolibri applications	19)
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Kolibri height 10	23)
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closed +



APPLICATION AREAS



Kolibri CHARACTERISTICS

The inexpensive energy chain for light-weigth applications. The patented opening offers high rigid torsion behaviour and comfortable handling in one.

> easy access by flap stays extremely rigid and wear resistant unique separation with the pinch stay smallest dimensions

All ekd plastic energy chains are equipped with integrated connectors. Additional mounting parts are not needed.

Dimensions

bending radii:	15	to	300 mm
inner height:	7	to	50 mm
inner width:	7	to	205 mm
weight:	0.06	to	2.7 kg/m

Travel distance

The maximum travel distance is given by the arrangement and the load (weight of the lines). At normal arrangements the maximum travel distance is double the free carrying length. Support rollers or similar equipment may exceed this value.

In gliding arrangements travel distances up to 100 m are possible (according to the application).

For longer travels see chapter on design guidelines.

Travel speed

There are no limits for the travel speed in general. But with gliding arrangements application specific influences have to be taken into account.

Acceleration

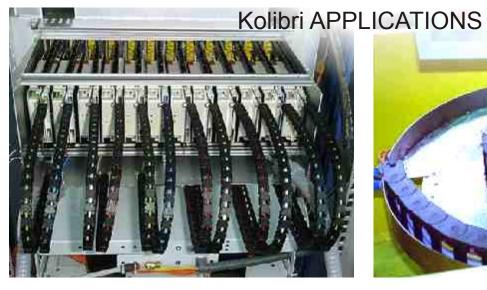
There are no limits for the accelerations, in general. Limits may occure through the tensile stresses at high line weights.

Temperatue

Long term temperature limits are between 100°C.

Special variants

ELTOLA	silent running
ALLROUND	all movements
ATEX	EX-protection
ESD	antistatic
V-0	self extinguishing









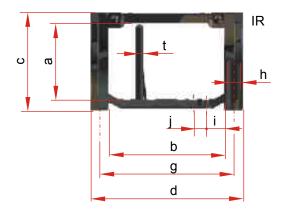




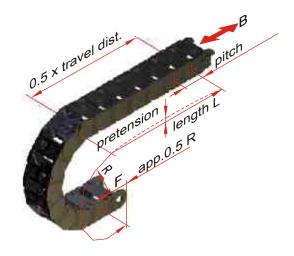








Kolibri DIMENSIONS



Kolibri			pitch				weight						
c . d .type	prev. name			а	b	С	d	g	h	i ¹⁾	j ¹⁾	t ²⁾	kg/m
10.012.4	00.3		15	Ø7		10	12	12	3	-	-	-	0.05
15.015 .3 .4	0	0.3	20	Ø	10	15	15	15	4	-	-	-	0.15
15.036 .5		02.5	18	10	25	15	36	30	4	-	-	-	0.30
15.037 .3	02		20	10	24	15	37	30	4	-	-	-	0.30
15.051. 0	03		20	10	39	15	51	44	4	-	-	-	0.35
22.025.4	04.3		30	17	15	22	25	19,4	4	-	-	-	0.20
22.038 .0	05.0		26	17	27	22	38	32.5	4	8	10	2	0.34
22.048 .0	06		30	17	36	22	48	41	4	13	10	2	0.37
22.060 .5		07.5	26	16	48	22	60	54	4	9,5	10	2	0.54
30.030 .3	1		40	24	18	30	30	23	4	-	-	-	0.50
30.050 .0 .1 .5	10.0	10.5	35	23	34	30	50	40	5	9,5	5	3 ²⁾	0.54
30.060 .0 .1	11.0		35	23	44	30	60	50	5	9,5	5	3	0.61
30.080 .0 .1 .2 .4 .5	12.0	12.5	35	23	64	30	80	70	5	9,5	5	3 ²⁾	0.65
30.095 .0 .1	13.0		35	23	79	30	95	85	5	12	5	3	0.75
30.125 .0 .1	14.0		35	23	109	30	125	115	5	12	5	3	0.87
40.062 .2 .5		15.5	45	31	48	40	62	54	5	8	10	4	0.91
40.075 .2			45	31	60	40	75	67	5	8	10	4	1.05
50.065 .0 .5	21.0	21.5	55	40	48	50	65	55	6	9	9	2	1.30
50.095 .0 .1 .2 .5	19.0	19.5	55	40	78	50	95	85	6	6,5	5	2	1.35
50.125 .0	22.0		55	40	108	50	125	115	6	6,5	5	3	1.52
50.150 .0 .1 .5	20.0	20.5	55	40	133	50	150	140	6	6,5	5	3	1.90
65.095 .1 .5		24.5	70	50	77	65	95	85	6	13,5	10	4	2.20
65.135 .1 .5		25.5	70	50	117	65	135	125	6	13,5	10	4	2.60
65.195 .1 .5		27.5	70	50	177	65	195	185	6	13,5	10	4	3.00
65.225 .0	29.0		70	50	205	65	225	215	6	17,5	5	4	2.71

1) not Kolibri *.2

2) for Kolibri *.2 is t=4 for Kolibri *.5 is t=2

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Kolibri 00.000.0 Kolibri 00.000.1 standard type flap open bars in inner radius separable with pinch stay integrated connector

openable in outer radius flap open bars in outer radius separable with pinch stay integrated connector

Kolibri 00.000.2 rigid version flap open bars in inner radius separable with PZ integrated connector

Kolibri 00.000.3 one part chain links not openable not separable integrated connector



Kolibri 00.000.4 film stay film stay in inner radius not separable (integrated connector) Kolibri 00.000.5 closed type flap open covers in outer radius separable with pinch stay integrated connector

Kolibri														
c .d.type	prev. na	me	radius											
10.012.4	00.3		15	30	50									
15.015 .3 .4	0	0.3	17,5 ²⁾ 20	30										
15.036 .5		02.5		30	50									
15.037 .3	02		20											
15.051. 0	03		20	30										
22.025 .4	04.3			35		70)	100						
22.038 .0	05.0			35	50	70)	100						
22.048 .0	06			35		70)							
22.060 .5		07.5			50	70)	100						
30.030 .3	1			40)			100				200		
30.050 .0 .1 .5	10.0	10.5		40	O ¹⁾ 6	0	75	100		150		200		
30.060 .0 .1	11.0			40	50		75	100		150		200		
30.080 .0 .1 .2 .4 .5	12.0	12.5		40	O ¹⁾ 6	04)	75	100		150		200		
30.095 .0 .1	13.0			40)		75	100	125	150		200		
30.125 .0.1	14.0			40)		75	100		150		200		
40.062 .2 .5	15.0	15.5			6	01)	75	100		150		200		
40.075 .2	16.0				6	0	75	100		150		200		
50.065 .0 .5	21.0	21.5					75 ¹⁾	100	125 ¹⁾	150		200	250	
50.095 .0 .1 .2 .5	19.0	19.5					75 ¹⁾	100	125 ¹⁾	150	175 ¹⁾	200	250	
50.125 .0	22.0						75	100		150		200	250	
50.150 .0 .5	20.0	20.5					75 ¹⁾	100		150		200	250	
65.095 .1 .5	24.1	24.5							125	150		200		300
65.135 .1 .5		25.5							125	150		200		300 ³⁾
65.195 .1 .5		27.5							125	150		200		300
65.225 .0	29.0							100	125	150		200		300

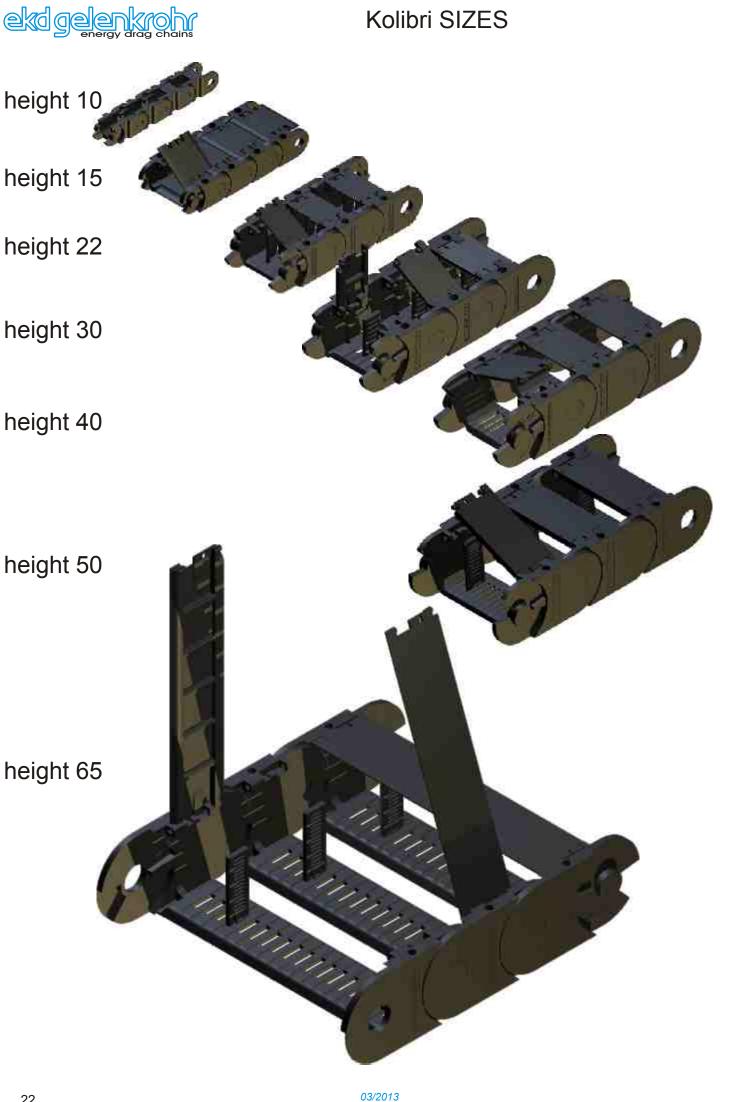
1) not Kolibri xx.xxx.5

2) only Kolibri 15.015.3

3) additional R400

4)only Kolibri 30.080.5





Informations

Kolibri HEIGHT 10

inner height 7, inner width 7

Kolibri 10.012.4

one part link

film stay in inner radius

integrated connector or separate connectors space (axb): Ø7 not separable

15 / 30 / 50 bend radius: weight: 0,05 kg/m

free carrying length: 0.4 m at 0.3 kg/m load

pitch: 15

order example:

Kolibri 10.012.4 / 50 x 1005

type / radius x length



Systems

Informations





Kolibri HEIGHT 15

inner height 10, inner width 10 to 39

Kolibri 15.015.3

one part chain link not openable

connector as separate part *(part.no. 0700)* space (axb): Ø10 not separable

bend radius: 17.5 / 20 / 30 weight: 0.15 kg/m

free carrying length: 0,9.m at 0.9 kg/m load

pitch: 20

order example:

Kolibri 15.015.3 / 30 x 1000

type / radius x length

Kolibri 15.015.4

one part chain link film-stay in inner radius

connector as separate part (see Kolibri 15.015.3) space (axb): Ø10 not separable

bend radius: 20 / 30

weight: 0.15 kg/m

free carrying length: 0.9 m at 0.9 kg/m load

pitch: 20

order example:

Kolibri 15.015.4 / 30 x 1000

type / radius x length

Kolibri 15.036.5

closed type

flap covers in outer radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 10 x 25 not separable

bend radius: 30 / 50

weight: 0.3 kg/m

free carrying length: 0.9m at 0.9 kg/m load

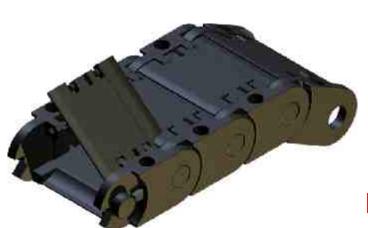
pitch: 18

order example:

Kolibri 15.036.5 / 30 x 1008

type / radius x length





Systems

Materials

Kolibri HEIGHT 15

inner height 10, inner width 10 to 39

Kolibri 15.037.3

one part chain link not openable

integrated connectors

space (axb): 10 x 24 not separable

bend radius: 20.30

weight: 0.3 kg/m

free carrying length: 0.9 at 0.9 kg/m load

pitch: 20

order example:

Kolibri 15.037.3 / 20 x 1000

type / radius x length

Kolibri 15.051.0

standard type flap stay in inner radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 10 x 39 not separable

bend radius: 20 / 30 0.35 weight: kg/m

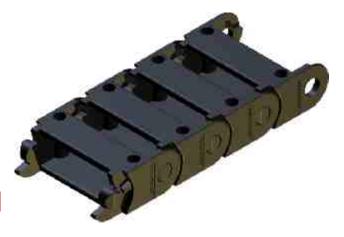
free carrying length: 0.9 m at 0.9 kg/m load

20 pitch:

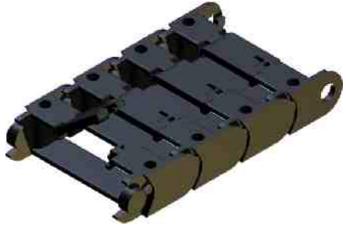
order example:

Kolibri 15.051.0 / 30 x 1000

type / radius x length



max. 9



Troughs









Kolibri HEIGHT 22

inner height 16 to 22, inner width 15 to 48

Kolibri 22.025.4

one part chain link

film stay

integrated connectors

space (axb): 17 x 15 not separable

bend radius: 35 / 70 / 100 weight: 0.20 kg/m

free carrying length: 1.3 m at 1.5 kg/m load

pitch: 30

order example:

Kolibri 22.025.4 / 35 x 1020

type / radius x length



standard type

flap stay in inner radius integrieated connectors

17 x 27 separable (PZ ANr.1688) space (axb):

35 / 50 /70 / 100 bend radius: 0.34 weight: kg/m

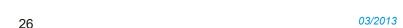
free carrying length: 1.5 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch: 26

order example:

Kolibri 22.038.0 / 35 x 1040

type / radius x length



Systems

Materials

Kolibri HEIGHT 22

inner height 16 to 22, inner width 15 to 48

Kolibri 22.048.0

open type flap stay in inner radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 17 x 36 not separable

bend radius: 35 / 70 weight: 0.37 kg/m

free carrying length: 1.3 m at 1.5 kg/m load

30 pitch:

order example:

Kolibri 22.048.0 / 35 x 1200

type / radius x length

Kolibri 22.060.5

closed type flap stay in outer radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 16 x 48 separable (PZ ANr.1294)

bend radius: 50 / 70 / 100 weight: 0.54 kg/m

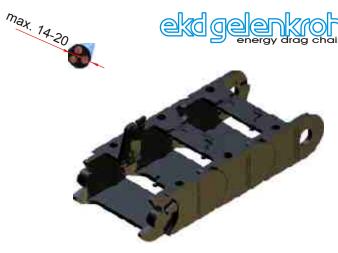
free carrying length: 1.3 m at 1.5 kg/m load

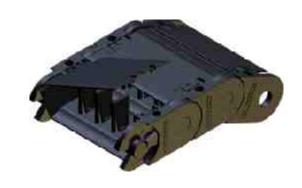
pitch: 26

order example:

Kolibri 22.060.5 / 100 x 1014

/ radius x length type





Systems









Kolibri 30.030.3

Kolibri HEIGHT 30

one part chain link not openable

integrated connectors

24 x 18 not separable space (axb): bend radius: 40 / 100 / 200 weiaht: 0.50 ka/m

1.5 m at 2.0 kg/m load free carrying length:

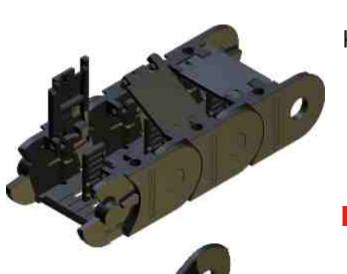
inner height 23 to 24, inner width 18 to 109

pitch: 40

order example:

Kolibri 30.030.0 / 100 x 1200

type / radius x length



Kolibri 30.050.0

standard type flap stay in inner radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 23 x 34 separable (PZ ANr.1258) bend radius: 40 / 60 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200

weight: 0.54 kg/m

free carrying length: 1.5 m at 2.0 kg/m load

pitch: 35

order example:

Kolibri 30.050.0 / 100 x 1225

type / radius x length



open type

flap stay in outer radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 23 x 34 separable (PZ ANr.1258) 40 / 60 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200 bend radius:

weight: 0.54 kg/m

free carrying length: 1.5 m at 2.0 kg/m load

pitch: 35

order example:

Kolibri 30.050.1 / 100 x 1225

/ radius x length type



closed type

flap covers in outer radius integrated connectors

23 x 34 separable (PZ ANr.1017) space (axb):

60 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200 bend radius:

weight: 0.58 kg/m

at 2.0 kg/m load free carrying length: 1.5 m

pitch: 35

order example:

Kolibri 30.050.5 / 100 x 1225

type / radius x length

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inner height 23 to 24, inner width 18 to 109

Kolibri 30.060.0

standard type flap stay in inner radius integrated connectors

23 x 44 separable (PZ ANr.1258) space (axb): bend radius: 40 / 50 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200

0.61 weiaht: kg/m

free carrying length: 1.5 m at 2.0 kg/m load

pitch: 35

order example:

Kolibri 30.060.0 / 100 x 1225

/ radius x length type

Kolibri 30.060.1

open type

flap stay in outer radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 23 x 44 separable (PZ ANr.1258)

bend radius: 40 / 50 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200

weight: 0.61 kg/m

free carrying length: 1.5 m at 2.0 kg/m load

pitch: 35

order example:

Kolibri 30.060.1 / 100 x 1225

type / radius x length

Kolibri 30.080.0

standard type flap stay in inner radius

integrated connectors

23 x 64 separable (PZ ANr.1258) space (axb): 40 / 50 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200 bend radius:

weight: 0.65 kg/m

1.5 m free carrying length: at 2.0 kg/m load

35 pitch:

order example:

Kolibri 30.080.0 / 100 x 1225

/ radius x length type

Kolibri 30.080.1

open type

flap stay in inner radius integrated connectors

23 x 64 separable (PZ ANr.1258) space (axb):

40 / 50 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200 bend radius:

weight: 0.65 kg/m

free carrying length: 1.5 m at 2.0 kg/m load

pitch: 35

order example:

Kolibri 30.080.1 / 100 x 1225

/ radius x length











inner height 23 to 24, inner width 18 to 109

Kolibri 30.080.2

rigid type flap stay in inner radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 21 x 64 not separable bend radius: 40 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200

weight: 0.7 kg/m

free carrying length: 1.5 m at 2.0 kg/m load

pitch: 35

order example:

Kolibri 30.080.2 / 100 x 1225

type / radius x length



Kolibri 30.080.4

one part chain link lining without assembly integrated connectors

space (axb): 21 x 64 not separable bend radius: 40 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200

weight: 0.65 kg/m

free carrying length: 1.5 m at 2.0 kg/m load

pitch: 35

order example:

Kolibri 30.080.4 / 100 x 1225

type / radius x length



Kolibri 30.080.5

closed type flap covers in outer radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 23 x 64 separable (PZ ANr.1017)

bend radius: 60 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200

weight: 0.7 kg/m

free carrying length: 1.5 m at 2.0 kg/m load

pitch: 35

order example:

Kolibri 30.080.5 / 100 x 1225

type / radius x length

inner height 23 to 24, inner width 18 to 109

Kolibri 30.095.0

standard type flap stays in inner radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 23 x 79 separable (PZ ANr.1258) bend radius: 40 / 75 / 100 / 125 / 150 / 200

weight: 0.75 kg/m

free carrying length: 1.5 m at 2.0 kg/m load

pitch: 35

order example:

Kolibri 30.095.0 / 100 x 1225

type / radius x length

Kolibri 30.095.1

open type flap stays in outer radius

integrated connectors space (axb): 23 x 79 separable (PZ ANr.1258)

bend radius: 40 / 75 / 100 / 125 / 150 / 200

weight: 0.75 kg/m

free carrying length: 1.5 m at 2.0 kg/m load

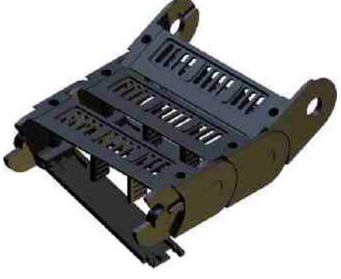
pitch: 35

order example:

Kolibri 30.095.1 / 100 x 1225

type / radius x length



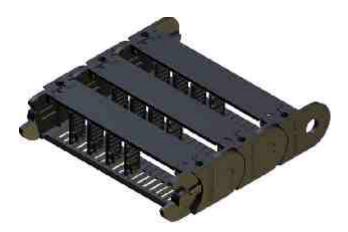




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32







Kolibri HEIGHT 30

inner height 23 to 24, inner width 18 to 109

Kolibri 30.125.0

standard type flap stay in inner radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 23 x 109 separable (PZ ANr.1258)

bend radius: 40 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200

weight: 0.87 kg/m

free carrying: 1.5 m at 2.0 kg/m load

pitch: 35

order example:

Kolibri 30.125.0 / 100 x 1225

type / radius x length

Kolibri 30.125.1

open type

flap stay in outer radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 23 x 109 separable (PZ ANr.1258)

40 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200 bend radius:

weight: 0.87 kg/m

free carrying: 1.5 m at 2.0 kg/m load

pitch: 35

order example:

Kolibri 30.125.1 / 100 x 1225

/ radius x length type





Kolibri 40.062.2

rigid type

flap stay in inner radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 31 x 48 separable ((PZ ANr.1521))

bend radius: 60 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200

weight: 0.91 kg/m

free carrying length: 2.0 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch: 45

order example:

Kolibri 40.062.2 / 100 x 1260

type / radius x length

Kolibri 40.062.5

closed type

flap covers in outer radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 31 x 48 separable ((PZ ANr.1268))

bend radius: 75 / 100 / 150 / 200

weight: 0.93 kg/m

free carrying length: 2.0 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch: 45

order example:

Kolibri 40.062.5 / 100 x 1260

type / radius x length





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Order infos Design guidelines

Kolibri

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inner height 31, inner width 48 to 60

Kolibri 40.075.2

rigid type

flap stay in inner radius integrated connnectors

space (axb): 29 x 60 separable (PZ ANr.1521)

bend radius: 60 / 75 / 100 / 150 / 200

weight: 1.05 kg/m

free carrying length: 2.0 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch: 45

order example:

Kolibri 40.075.2 / 100 x 1260

type / radius x length

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nformations

Kolibri HEIGHT 50

inner height 38 to 40, inner width 48 to 134

Kolibri 50.065.0

standard type

flap stay in inner radius integrated connnectors

40 x 48 separable (PZ ANr.1113) space (axb): bend radius: 75 /100 /125 /150 / 200 /250

1.30 weight: kg/m

free carrying: 2.4 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch: 55

order example:

Kolibri 50.065.0 / 100 x 1265

/ radius x length type

Kolibri 50.065.5

colsed type

flap covers in outer radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 40 x 48 separable (PZ ANr. 1113)

bend radius: 100 / 150 / 200 / 250

1.30 weight: kg/m

free carrying length: 2.4 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch: 55

order example:

Kolibri 50.065.5 / 100 x 1265

type / radius x length

Kolibri 50.095.0 50.095.1

standard type

flap stay in inner radius flap stay in outer radius

integrated connectors

space (axb): 40 x 78 separable (PZ ANr.1113) bend radius: 75/100/ 125/ 150/ 175/ 200/ 250

weight: 1.35 kg/m

2.4 m free carrying length: at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch: 55

order example:

Kolibri 50.095.0 / 100 x 1265

/ radius x length type

Kolibri 50.095.2

rigid type

flap stay in inner radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 38 x 78 separable (PZ ANr.1451) 75/100/ 125/ 150/ 175/ 200/ 250 bend radius:

weight: 1.40 kg/m

free carrying length: 2.4 m at 1.0 kg/m load

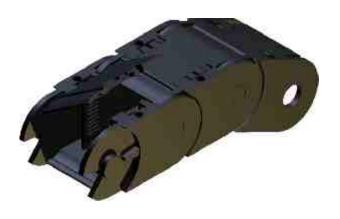
pitch: 55

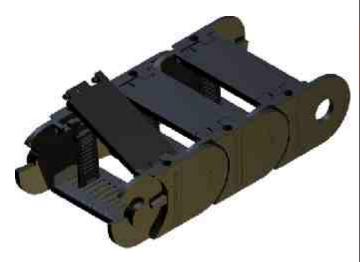
order example:

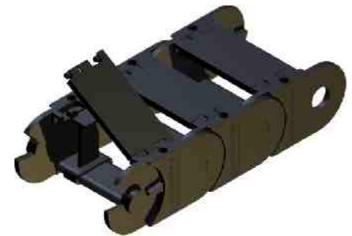
Kolibri 50.095.2 / 100 x 1265

/ radius x length











inner height 38 to 40, inner width 48 to 134

Kolibri 50.095.5

closedd type flap stay in outer radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 40 x 78 separable (PZ ANr.1113) bend radius: 75/100/ 125/ 150/ 175/ 200/ 250

weiaht: 1.40 ka/m

free carrying length: 2.4 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch: 55

order example:

Kolibri 50.095.5 / 100 x 1265

type / radius x length

Kolibri 50.125.0

standard type flap stay in inner radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 40 x 108 separable (PZ ANr.1326)

bend radius: 75 / 100 / 150 / 200 / 250

weight: 1.52 kg/m

free carrying length: 2.4 m at 1.0 kg/m load

55 pitch:

order example:

Kolibri 50.125.0 / 100 x 1265

type / radius x length



Kolibri 50.150.0 50.150.1

standard type

flap stay in inner radius flap stay in outer radius

integrated connectors

space (axb): 40 x 133 separable (PZ ANr.1326)

75 / 100 / 150 / 200 / 250 bend radius:

weight: 1.90 kg/m

free carrying length: 2.4 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch: 55

order example:

Kolibri 50.150.0 / 100 x 1265

/ radius x length type



closed type flap stay in outer radius

integrated connectors

space (axb): 40 x 133 separable (PZ ANr.1113)

75 / 100 / 150 / 200 / 250 Bibend radius:

weight: 1.90 kg/m

at 1.0 kg/m load free carrying length: 2.4 m

pitch: 55

order example:

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Kolibri 50.150.5 / 100 x 1265

type / radius x length



nformations

Kolibri HEIGHT 65

inner height 50, inner width 77 to 205

Kolibri 65.095.1

open type

flap stay in outer radius integrated connectors

50 x 77 separable (PZ ANr. 1129) space (axb):

bend radius: 125 / 150 / 200 / 300

weight: 2.2 kg/m

free carrying length: 2.75 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch:

order example:

Kolibri 65.095.1 / 100 x 1400

/ radius x length type

Kolibri 65.095.5

closed type

flap cover in outer radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 50 x 77 separable (PZ ANr.1129)

125 / 150 / 200 / 300 bend radius: weight: 2.2 kg/m

free carrying length: 2.75 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch: 70

order example:

Kolibri 65.095.5 / 100 x 1400

type / radius x length

Kolibri 65.135.1

open type

flap stay in outer radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 50 x 117 separable (PZ ANr.1129)

bend radius: 125 / 150 / 200 / 300 / 400

weight: 2.6 kg/m

free carrying length: 2.75 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch:

order example:

Kolibri 65.135.1 / 100 x 1400

/ radius x length type

Kolibri 65.135.5

closed type

flap cover in outer radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 50 x 117 separable (PZ ANr.1129)

125 / 150 / 200 / 300 / 400 bend radius:

weight: 2.7 kg/m

free carrying length: 2.75 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch: 70

order example:

Kolibri 65.135.1 / 100 x 1400

type / radius x length









Informations





ekd gelenkrohr energy drag chains

Kolibri HEIGHT 65

inner height 50, inner width 77 to 205

Kolibri 65.195.1

open type flap stay in outer radius integrated connectors

50 x 177 separable (PZ ANr.1129) space (axb):

bend radius: 125 / 150 / 200 / 300 weiaht: 2.9 kg/m

free carrying length: 2.75 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch:

order example:

Kolibri 65.195.1 / 100 x 1400

type / radius x length

Kolibri 65.195.5

closed type flap cover in outer radius integrated connectors

space (axb): 50 x 177 separable (PZ ANr.1129)

bend radius: 125 / 150 / 200 / 300 weight: 3.0 kg/m

free carrying length: 2.75 m at 1.0 kg/m load

pitch: 70

order example:

Kolibri 65.195.5 / 100 x 1400

type / radius x length



standard type flap stay in inner radius integrated connectors

space (axb): **50 x 205 separable** (PZ ANr.1129) 100 / 125 / 150 / 200 / 300 bend radius:

weight: 2.71 kg/m

free carrying: 2.75 m at 1.0 kg/m load

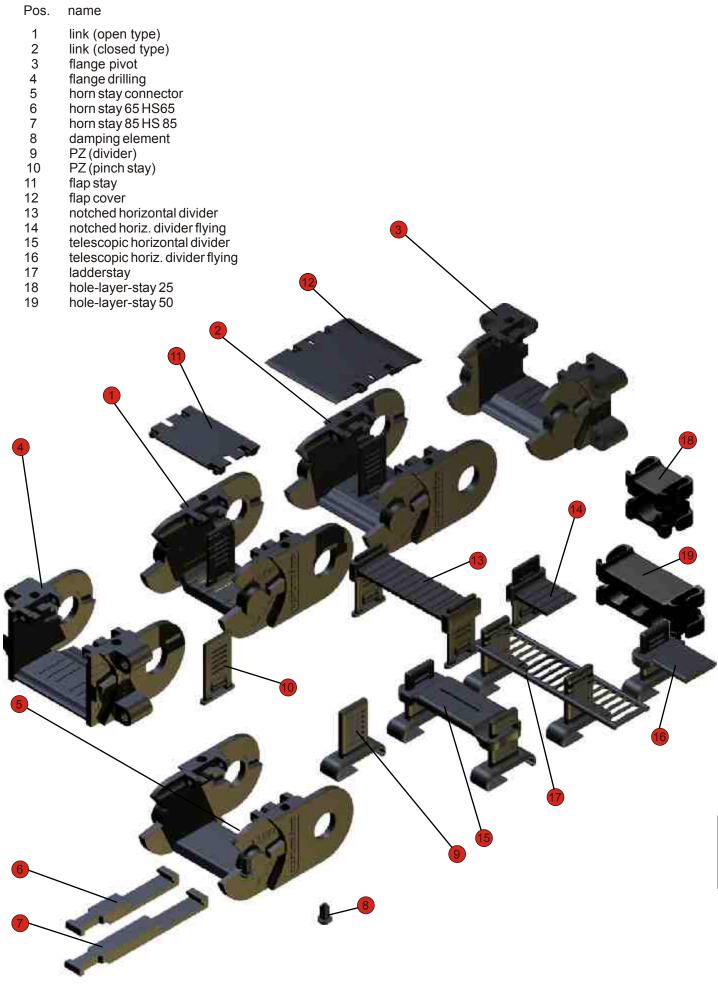
pitch:

order example:

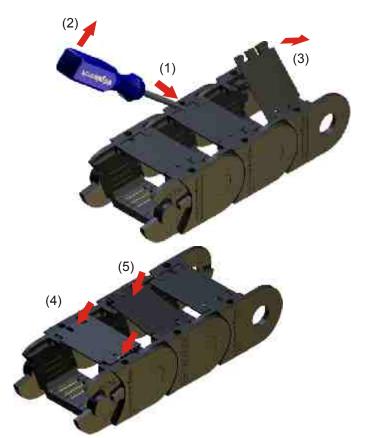
Kolibri 65.225.0 / 100 x 1400

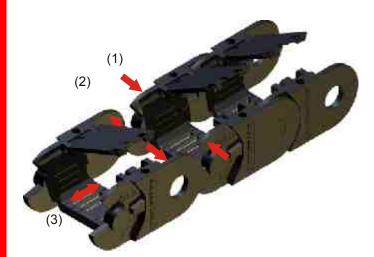
/ radius x length type

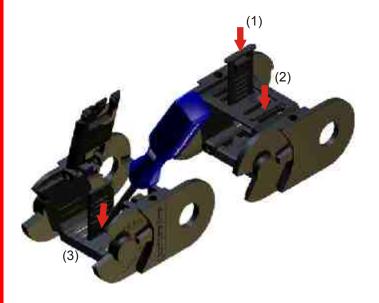












Kolibri ASSEMBLY

Opening and closing

Push a screwdriver as shown in the the slot (1) then with a light lever movement (2) raise the tongue and push the locking pins of the flap stay (or the flap cover) out of the drilling. The flap stay can then be lifted (3). To remove the flap stay the second side has to be unlocked and the stay has to be pushed out against the direction of the cones.

The installation of the flap stays and flap covers are snapped in a slight angle with the pins against the corresponding drillings (4) and with slight pressure against the locking

Lifted flap stays can be re-engaged (5) with slight pressure.

Lengthening and shortening

To lengthen or shorten the flap stays have to be opened. The walls with pivot pins are to press internally (1) and the walls with the holes are to press toward the outside (2). The chain links can be pushed together (3), or be pulled apart.

Installation of the flap stays

The assembly of the flap stays can take place before or after cable lining. Therefore energy chain does not need to be opened. The flap stays are inserted from the outside chain link floor until snap (1), (2). The dismantling of the stays is done by unlocking the tongue and pushing out (3).

Assembly of horizontal dividers

The horizontal dividers (notched, telescopic and ladderstay) are horizontally slid onto the vertical dividers (PZ) (1).

With a screwdriver the locking tongue can be mounted (2) and horizontal dividers disassembled (3).

Mounting the energy chain and strain relief

Before mounting the energy chain horn stays may be assembled which can be used to fix the lines via cable ties. For most applications variable strain relief is recommended, to mount the anchor profile with the energy chain usingt the integrated connector. (1), (2).

It is also possible to attach the anchor profile as a separate strain relief. The anchor profile is suitable for various strain relief components (see design guidelines).

When using the rigid type (00.000.2) as the final link the respective strain relief components are clipped onto the stay (1). Then the energy chain can be attached through the integrated connectors (2).

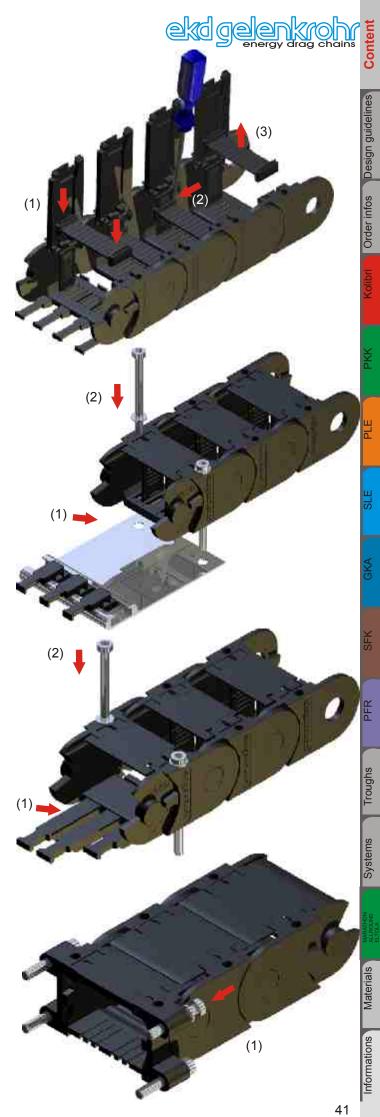
The cables can then be fixed using cable ties with the horn stays (HS 65 and HS 85).

Alternatively, it is possible to mount the cable chains with flush mountig flange type brackets (1).

Maintenance of the energy chain

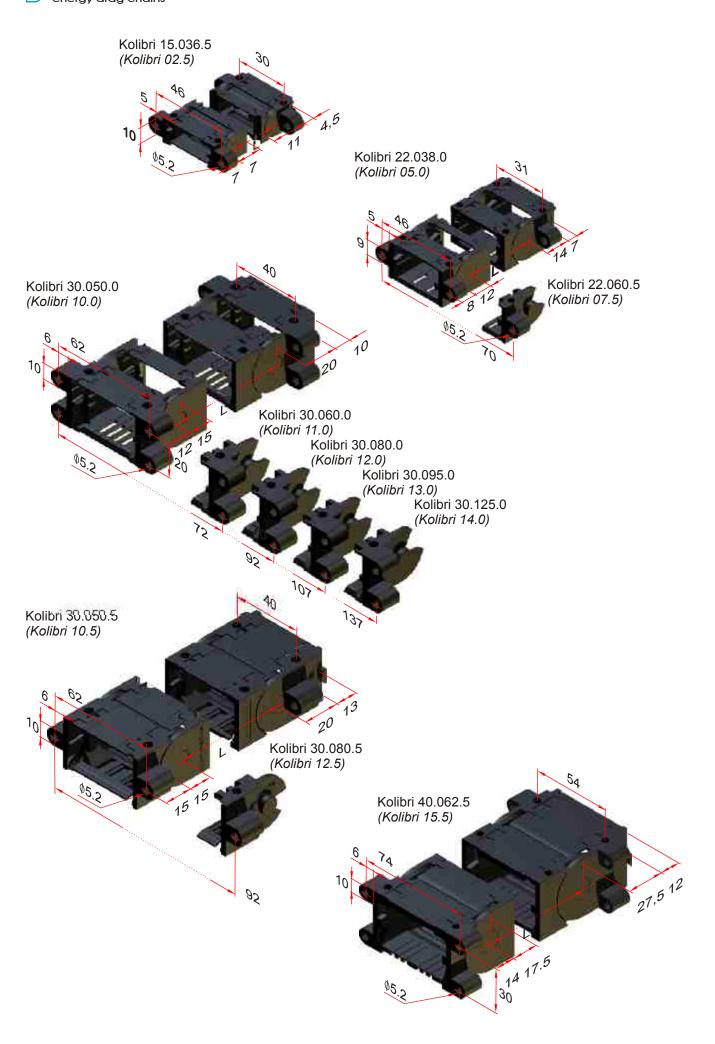
Kolibri energy chains are maintenance free. Like every mechanical system there will - depending on the ambient conditions - wear which must be observed.

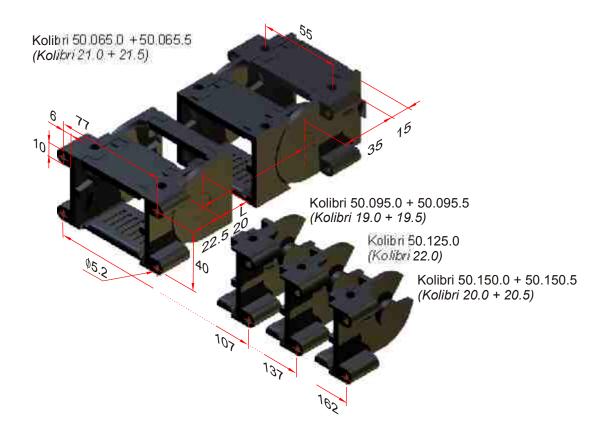
In case of this the energy chainspace has to be exchanged.

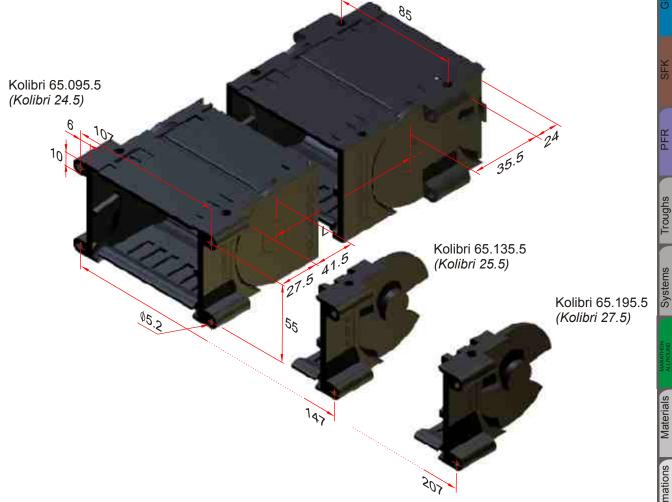




Kolibri MOUNTING BRACKETS







ekd gelenkrohr

Kolibri PART NUMBERS







	1		1					5	3	10	3		0	2	59		
Kolibri		0.000.0			000 .1		00.000.	2	00.	000.3		00.000).4	0	0.000 .5		
Radius 15 17.5		iece go	35	40	n-coil) 50	60	70	75	100	125	150	175	200	250	300	400	
10.012.4 (00.3)1089 -	-	1090	-	-	1091	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.015.3 <i>(0)</i> - 1056	0435	0029	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.015.4 (0.3)	1116	1060	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.036.5 (02.5)	-	1156	-	-	1157	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.037.3 (02)	1862	1861	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.051.0 (03)	0844	0845	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22.025.4 (04.3) -	-	-	0981	-	-	-	0982	-	0983	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22.038.0 (05.0)	-	-	1686	-	1685	-	1684	-	1683	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22.048.0 (06) -	_	_	0840	_	-	_	0841	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	
22.060.5 (07.5)	_	_	-	_	1259	_	1260	_	1261	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	
(5.1.5)					_50		_30										
30.030.3 (1) -	_	_	_	0457	-	_	_	_	0004	_	_	_	0005	-	_	_	
30.050.0 (10.0)		_	-	1224	_	1430	_	1225	1222	_	1226	_	1223	-		_	
30.050.0 (10.0) -	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_		
30.050.5 (10.5)	-	_		-	-	1002	-	1010	1008	-	1011	-	1004	-			
	-	-	-												_	-	
30.060.0 (11.0) -	-	-	-	1229	1377	-	-	1230	1227	-	1231	-	1228	-	-	-	
30.060.1 (11.1) -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.080.0 (12.0) -	-	-	-	1235	-	-	-	1236	1232	-	1233	-	1234	-	-	-	
30.080.1 (12.1) -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.080.2 (12.2) -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1394	1621	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.080.4 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.080.5 (12.5) -	-	-	-	-	-	1798	-	-	1795	-	1796	-	1797	-	-	-	
30.095.0 (13.0) -	-	-	-	1239	-	-	-	1240	1352	1324	1241	-	1238	-	-	-	
30.095.1 (13.1) -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.125.0 (14.0) -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.125.1 <i>(14.1)</i> -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
40.062.2 (15.0) -	-	-	-	-	-	1489	-	1490	1491	-	1492	-	1493	-	-	-	
40.062.5 (15.5) -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1152	1163	-	1154	-	1155	-	-	-	
40.075.2 (16.0) -	-	-	-	-	-	1484	-	1485	1486	-	1487	-	1488	-	-	-	
50.065.0 (21.0) -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0971	0972	1256	0973	-	0974	0975	-	-	
50.065.5 (21.5) -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1005	-	1006	-	1007	1008	-	-	
50.095.0 (19.0) -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1138	1148	1431	1139	1325	1140	1141	-	-	
50.095.2 (19.2) -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1619	1644	1483	1370	-	-	-	-	-	
50.095.5 (19.5) -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1012	-	1013	-	1014	1016	-	-	
50.125.0 (22.0) -	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	1292	1288	-	1289	_	1290	1291	_	_	
50.150.0 (20.0)	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	1287	1283	_	1284	-	1285	1286	-	_	
50.150.5 (20.5)	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	1061	_	1062	_	1063	1064	_	_	
									. 551		. 552		.000	.004			
65.095.1 (24.1) -	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
65.095.5 (24.5)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1084	1085	_	1086	_	1087	_	
65.135.1 <i>(25.1)</i> -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1076	1077	-	1070	-	1070	1750	
65.135.5 (25.5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1076	1077	-	1078	-	1079	1752	
65.195.1 (27.1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
65.195.5 (27.5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1080	1081	-	1082	-	1083	-	
65.225.0 <i>(29.0)</i> -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1356	1359	1357	-	1358	-	1360	-	

Kolibri PART NUMBERS



	11	12		(1	9		9					
Kolibri		stay thickness	2 mm	3 mm	2 mm	2 mm	4 mm	2 mm	3 mm	4 mm	4 mm	
Kolibii												
40.040.4												
10.012.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.015.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.015.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.036.5		1708	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.037.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.051.0	1707	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22.025.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22.038.0	1687	-	1688		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22.048.0	1707	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22.060.5	-	1709	1294	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.030.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.050.0	1698	-	-	1258	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.050.1	1698	-	-	1258	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.050.5	-	1710	-	-	1017	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.060.0	1697	-	-	1258	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.060.1	1697	-	_	1258	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	
30.080.0	1695	-	-	1258	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	
30.080.1	1695	_	_	1258	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
30.080.2	1695	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.080.4	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
30.080.5	-	-	-	-	1017	_	_	-	_	_	_	
30.095.0	1696		_	1258	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
30.095.1	1696	-										
30.125.0		-	-	1258	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	1706	-	-	1258	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.125.1	1706	-	-	1258	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
40.000.0	1001						4504					
40.062.2	1694	-	-	-	-	-	1521	-	-	-	-	
40.062.5	-	1577	-	-	-	1268	-	-	-	-	-	
40.075.2	1693	-	-	-	-	-	1521	-	-	-	-	
50.065.0	1692	-	-	-	-	-	-	1113	-	-	-	
50.065.5	-	1711	-	-	-	-	-	1113	-	-	-	
50.095.0	1691	-	-	-	-	-	-	1113	-	-	-	
50.095.2	1691	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1451	-	
50.095.5	-	1655	-	-	-	-	-	1113	-	-	-	
50.125.0	1320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1326	-	-	
50.150.0	1318	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1326	-	-	
50.150.5	-	1624	-	-	-	-	-	1113	-	-	-	
65.095.1	1470	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1129	
65.095.5	-	1625	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1129	
65.135.1	1354	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1129	
65.135.5	-	1626	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1129	
65.195.1	1355	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1129	
65.195.5	-	1627	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1129	
65.225.0	1623	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1129	

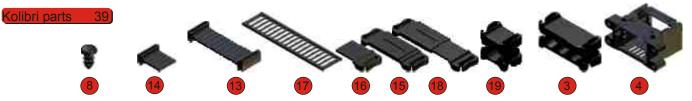
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Order infos Design guidelines

Materials

Informations





Kolibri	FK	notched ho	or. divider	ladderstay	PTF	PT 55	PT 75	whole hori	zontal divider	head side flange	
		flying			flying	55-80	75-100	25	50		
10.012.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.015.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.015.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.036.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1339	
15.037.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15.051.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22.025.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22.038.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1745	
22.048.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22.060.5	-	1127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1340	
30.030.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.050.0	1363	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1329	
30.050.1	1363	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1329	
30.050.5	1363	1127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1341	
30.060.0	1363	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1330	
30.060.1	1363	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1330	
30.080.0	1363	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1331	
30.080.1	1363	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1331	
30.080.2	1363	-	-	1665	1234	-	-	1663	1664	-	
30.080.4	1363	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1331	
30.080.5	1363	1127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
30.095.0	1363	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	1332	
30.095.1	1363	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	1332	
30.125.0	1363	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	1333	
30.125.1	1363	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1333	
40.062.2	1363	-	-	1665	1234	-	-	1663	-	-	
40.062.5	1363	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1343	
40.075.2	1363	-	-	1665	1234	-	-	1663	-	-	
50.065.0	1269	1127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1336	
50.065.5	1269	1127	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	1346	
50.095.0	1269	1127	1127	-	-	-	-	-	-	1334	
50.095.2	1269	-	-	1665	1234	-	-	1663	1664	-	
50.095.5	1269	1127	1127	-	_	-	-	-	-	1344	
50.125.0	1269	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1337	
50.150.0	1269	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	1335	
50.150.5	1269	1127	1127	-	-	-	-	-	-	1345	
65.095.1	1269	-	-	1665	1234	-	-	1663	1664	1347	
65.095.5	1269	-	-	1665	1234	-	-	1663	1664	1347	
65.135.1	1269	-	-	1665	1234	0879	0880	1663	1664	1348	
65.135.5	1269	-	-	1665	1234	0879	0880	1663	1664	1348	
65.195.1	1269	-	-	1665	1234	0879	0880	1663	1664	1349	
65.195.5	1269	-	-	1665	1234	0879	0880	1663	1664	1349	
65.225.0	1269	-	-	1665	1234		0880	1663	1664	-	
	*		<u> </u>								

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guidelines Content

Order infos Design guidelines

Kolibri

PLE .

SLE

GKA

SFK

77

Troughs

Systems

Materials

Informations

Kolibri PART NUMBERS













												Design gu
Kolibri	anchor profile	ZL50	blue ribbon	ZLA 8	(PZ SLP220)	ZHS10	ZLS10	HS55	HS65	HS75	HS85	
10.012.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Order infos
15.015.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	der
45.015.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ŏ
15.036.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u>:</u>
15.037.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Gilo
15.051.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	×
												L
22.025.4	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	
22.038.0	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	고 주
22.048.0	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	Г
22.060.5	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	
												ш
30.030.3	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	P
30.050.0	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	1802	-	-	-	
30.050.1	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	1802	-	-	-	
30.050.5	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	щ
30.060.0	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	1802	-	-	-	SLE
30.060.1	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	1802	1)	-	- (1)	L
30.080.0	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	1802	1503 ¹⁾	-	1812 ¹⁾	
30.080.1	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	1802	1503 ¹⁾	-	1812 ¹⁾	Ϋ́
30.080.2	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	-	1503	-	1812	Ō
30.080.4	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	-	1503	-	1812	
30.080.5	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	
30.095.0	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	1802	-	-	-	SFK
30.095.1	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	1802	-	-	-	
30.125.0	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	1802	-	-	-	
30.125.1	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	1802	-	-	-	22
40.062.2	1163		1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	_	1503		1812	PFR
40.062.2	1163	_	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	_	-	_	1012	
40.002.3	1163	-	1142	1159	0778	1407	1160	-	1503	-	1812	
40.073.2	1103	_	1172	1139	0770	1407	1100	_	1303	_	1012	Troughs
50.065.0	1163	1273	1142	1159	-	1407	1160	-	-	-	_	Trou
50.065.5	1163	1273	1142	1159	_	1407	1160	_	_	_	_	
50.095.0	1163	1273	1142	1159	_	1407	1160	_	1503 ¹⁾	1504	1812 ¹⁾	0
50.095.2	1163	1273	1142	1159	_	1407	1160	_	1503	-	1812	Systems
50.095.5	1163	1273	1142	1159	_	1407	1160	-	-	_	-	Sys
50.125.0	1163	1273	1142	1159	_	1407	1160	-	-	1504	-	
50.150.0	1163	1273	1142	1159	-	1407	1160	-	-	1504	-	Z Q
50.150.5	1163	1273	1142	1159	-	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	ARATHC LROUN
												\$40
65.095.1	1163	1273	1142	1159	-	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	S
65.095.5	1163	1273	1142	1159	-	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	Materials
65.135.1	1163	1273	1142	1159	-	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	Mat
65.135.5	1163	1273	1142	1159	-	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	
65.195.1	1163	1273	1142	1159	-	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	Suc
65.195.5	1163	1273	1142	1159	-	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	Informations
65.225.0	1163	1273	1142	1159	-	1407	1160	-	-	-	-	Iforn
1)				-				1		-		15

Systems

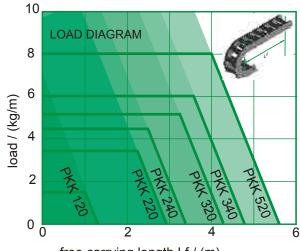
ekd gelenkrohmenergy drag chains

PKK

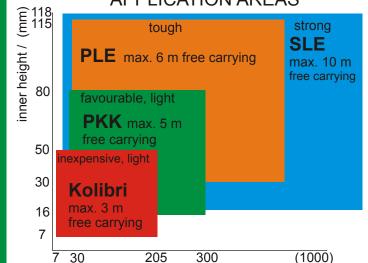
PKK applications	49)
PKK dimensions	50)
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PKK sizes	54
PKK parts	55
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closed + open



free carrying length Lf / (m)



APPLICATION AREAS

PKK CHARACTERISTICS

A development from many years of experience, which combines all the advantages of plastic energy chains to one system:

positive locking stays fast stay assembly and disassembly easy to shorten and lengthen the three-dimensional chain

All ekd plastic energy chains are equipped with the integrated plastic connector. Additional components for attaching the energy chain are not required.

Dimensions

bending radii:	40	to	500 mm
inner height:	16	to	80 mm
inner width:	30	to	300 mm
energy chain weight:	0.6	to	3.4 kg/m
(see dimensions)			•

Travel

The maximum range of travel is determined by the arrangement and the additional weight (line weight). At normal arrangement the maximum travel is double free carrying length. Support rollers or similar constructive steps can increase this value.

Travel distances up to 100 meters are possible (see chapter on design guidelines).

Travel speed

There are no limits for the travel speed in general. But at gliding arrangements application specific influences have to be taken into account.

Acceleration

The acceleration is not subject to any restriction. Boundaries can only be achieved at high line tension forces encountered by the weights.

Temperature

Long term temperature limits are inbetween -20°C and 100°C.

Special versions

ELTOLA ALLROUND ATEX ESD V-0

- ... silent running
- ... all movements
- ... EX-protection
- ... antistatic
- ... self extinguishing

iner width / (mm)

PKK APPLICATIONS







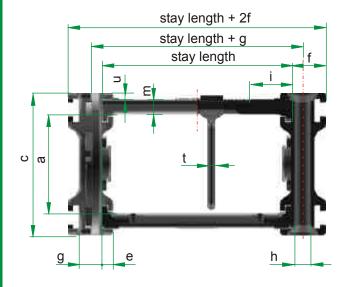




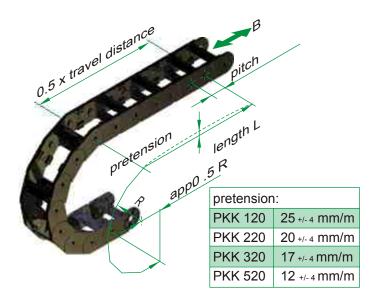


Informations

ekd gelenkrohr energy drag chains



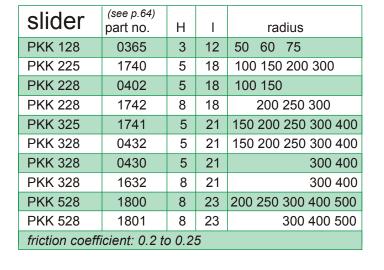
PKK DIMENIONS

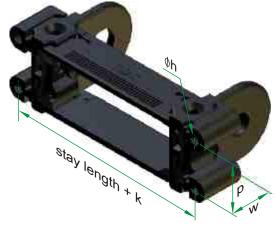




additiona	al stay	v	r	s
PKK	short	19.5	14.5	-
213,223,243		39	-	34
PKK 313,323	short	29.5	21.5	-
313,323,523		59	-	51







flange connector	k	р	w
PKK 120	28.5	15.5	16.5
PKK 220	40	34.5	30
PKK 320	46	55.5	40
PKK 520	50	85.5	40

50

PKK	Tla	2	0	0.1	/ t	~	Ь	;2)	22 (3)	. 4					Gewic ka/m		
		. a		e ¹⁾		g	h	j ²⁾	m ³⁾		U 4.5				kg/m		
120 , 121,125, 128					11	8	Ø4		3	2	1.5				0.60		
110, 111, 115					8	8	Ø4	15	3		1.5				0.60		
220 , 221, 223, 225, 228					15		Ø6	15	5	4	3				1.50		
210, 211, 213, 215					10		Ø6	15	5	4	3				1.40		
240, 241, 243, 245					10		Ø6	15	5	4	3				1.70		
320 , 321, 323, 325, 328		51			18		Ø8	20	8	4	4				2.50		
310, 311, 313, 315					12		Ø8	20	8	4	4				2.50		
340, 341, 345					15	15	Ø8	20	8	4	4.5				2.70		
520 , 521, 523, 525, 528		80			20	14	Ø8	20	8	4	3.5				3.40		
510, 511, 513, 515	115	80	104	6	14	14	Ø8	20	8	4	3.5				3.20)	
ber	nding	g ra	diu	s R	[mn	n]											
120 , 121,125 ⁴), 128 ⁶)	40	50	60	75													
110, 111, 1154)	40	50	60	75													
220 , 221, 223, 225 ⁴), 228 ⁶)				75	100		150		200	250	300						
210, 211, 213, 2154)			65			125				250							
240, 241, 243, 2454)					100		150			250							
320 , 321, 323, 325 ⁴), 328 ⁶)					100		150				300	400					
310, 311, 313, 3154)					100	130	150		200		300						
340, 341, 3454)					100		150		200	250	300	400					
520 , 521, 523, 525 ⁴⁾ , 528 ⁶⁾							150		200	250	300	400	500				
510, 511, 513, 5154)							150		200	250	300	400	500				
sta	y len	ngth	ı [m	m] ¹	1)						<u> </u>						
120 , 110,11, 121, 128 30	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120									
115, 125	50	'	<u> </u>	<u></u> '		100					<u> </u>						
220 , 210, 211, 213, 221, 223, 228	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	150	170		200	220			
215, 225 ⁵⁾	50					100				150			200				
240, 241, 243	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	150	170		200	220			
2455)	50			<u> </u>		100				150			200				
320 , 310, 311, 313, 321, 323, 328	50	60	70	80	90	100		120	130	150	170	180	200		230	250	300
315, 325 ⁵⁾	'					100				150			200				
340, 341	50	60	70	80	90	100		120	130	150	170	180	200		230	250	300
345 ⁵⁾						100				150			200				300
	50	00	70	80		100		120		150	170		200			250	

- 1) The usable interior width is stay length 2e minus the width of the used PZ 2) First latching the PZ (latching all 2mm)

- 3) Dimension does not apply to the closed type
 4) PKK 115 and 125 from R50, 215 and 225 from R100, 245, 315 and 325 from R150, 345, 525 and 515 from R200
 5) The inner radius covers (ASI) of length 200 mm of the PKK 215, 225, 245 and 300 mm of the PKK 315, 325, 345 are designed with a pivot on one side.
 6) PKK 128 from R 50, PKK 228 from R100, PKK 328 from R150, PKK 528 from R200

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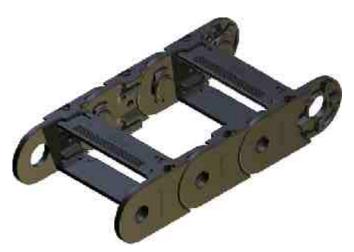
PKK TYPES

PKK 120, 220, 320, 520

The standard version has a stay in every second link. With additional link bands and stays the chains can be extended as multibandchains. The integrated connector makes each link in the chain to a mounting link.

order example

PKK 220	/ 100 x	3510	/ 100
type	radius	length	stay length



PKK 110, 210, 240, 310, 340, 510

The smooth designed PKK corresponds to the standard version, but has no exterior T-slot. These types provide a very good visual effect and a smaller width through the flat outside surfaces (also see PKK 215, PKK 245). The PKK 240 and 340 offer larger cross sections due to the increased link height.

order example

PKK 240	/ 100	х	3510	/ 100
type	radius		length	stay length



PKK 121, 221, 321, 521

The types PKK -21 are manufactured with a stay in each link. The additional stays increase the lateral stability and optimize guiding of particularly smaller cable diameter.

order example

	1-			
PKK 221	/ 100	x 3510	/ 100	
type	radius	length	stay length	

PKK 111, 211, 241, 311, 341, 511

These are the smooth designs with a stay in each link to increase lateral stability and optimize guiding of particularly small cables. PKK 241 and PKK 341 have a higher capacity due to their increased link height.



52

order example

ordor oxidir	.p.o				
PKK 241	/ 100	Х	3510	/ 100	
type	radius		length	stay length	

The PKK with extension stays in the inner radius. Suitable for low speeds these stays create additional space. The extension stays can be arranged in the outer radius or in other combinations as per optional drawing. The extension stays are available in two lengths.

order example

PKK 223 / 100 x 3510 / 100 type radius length stay length

PKK 125, 225, 325, 515, 525

The closed designs offer optimum protection of the lines against chips or against UV radiation.

The covers can be opened in the inner or outer radius.

The closed types may also be subsequently created from the standard version.

PKK 115, 215, 245, 315, 345

Without T-slot on the outside, the closed types achieve a good visual effect with their flat sides and a smaller width.

order example

PKK 215 / 100 x 3510 / 100 type radius length stay length

PKK 128, 228, 328, 528

The PKK 128, 228 and 328 with sliders are designed for gliding arrangements (long travel distances) and are fitted with stays in each link. The sliders are mounted in the inner radius of the energy chain and have a very low coefficient of friction (μ = 0.2 to 0.25).

The sliders can also be installed afterwards.

At low stroke rates and low speeds (<1m/s) sliders are not necessary.

The smallest radius of each dimension of the PKK is not suitable for sliders.

order example

 PKK 228
 / 100
 x
 3510
 / 100

 type
 radius
 length
 stay length

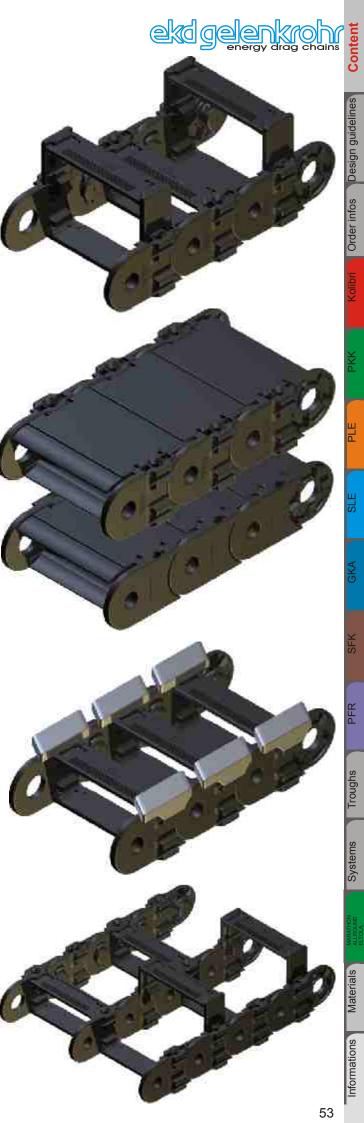
Multiband energy chains

Multiband energy chains can be created by attaching additional link bands. These are assembled through stays at standard energy chains (see assembly, except PKK with smooth exteriors).

order example

PKK 220 / 100 x 3510 type radius length

/ 100 / 100 stay length / stay length





PKK SIZES



height:	25	width:	64 97
inner height:	16	inner width:	30 110

PKK 220

height:	50	width:	80 330
inner height:	34	inner width:	50 200

PKK 240

height:	60	width:	70 320
inner height:	44	inner width:	50 200

PKK 320

height:	75	width:	86 336
inner height:	51	inner width:	50 300

PKK 340

height:	85	width:	80 330
inner height:	60	inner width:	50 300

PKK 520

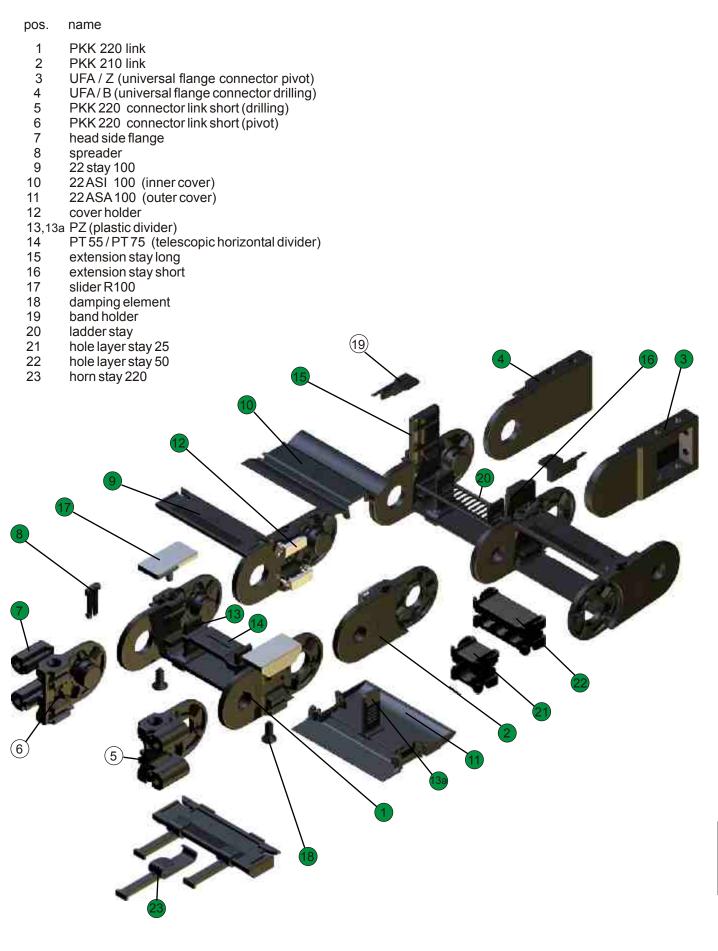
height:	104	width:	90 340
inner height:	80	inner width:	50 300



Troughs

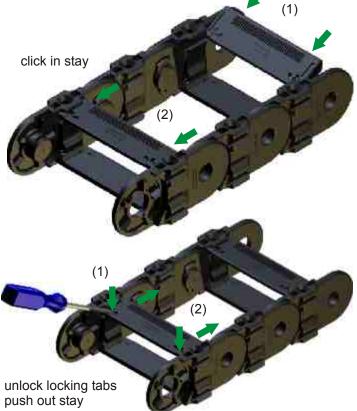
Informations

exa gelenkrohr energy drag chains





put on stay



PKK ASSEMBLY

Packaging

ekd energy chains are supplied in transport friendly packaging. When removing the packaging and during removal of the energy chain or parts of it, ensure that the energy chains are free of torsion and tension, to avoid mechanical damage.

Lengthening or shortening, linkbands

Lengthening of the energy chain is done by fitting of energy chain pieces or links (1) and lock with spreader (2). To shorten the spreader is disengaged and removed, then the piece of chain removed.

Alternatively first link strands may be mounted and then stays assembled.

For the PKK the opposite link strands are rotated by 180 ° and arranged with the pivot on the inner chain.

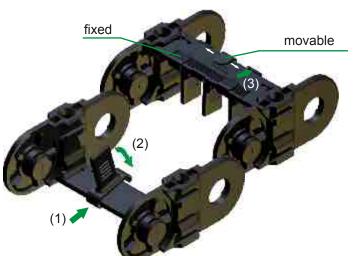
Stay assembly

The stays with the locking tabs are put in the T-guide of the link (1) and push until it clicks into the guides (2).

The stays can be positioned initially in the T-guide and will be engaged in one swoop (plastic hammer or similar) in the final position.

Stay disassembly

The lock tongue of the stays are unlock with a screwdriver (1) and the stays pushed out with light pressure to the front of the T-slot (2). For medium and larger series (from PKK220) the stays can be unlocked with a light hit on the lock tongue (plastic hammer or similar) and then ejected.



Plastic divider PZ (vertical)

The PZ will be placed in the designated position on the stay (1) and engaged (2). The PZ can be mounted fixed or movable.

The dismantling is done by unlocking (3) and removal of the PZ.

Telescopic divider and ladder divider

The telescopic horizontal divider and ladder stay horizontally pushed onto the plastic divider (PZ) and engaged in the designated height (1). The disassembly is done with a screwdriver through pull (2) and removal (3).

Hole layer stay

The mounting of hole layer stay is the same as the assembly of the telescopic horizontal divider and the ladder stay. Before assembling the second component the lines should be inserted. The disassembly is done with a screwdriver by unlocking and removal.

Extension stays

The extension stays are pushed onto the link guides (1) and pivoted until it clicks (1). Then the stays are pushed into the guides ubtil it clicks (3).

Covers

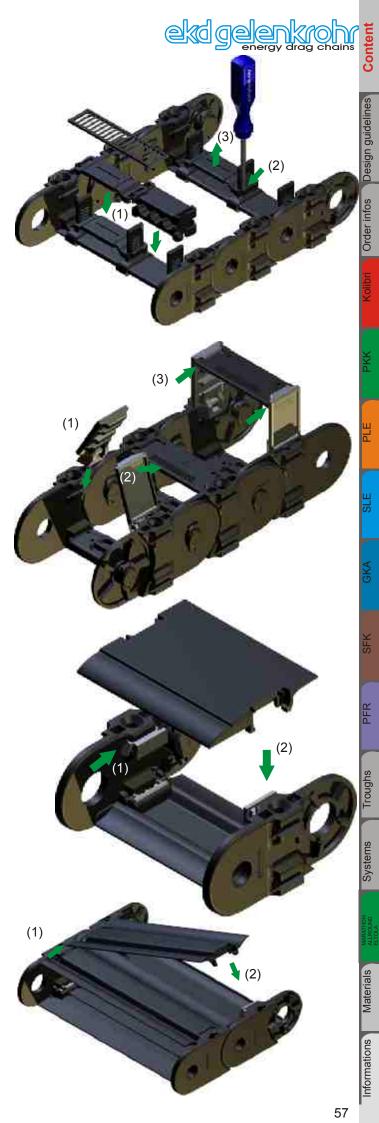
Before installing covers (ASA/ASI) first segment holder have to be pushed in the T-slot of the links (1). Then the covers can be plugged in (2). Covers and segment holder snap in the end position.

The covers are marked with arrows, to avoid wrong assembly direction.

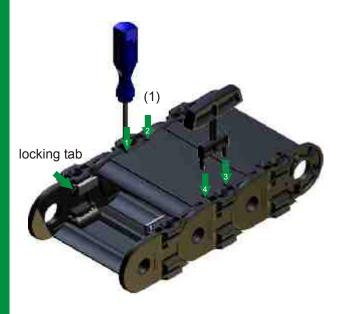
Covers for the outer radius are equipped with holders for divider (PZ).

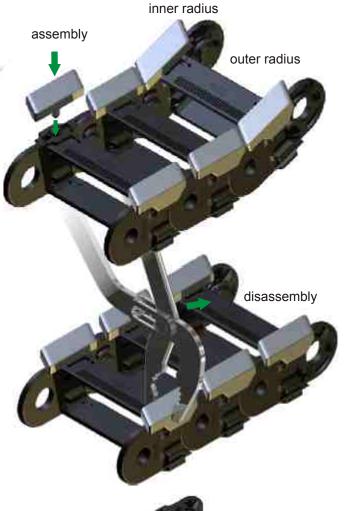
During assembly, ensure the correct overlap of the covers and that the covers are engaged on all four locking points.

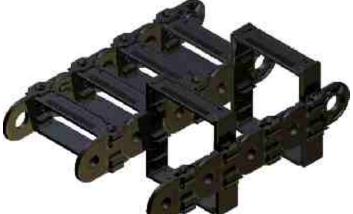
The inner radius covers (ASI) of length 200 mm of the PKK 215, 225, 245 and 300 mm of the PKK 315, 325, 345 are designed with a pivot on one side. The cover has to be pushed into the T-slot of the link on its pivot side (1) and can swing to close or open (2). For that the cover holder has to be unlocked (see disassembly).











PKKASSEMBLY

The dismantling of the covers is done by unlocking and lifting out. These are done one by one at a time with the 4 locking tongues on the segment holders using a screwdriver (1), then the cover is easy to raise.

With two release tools all four locking tongues can be done at once and the cover removed.

Attention:

The release tools can only be resolved if covers are dismantled (by lateral withdrawal)



Covers with lengths 200 mm and 300 mm of the PKK 225 and 325 are equipped with a pivot on one side. These covers opening mechanism is deactivated on one side. The covers can be swiveled.

Sliders

The sliders are mounted in the inner radius of the energy chain. The minimum bend radius in each PKK size can not be fitted with sliders.

During assembly of the sliders be aware of the following:

The sliders must be conditioned (water content min. 1%, overnight storage in water at room temperature or 2 h at 80 °

Heat the slider just before mounting in a water bath. Avoid impact load.

The dismantling is carried out channel lock pliers as shown and unlock slider by turning it to the outer side.

Multiband energy chains

Multiband energy chains can be created by attaching additional link strands. These are attached to existing energy chains by additional stays (see stay assembly). By combining with extension stays large hoses or other additional components may be carried.

Mounting the energy chain

All ekd plastic energy chains are equipped with the *integrated connector* (1). When using integrated strain relief, no additional components are needed. Provision for the combined strain relief, the anchor profile has to be screwed with the first link in the chain. Separate strain relief can be subsequently mounted.

Headside mounting

Optionally, the attachment can be made with flange connectors or universal connectors. The flange connectors are mounted in the T-slots of short connectors links until locking (1). The energy chains can be attached through four flange connectors (2).

The universal flange connectors are mounted like the links with the spreader (3) and provide universal connection options.

Strain Reliefs

With long travel distances and high speeds the lines at one end of the cable carrier, preferably on the moved driver, are attache to strain reliefs. The distance of strain relief to the bending area depends on the particulars of the line manufacturer.

Integrated strain relief

In this space-saving type strain reliefs are directly mounted on the vertical divider (PZ) of the first link of the energy chain.

The mounting direction of the PZ must be chosen so that tension directed on the chain can not unlock the divider. In order to avoid premature line wear caused by dynamic loads a small extra chain length is recommended.

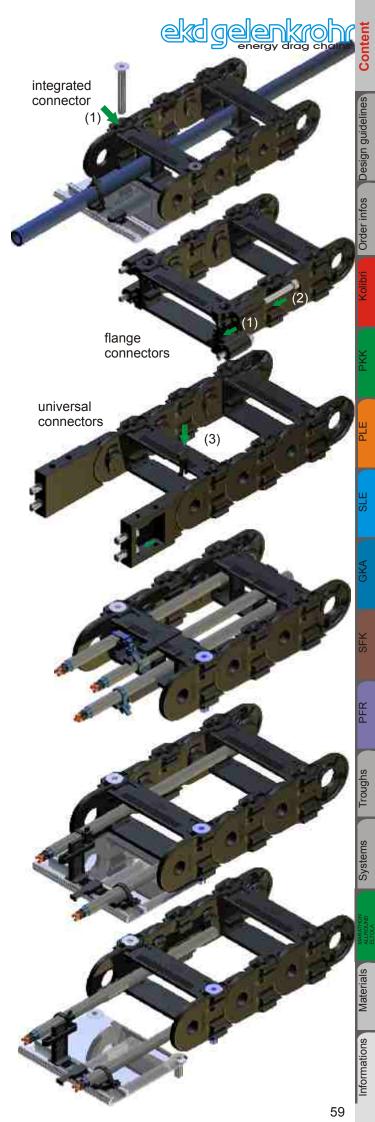
Combined strain relief

The combined strain relief combines the advantage of sufficient distance from the strain relief to the bending line areas provided by a simple and space-saving installation of the integrated strain relief.

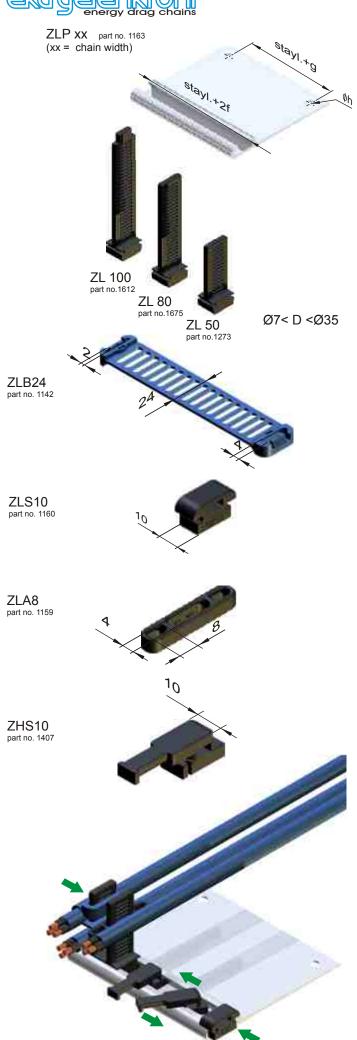
The anchor profile is fitted to the drilling dimensions of the energy chain (integrated connectors) and attached to this. The lateral insertion and extraction of strain relief elements is possible at any time.

Separate strain relief

The separate strain relief is recommended for high dynamic loads and large line diameters. A sufficient distance from the strain relief to the chain is easy to implement.



akd gelenkrohr



PKK ASSEMBLY

ANCHOR PROFILE ZLP

The aluminum anchor profile is used to mount various of strain relief elements. Both the distance to the energy chain as well as the positioning of the strain relief elements can be designed.

STRAIN RELIEF STAY PZL

The design of this strain relief stay is closely based on the plastic vertical divider (PZ). It is laterally inserted into the anchor profile or a c-profile and can accommodate multiple strain relief elements.

BLUE RIBBON ZLB 24

The Blue Ribbon is a special ekd developed cable tie with a 24 mm wide fixing area for cable diameters of 7 mm to 35 mm. The Blue Ribbon can be locked on the strain relief stay. The lines may be fixed single or multiple (s-shaped) with the Blue Ribbon.

PUSHANCHOR ZLS 10

The push anchor is laterally inserted into the anchor profile or a c-profile. The lines are fixed with standard cable ties on the push anchor.

CABLE ANCHOR ZLA8

The cable anchor is pushed onto the strain relief stay and can be fixed by the latching at different altitudes. The line is connected with commercially available cable ties on the cable anchor (single or double).

HORN STAY ZHS 10

The horn stay ZHS10 is transversely inserted into the anchor profile and locked by a 90 $^{\circ}$ rotation. The line is fixed with cable ties at the horn.

YOKE CLAMPS

Commercially yoke clamps can be used as a separate strain relief (see below) and can be mounted with the aluminum c-profile of the SLE 520, SLE 320 in front of the energy chain connectors.



Maintenance of the energy chain

PKK energy chains are maintenance free. Like every mechanical system there will - depending on the ambient conditions - wear must be observed.

In case of this the energy chain has to be replaced.

For long travels or even in a circular motion, the energy chains are often equipped with sliding elements. These allow sliding of the upper part of the chain on a suitable surface (eg, slider-slider, slider-steel, glide bar).

The sliders show wear according to the application due to abrasion. The slider surfaces should be checked at regular intervals on their condition. With a thickness of 1-2 mm sliders have to be replaced.

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Order infos Design guidelines

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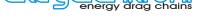
link



PKK									PKK				5004				
	R	40	50	60	75					R	40	50	60	75			
110,111	m.V.	1598	1599	1600	1601				120, 121	m.V.	0380	0379	0378	0377			
	o.V.	1605	1604	1603	1602					o.V.	1717	1716	1715	1714			
113	m.V.	1598	1599	1600	1601				123	m.V.	0380	0379	0378	0377			
	o.V.	1605	1604	1603	1602					o.V.	1717	1716	1715	1714			
115	m.V.	1598	1599	1600	1601				125	m.V.	0380	0379	0378	0377			
	o.V.	1605	1604	1603	1602					o.V.	1717	1716	1715	1714			
									128	m.V.	0380	0379	0378	0377			
										o.V.	1717	1716	1715	1714			
	R	65 75		125	150	200	250	300		R	75	100	150	200	250	300	
210, 211		1454 129	9 1300	1635	1301	1302	1571	1303	220, 221	m.V.	394	1295	1296	1297	1596	1298	
040	o.V.	4454 10-	0.4000	400-	4001	4000	4== :	4000	200	o.V.	00:	400-	4000	400-	4500	4000	
213		1454 129	9 1300	1635	1301	1302	1571	1303	223	m.V.	394	1295	1296	1297	1596	1298	
245	o.V.	4454.400	0 4000	4005	4004	4000	4574	4000	205	o.V.	004	4005	4000	400-	4500	4000	
215		1454 129	9 1300	1635	1301	1302	1571	1303	225	m.V.	394	1295	1296	1297	1596	1298	
	o.V.								228	o.V. m.V.	394	1295	1296	1297	1596	1298	
									220	o.V.	394	1295	1290	1297	1590	1290	
	R		75	100	150	200	250	300		U.V.							
240, 241	m.V.		1455	1456	1457	1458	1459	1460									
240, 241	o.V.		1433	1430	1437	1430	1433	1400									
243	m.V.		1455	1456	1457	1458	1459	1460									
2.0	o.V.		1100	1100	1107	1100	1 100	00									
245	m.V.		1455	1456	1457	1458	1459	1460									
	o.V.																
	R		100	130	150	200	300	400		R	100	150	200	250	300	400	
310, 311	m.V.		1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	320, 321	m.V.	0421	1305	1306	1570	1307	1308	
	o.V.									o.V.		420	419	1569	418	417	
313	m.V.		1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	323	m.V.	0421	1305	1306	1570	1307	1308	
	o.V.									o.V.		420	419	1569	418	417	
315	m.V.		1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	325	m.V.	0421	1305	1306	1570	1307	1308	
	o.V.									o.V.		420	419	1569	418	417	
									328	m.V.	0421	1305	1306	1570	1307	1308	
										o.V.		420	419	1569	418	417	
	R			100	150	200	300	400									
340, 341	m.V.			1544	1545	1546	1547	1548									
045	o.V.			4541	1543	1542	1541	1540									
345	m.V.			1544	1545	1546	1547	1548									
	o.V.	450	200	050	1543	1542	1541	1540		Р	450	200	050	200	400	E00	
510, 511	R m.V.	150	200	250	300	400	500		520, 521	R m.V.	150 1094	200 1095	250 1437	300 109	1007	500 1098	
510, 511	o.V.								520, 52T	m.v. o.V.	1094	1095	143/	109	1097	1090	
513	m.V.								523	m.V.	1094	1095	1437	1096	1097	1098	
0.0	o.V.								023	o.V.	1004	1000	107	1000	1001	1000	
515	m.V.								525	m.V.	1094	1095	1437	1096	1097	1098	
0.0	o.V.								0_0	O.V.	.004	.500	. 101	.000	.001	. 550	
	0								528	m.V.	1094	1095	1437	1096	1097	1098	
									<u></u>	o.V.	.004	. 500	. 101	.000	.007	. 556	
									00/0015	J. V.							
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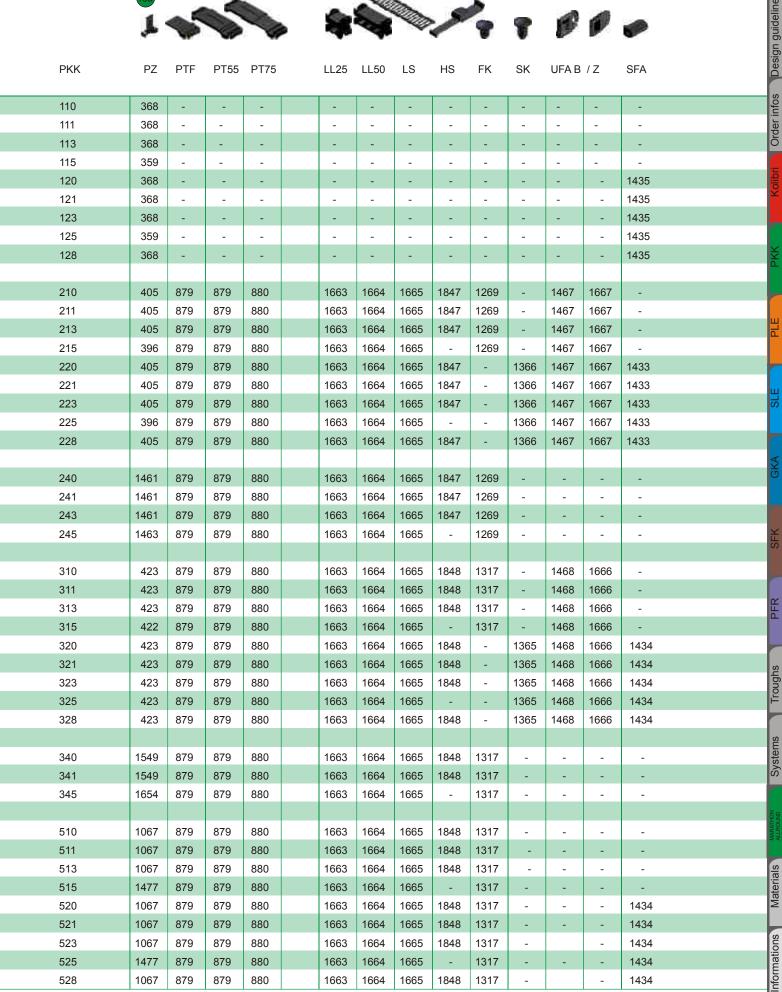






		4			4						10	T			~
PKK	ASA 50	ASI 50	ASA 100	ASI 100	ASA 150	ASI 150	ASA 200	ASI 200	ASA 300	ASI 300	SH	SZR	ASK	ASL	GL
110	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	367	-	-	-
111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	367	-	-	-
113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	367	366	-	-
115	364	362	363	361	-	-	-	-	-	-	360	367	-	-	-
120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	367	-	-	-
121	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	367	-	-	-
123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	367	366	-	-
125	364	362	363	361	-	-	-	-	-	-	360	367	-	-	
128	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	367	_	_	365
															30
210	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	404	_	-	
211	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	404	-	-	- 1740
213	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	404	1597	403	- 174
215	401	399	400	398	487	485	888	887	-	_	397	404	-	_	
220	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	404	_	_	
221	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	404	-	-	- 402
223	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	404	1597	403	
225	401	399	400	398	487	485	888	887	_	_	397	404	-	-	1740
228	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	404	_	_	402,1742
															1742
240	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	404	_	_	
241	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	404	-	_	-
243	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	404	1597	403	-
245	401	399	400	398	487	485	888	887	-	-	397	404	-	_	-
310	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	434	-	-	- 8
311	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	434	-	-	- 41
313	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	434	1622	433	- 17"
315	-	-	428	426	427	425	491	489	492	490	424	434	-	-	
320	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	434	-	-	
321	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	434	_	-	- 432
323	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	434	1622	433	
325	-	-	428	426	427	425	491	489	492	490	424	434	-	-	1741
328	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	434	-	-	430 432 1632
															430
340	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	434	-	-	
341	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	434	-	_	
345	-	-	428	426	427	425	491	489	492	490	424	434	-	-	1632
														2	
510	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1474	-	- 12	
511	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1474	-	-	
513	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1474	-	- 4	- 18 ⁰⁰
515	-	-	-	-	1399	1400	1401	1402	-	-	1478	1474	-	_ 4	
520	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1474	-	-	
521	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1474	-	-	
523	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1474	1622	433	- 18 ⁰¹
525	-	-	-	-	1399	1400	1401	1402	-	-	1478	1474	-		- 1800 1801
528	-	-	-	-	1399	1400	1401	1402	-	-	1478	1474	-	-	1800, 1801





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Design guidelines Order infos

Materials

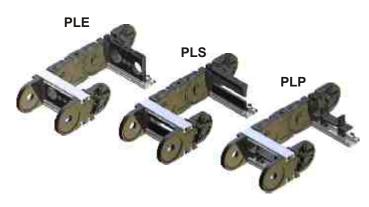
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PLE assembly	73
PLE part numbers	76)



closed + open

PLE CHARACTERISTICS

The PLE with aluminum stays is available as **PLE** with plastic inserts or plastic slot profile, as PLS with foam slot profile or as **PLP** with plastic divider PZ.



positive stay locking both inside and outside radius can be opened simple to shorten or lengthen stepless stay length up to 1000 mm

All ekd plastic energy chains are equipped with the integrated connector. Additional components for mounting the energy chain are not required.

Travel

The maximum travel is determined by the arrangement and the additional weight (line weight). At normal arrangement the maximum travel is twice the free carrying length. Support rollers or similar constructive steps can increase this value.

In gliding arrangements travel distances up to 100 meters are possible.

Longer travel distances need further constructive steps, like SYSTEM MARATHON, which exceeds the travel distance nearly without limits.

Travel speed

There are no limits for the travel speed in general. But in gliding applications specific influences have to be taken into account.

Acceleration

In principle there are no restrictions for the acceleration. Limits can only be achieved at high tension forces caused by high additional weights.

Temperature

The operating temperature is inbetween -20 ° C and 100 ° C.

Special versions

ALLROUND ATEX **ESD** V-0

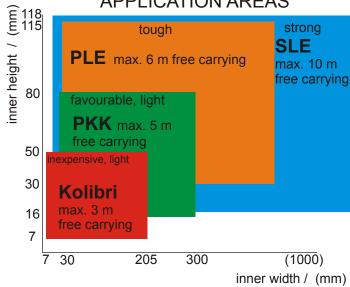
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... all movements ... EX-protection ... antistatic

... self extinguishing

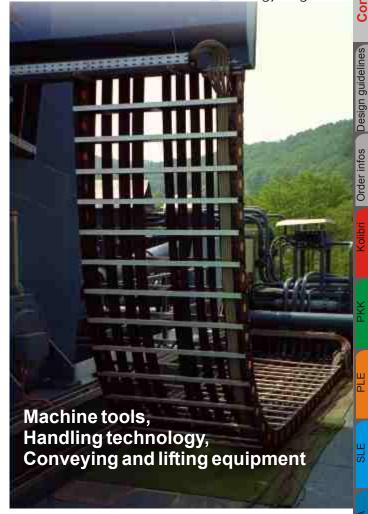


APPLICATION AREAS



PLE APPLICATIONS examples of the second seco











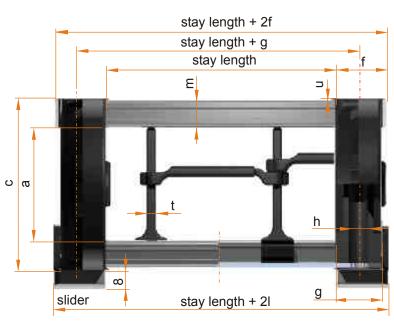


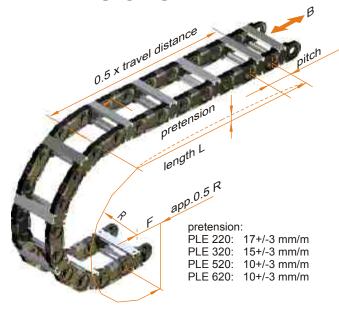
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PLE DIMENSIONS





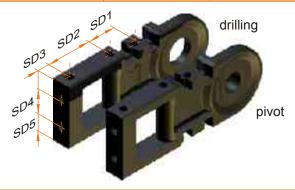
The usable interior width is stay length - 2 mm

PLE	bending radius R [mm]	pitch	а	С	f	g	h	I ¹⁾	m	t	u	weight [kg/m] ³⁾
220 , 221	75 100 150 200 300	75	31	50	18	16	Ø6	-	9	4	1	1.9
320 , 321, 325, 328 ²⁾	150 200 250 300 400	100	49	75	22	20	Ø8	18	12	4	1	3.4 (4.4)
520 , 521, 525, 528 ²⁾	200 250 300 400 500	125	68	100	26	24	Ø8	21	15	4	1	4.8 (5.9)
541, 548 ²⁾	200 250 300 400 500	125	80	100	26	24	Ø8	21	9	4	1	4.60
620 , 621	230 300 400 500 700	187	115	150	32	32	Ø10	-	15	8	2	7.20

- 1) stay length + 2l is the outside width, including sliders 2) PLE 328 from R200, PLE 528, 548 from R250
- 3) weight with stay length 100, values in brackets for closed version

The stay lengths are offered in steps of 1 mm.

PLE	minimum stay length [mm]	maximum stay length [mm]	PL	PLE inserts Ø [mm]											
220 , 221	50	800	10	15	20	25	30								
320 , 321, 325, 328	60	900	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50				
520 , 521, 525, 528	70	1000	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70
541, 548	70	900													
620 , 621	90	1000													



PLE SD- connector	SD1	SD2	SD3	SD4	SD5
220 , 221,225	22,5	37,5	8,5	22	7,5
320 , 321, 325, 328	35	45	8,5	45	15
520 , 521, 525, 528	35	45	8,5	66	17

order example: travel distance 3 m, bending radius 200 mm, cable: 1x15 mm, 8x8 mm, 3x12 mm, 2x22 mm, chain arrangement is hanging

PLE 32	0 / 200	Χ	2325	/ 200	/ SD 32,	SD 32	/ h	/	5 PZ, 1 Pt55
type	/ radius	х	length	/ stay length	/ connec	tors /	arrangement	/	stay distribution

Design guidelines

PLE energy chains are distinguished from standard plastic chains by their extreme stability and the rigid, continuously adjustable aluminum profile. Stay lengths up to 1000 mm can be accommodated.

The allocation of the interior offers variable opportunities and guarantees optimum line protection even at high acceleration and travel speed.

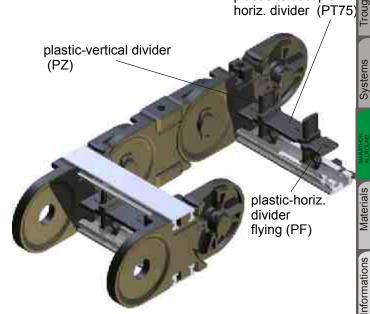
The **PLE** (PLE with plastic inserts or plastic insert-profile) ensures a perfect guide at high speeds. Errors during installation of the cables are nearly impossible, with this variation, the hole design of the stays meet exactly the requirements of the lines. Plastic inserts are available in 5 mm steps. The plastic insert-profile can be ordered according to drawing.

plastic-insert D10

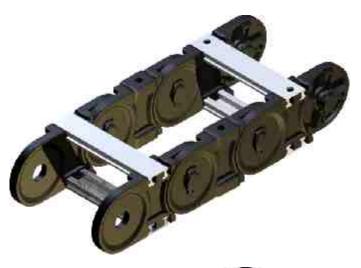
In case of limited installation space, the **PLS** (PLE with foam insert-profile) are used. Again, the optimal guiding of the lines at high speeds and acceleration is ensured. All lines are in the neutral axis (middle of chain height).

foam plastic-telescopic-

For space reasons the **PLP** (PLE with plastic dividers) may be chosen. This inexpensive design allows secure guiding of large amounts of cable. The highly variable stay distribution opportunities through the small steps (3mm) in height and the infinitely adjustable plastic telescopic dividers (PT) allow maximum space for all needs, even when changes in cable diameters are required.



ekd gelenkrohmenergy drag chains



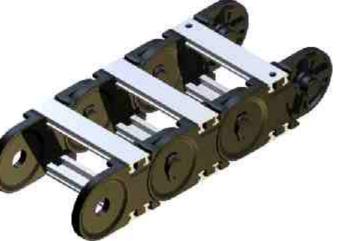
PLE TYPES

PLE 220, 320, 520, 620

The standard type is build with stays in every second chain link. The *integrated connector* makes every link in the chain when needed to a connector (not 620) and therefore the separate ordering and storage of end connector brackets is not necessary.

order example:

PLE 220 / 100 x 3525 / 100
type radius length stay length

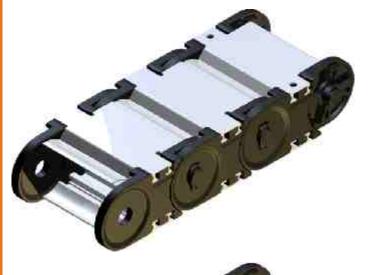


PLE 221, 321, 521, 541, 621

These designs are made with stays in each link. This increases the lateral stability and improves the guiding particularly of smaller diameter lines.

order example:

PLE 221 / 100 x 3525 / 100 type radius length stay length



PLE 325, 525

The closed types with aluminum covers may also replace the standard version stay. The covers can be opened in the inner or outer radius.

order example:

PLE 325 / 300 x 3500 / 100
type radius length stay length



PLE 328, 528, 548

These types are suitable for long travel, the upper strand slides on the lower strand. For increased stability these energy chains are also build with stays in each link. The energy chains are fitted with sliders in the inner radius, which have a very low coefficient of friction ($\mu = 0.2$ to 0.25).

After reaching the wear limit, the slider can be renewed and the energy chain will continue. Subsequent slider assembly is also possible. Then, the stays must be provided with drilled location holes.

order example:

PLE 328 / 200 x 3500 / 100
type radius length stay length

PLE 220

standard type

height: 50 width: 86 ... 836 inner height: 31 inner width: 50 ... 800

PLE 320

standard type

height: 75 width: 104 ... 944 inner height: 49 inner width: 60 ... 900

PLE 520

standard type

height: 100 width: 122 ... 1052 inner height: 68 inner width: 70 ... 1000

PLE 541

stay in each link

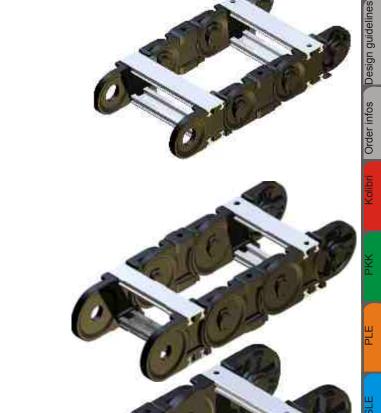
height: 100 width: 122 ... 1052 inner height: 80 inner width: 70 ... 1000

PLE 620

standard type

height: 150 width: 154 ... 1064 inner height: 115 inner width: 90 ... 1000

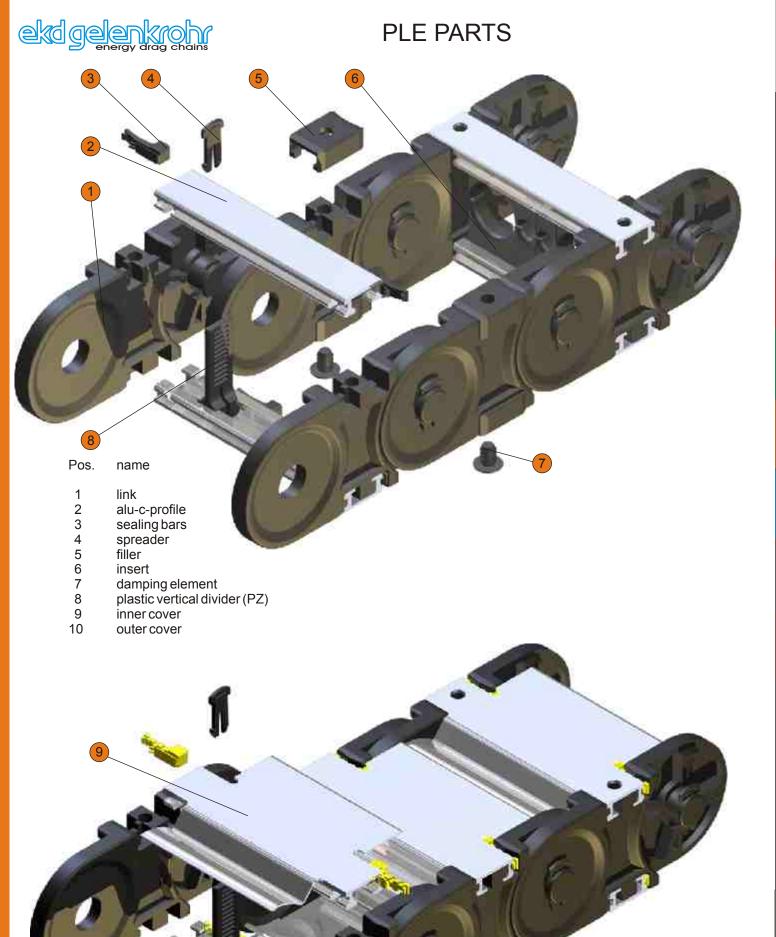
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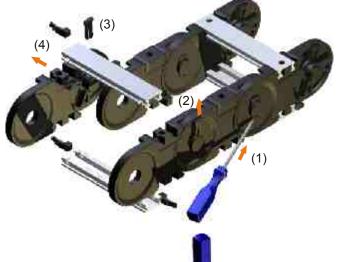


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Lengthening or shortening, link bands

To shorten the spreaders are disengaged (1), taken from (2,3) and the corresponding piece of chain removed (4). Lengthening is done by adding links and inter-lock with the spreaders.

Alternatively, first part of strands assembled or dismantled. Then a stay assembly or disassembly is required.



Stay assembly

Stays are installed (1) and locked by horizontal shifting into place (2). Then pushing the sealing bars outside until they lock the link.

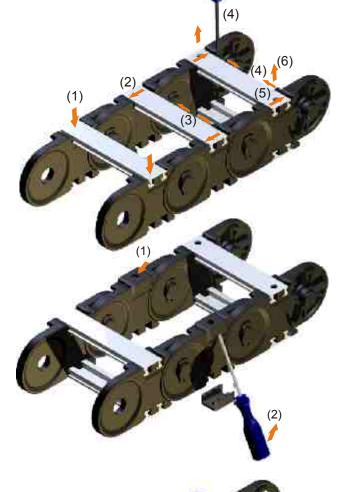
Stay disassembly

Push sealing bar to the inside (4), unlock stay (5) and remove them (6).

Filler

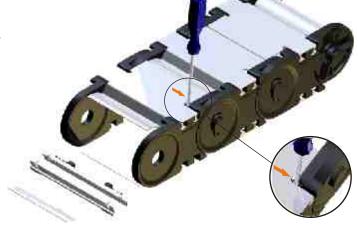
The fillers are mounted in the recess and (possibly with a light plastic hammer) pushed until locked (1).

The dismantling of the fillers is done with a screwdriver. The screwdriver blade ought to be small enough to start behind the filler. Then unhinge the filler (2).

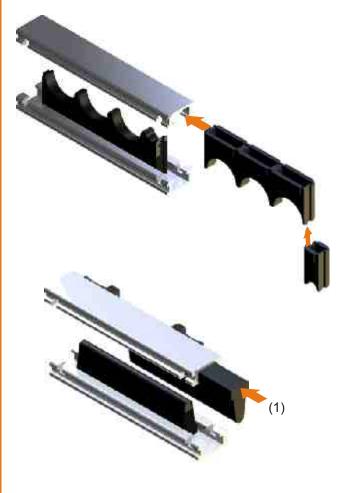


Covers

The assembly of the covers is the same as the assembly and disassembly of the stays. The sealing bar is positioned in the designated postion with a screwdriver.







PLE ASSEMBLY

Plastic inserts

The inserts are assembled according to the required lateral position (1) and inserted into the stay (2).

Foam

The foam insert is pushed laterally into the aluminum-profile (1), before they are assembled to the chain links.



Plastic divider PZ

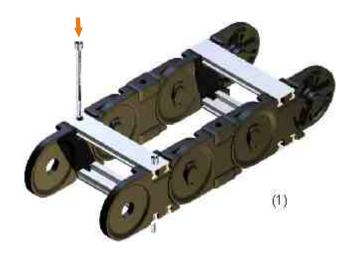
The plastic dividers are hooked into the desired position with the long side of the foot in the aluminum bar and engaged with slight pressure (1).

Corrections of the postion by lateral displacement are possible. The dismantling of the PZ is done by pulling in the opposite direction or sideways push out from the stay.

Telescopic horizontal divider

The telescopic horizontal divider can be adjusted in length (2), vertically fitted on the PZ (3) and engaged in the designated height.

The dismantling is carried out with a screwdriver by unlocking and removal.



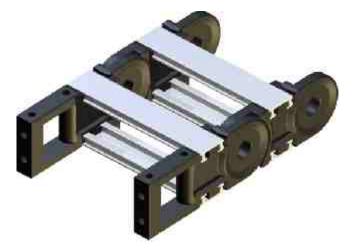
Mounting the energy chain

All ekd plastic energy chains are equipped with integrated connectors. They allow the mounting of the energy chain with any link.

In gliding energy chain applications or for a smoth optical effect, the mounting holes in the fixed connector can be countersunk.

Face mounting

The energy chain PLE can be optionally fitted with flange connectors. The flange connectors allow various mounting oportunities, mounted like chain links and secured with a stay.

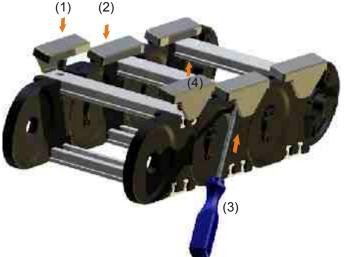


Sliders

To avoid damage the slider must be conditioned (overnight storage in water at room temperature or 2 h at $80 \degree C$).

The slider is positioned at the inner radius of the energy chain, with the pin in the bore of the stay (1) and pushed until the snap hook locks (2).

To dismantle unhinge the snap hook (3) and remove the slider to the top (4).



The implementation of an energy chain with sliders has to be done smoothly. In addition, the glide bars (1) should be fitted with contour at the end of the energy chain and counter sinking the connector screws (2). The distance between the glide bar to the first slider should be less than the slider length (3).

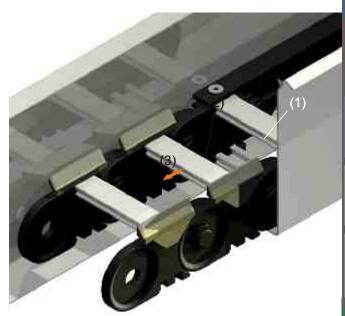
Maintenance of the energy chain

PLE energy chains are maintenance free. Like every mechanical system this will depend on the ambient conditions so wear will occur which must be observed.

In case of the energy chain has to be replaced.

For long travels or in a circular motion, the energy chains are often equipped with sliding elements. These allow sliding of the upper part of the chain on a suitable surface (eg, sliderslider, slider-steel, glide bar).

The sliders wear depends on the application. The slider surfaces should be checked at regular intervals. With a thickness of 1-2 mm sliders have to be replaced.





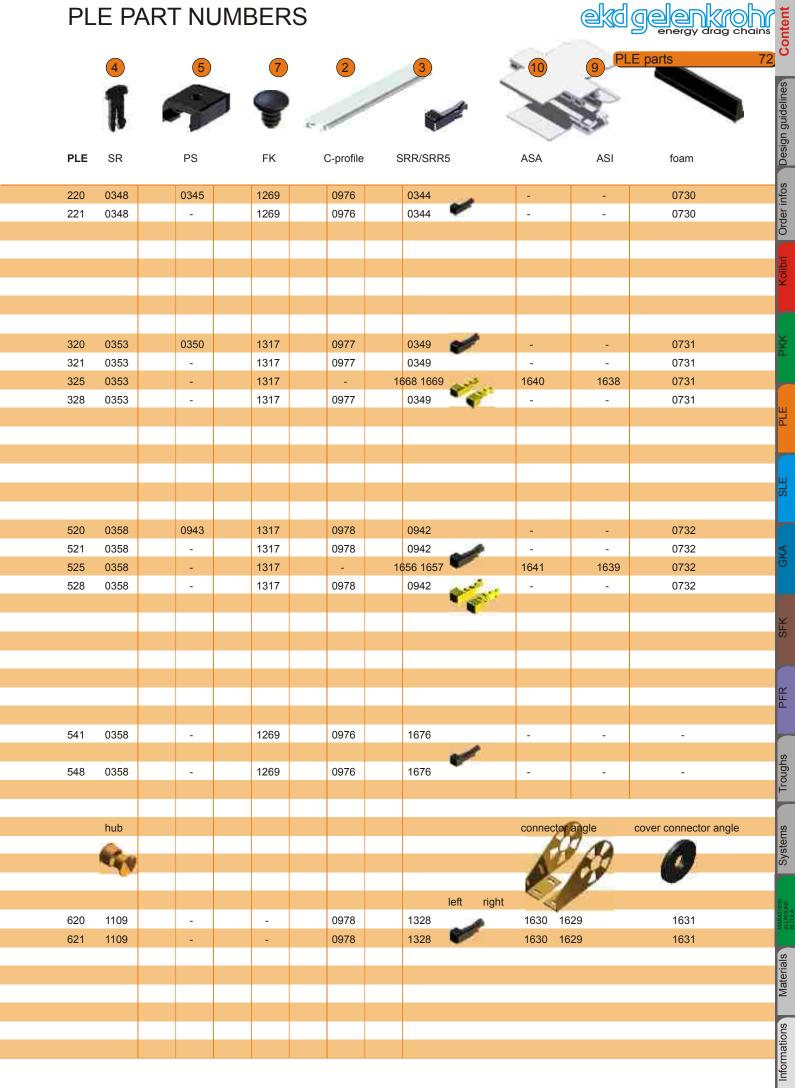
ekd gelenkrohr







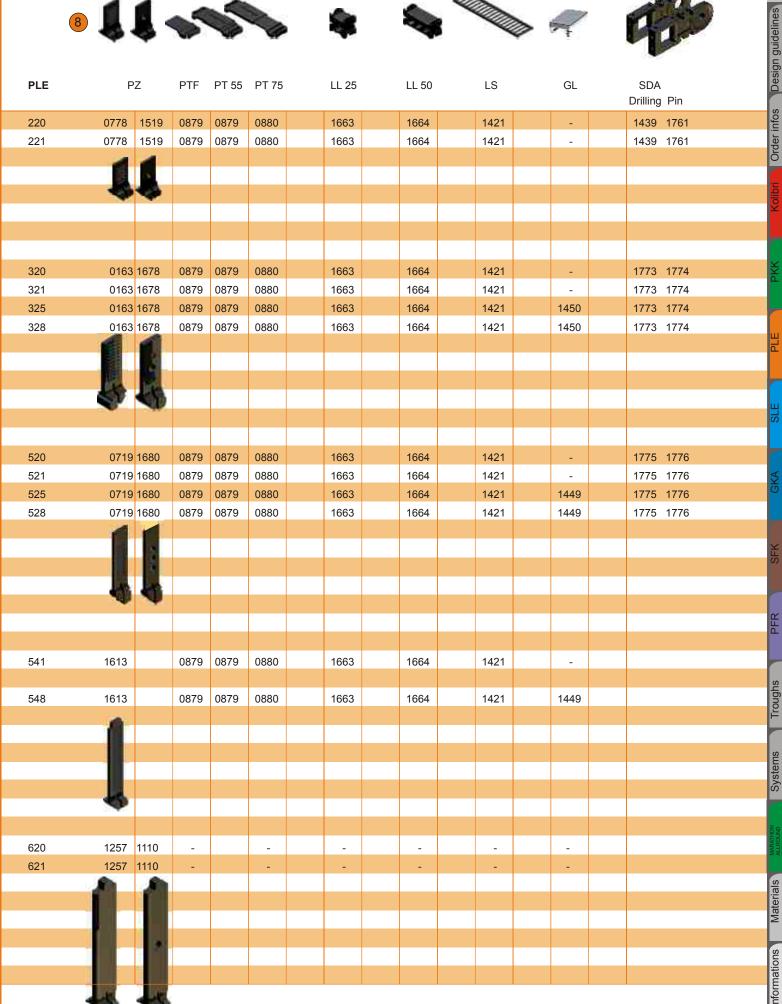
PLE	link					
	R	75	100	150	200	300
220	m.V.	0346	1190	1219	1191	1192
	o.V.	1193	1194	1218	1195	1196
221	m.V.	0346	1190	1219	1191	1192
	o.V.	1193	1194	1218	1195	1196
	R	150	200	250	300	400
320	m.V.	0351	1197	1198	1199	1200
	o.V.	1201	1202	1203	1204	1205
321	m.V.	0351	1197	1198	1199	1200
	o.V.	1201	1202	1203	1204	1205
325	m.V.	0351	1197	1198	1199	1200
	o.V.	1201	1202	1203	1204	1205
328	m.V.	0351	1197	1198	1199	1200
	o.V.	1201	1202	1203	1204	1205
	R	200	250	300	400	500
520	m.V.	0944	1206	1207	1208	1209
	o.V.	1211	1212	1213	1214	1215
521	m.V.	0944	1206	1207	1208	1209
	o.V.	1211	1212	1213	1214	1215
525	m.V.	0944	1206	1207	1208	1209
	o.V.	1211	1212	1213	1214	1215
528	m.V.	0944	1206	1207	1208	1209
	o.V.	1211	1212	1213	1214	1215
	R	200	250	300	400	500
541	m.V.	1611	1607	1608	1609	1610
		XXXX				
548	m V	1611	1607	1608	1609	1610
0.0		Xxxx				
	R	230	300	400	500	700
620		1104				
	o.V.	-	-	-	-	-
621		1104				
	o.V.		-	-		-





PLE parts 72

PLE PART NUMBERS



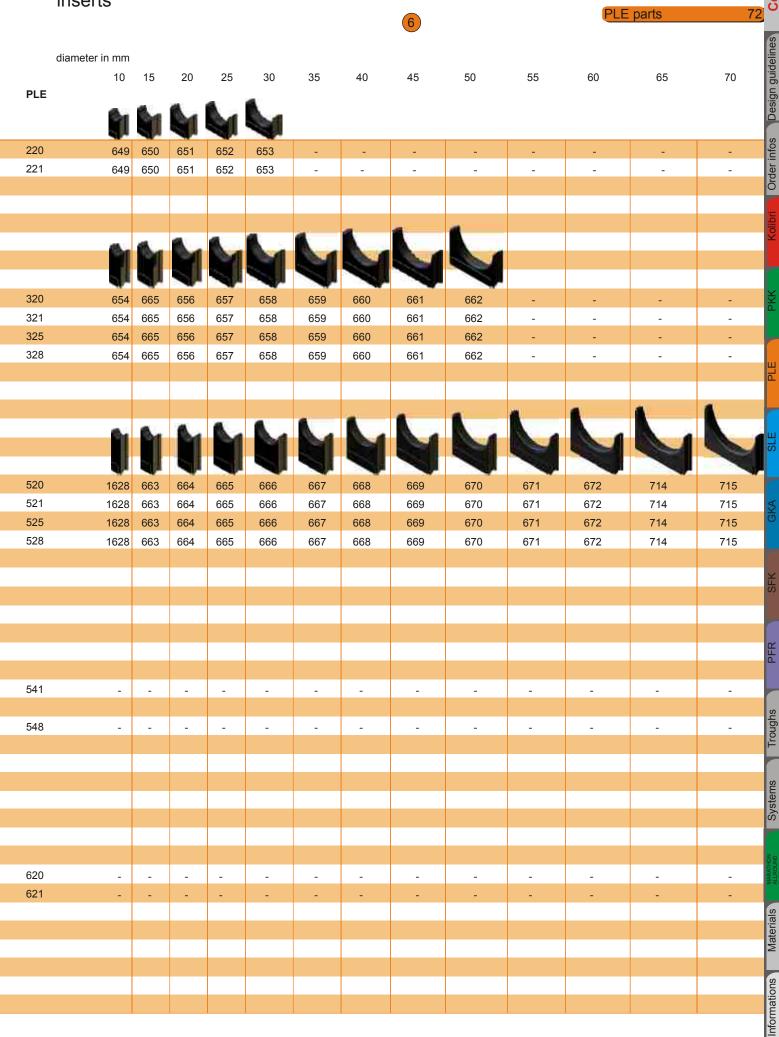
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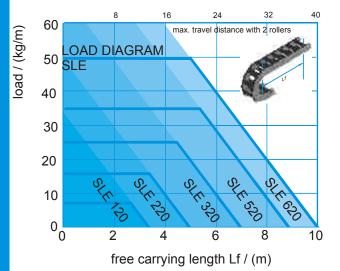


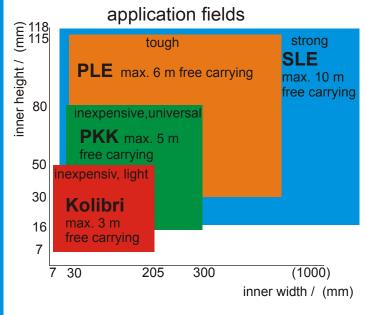
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closed + open





SLE CHARACTERISTICS

The SLE is available as **SLA** with aluminiumin T- or slotprofile, as **SLE** with plastic inserts or plastic slot profile, as **SLS** with foam slot profile, as **SLP** with plastic divider PZ or as **SLR** with pipe or roll stays.



In steel, stainless steel and hardened material is the steel chain in case of large free carrying lengths, large quantities of cables and heavy-duty hydraulic hoses first choice.

stay distributions in many variants stay fast assembly and disassembly simple shortening and lengthening shroud protecting pivot mechanics

Travel

The maximum travel distance is determined by the arrangement and the additional weight (line weight). At normal arrangement the maximum travel is twice the free carrying length. Support rollers or similar constructive steps can increase this value.

In gliding arrangement travel distances up to 100 meters are possible (application dependent).

Exceeding this value additional constructive action is needed (see design guidelines).

Travel speed

The standard and the stainless steel design is limited at 1m/s. Exceeding this and high dynamic loads caused by e.g. vibrations or high number of cycles require the use of the hardened (carburised) material.

Acceleration

The acceleration in principle is not limited. Limits are achieved, by very long chains and line weight that cause extreme tensile forces.

Temperature

The long term operating temperature is -20 °C to 600 °C (-40 ° C stainless steel to 600 °C).

Special types

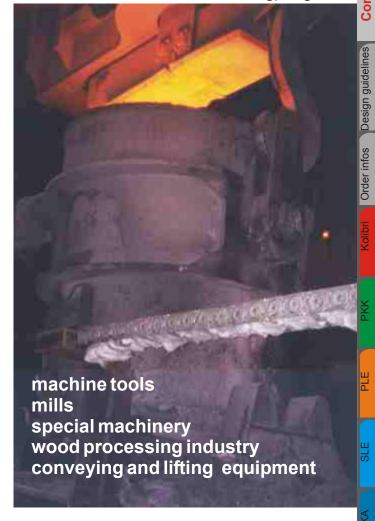
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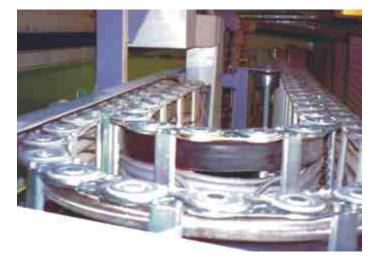
Stainless Steel Carburised (hardened)



SLE APPLICATIONS examples of the state of th









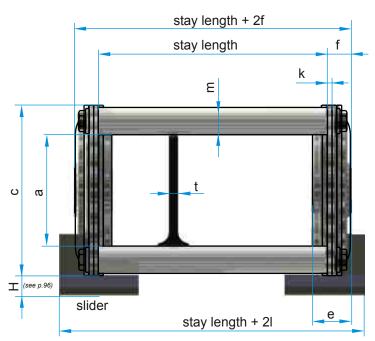


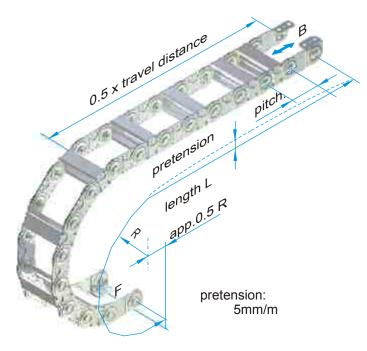


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SLE DIMENSIONS





the usable interior width is stay length - 2(e-f)

SLE	pitch	а	С	е	f	g	h	k	_[1)	m	0	р	t	weight [kg/m]
120, 121, - , 128	50	20	35	10	6	7,5	7	1	9	7	10	20	4	2.3
220, 221, 225, 228	75	31	50	14	8	12	9	1,5	13	9	12	30	4	4.3 (5.8)
320, 321, 325, 328	100	49	75	16	11	17	11	2	18	12	12	50	4	7.9 (9.6)
520, 521, 525, 528	125	68	100	22	14	22	13	3	20	15	12	70	4	15.1 (16.9)
620, 621, 625, 628	175	118	150	22	14	26	13	3	20	15	24	115	8	19.3 (20.9)

the weight is given for the standard type with with a stay length of 100, values in brackets for closed version 1) stay length + 2I is the width of the chain with sliders

bending radius R [mm]

120, 121, - , 128		60	100	150		250							
220, 221, 225, 228			100	150	200	250	300						
320, 321, 325, 3281)				150	200	250	300	400					
520, 521, 525, 528 ¹⁾					200	250	300	400	500				
620, 621, 625 ²⁾ 628 ¹⁾						250	300	400	500	600			

¹⁾ SLE 328 from R200, SLE 528 from R300, SLE 628 from R400 ²⁾ SLE 625 from R300

the stay lengths are offered in steps of 1 mm

stay length	SLE	E plast	ic inse	erts Ø	[mm]	

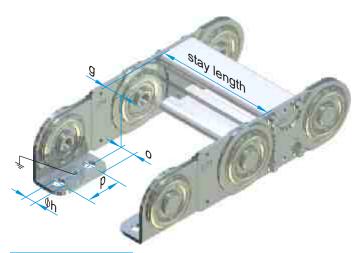
	Stay length	OLL	- piasi	10 11130	, 1 to D	[]		1000	1						
120, 121, - , 128	40 800														
220, 221, 225, 228	50 900	10	15	20	25	30									
320, 321, 325, 328	60 1000	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50					
520, 521, 525, 528	70 1200	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	
620, 621, 625, 628	1001200														

order example: travel distance 3 m, bending radius 200 mm, cables: 1x15 mm, 8x8 mm, 3x12 mm, 2x22 mm

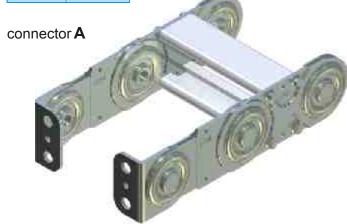
normal arrangemet



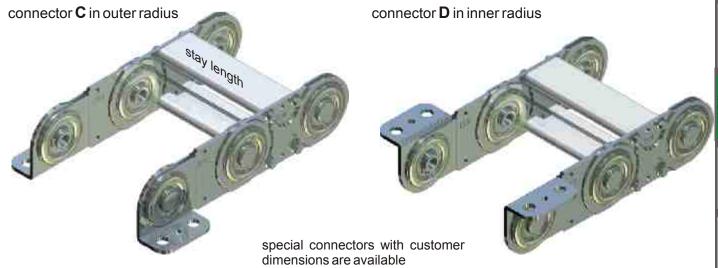
			,,	,,			
SLP 220	/ 200 x	2325	/ 200	/N/N	1)	/ 5 P2	Z 1 PT55
type	/ radius	Х	length	/ stay length	/ connectors	/ arrangement	/ stay distribution



SLE	connector screws
120	M 6
220	M 8
320	M10
520	M12
620	M12







Order infos Design guidelines

Kol

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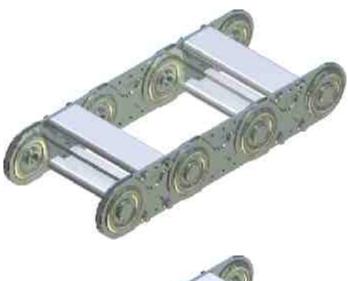
ns

systems

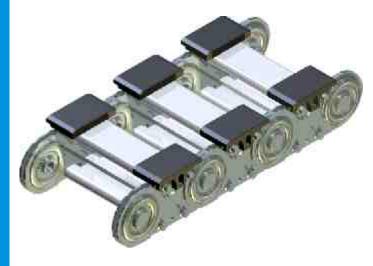
MARATHOT ALLROUND FITOLA

ormations









SLE TYPES

SLE 120, 220, 320, 520, 620

The standard type is build with stays in every second chain link. The steel link energy chains can be opened in the inner and in the outer bending radius.

order example

SLP 120 /100 x 2050 /100 / D / E / h / 2PZ radius length stayw. connect. arran. stay dist.

SLE 121, 221, 321, 521,621

These designs are made with stays in each link. This increases the lateral stability and improves the guiding particularly of smaller diameter lines.

order example

SLP 321 / 100 x 3100 / 200 / N / N / n / 5PZ, 3PT radius length stayw. connect. arran. stay dist.

SLE 225, 325, 525, 625

The closed types offer optimum protection of the lines against dust and cuts or other environmental influences. At higher temperatures the covers Silver Star provide excellent protection.

The closed types also may be built to replace the standard version stay.

order example

SLP 225 /200 x 2550 / 150 / N / N type radius length stayw. connectors

SLE 128, 228, 328, 528, 628

These types are suitable for long travel, the upper strand slides on the lower strand. For greater stability these energy chains are build with stays in each link. The energy chains are fitted with sliders, which have a very low coefficient of friction ($\mu = 0.2 \text{ to } 0.25$).

After reaching the wear limit the slider can be renewed and the energy chain will continue.

order example

/200 x 45000 / 250 / N / N / g / 3PZ type radius length stayw. connect. arran. stay dist.

Materials

Informations

Compared to standard chains the SLE series is characterized by the fact that the sturdy aluminium profile can be steplessly adapted to the requirements. Stay lengths of up to 1500 mm can be provided. The subdivision of the interior satisfies every requirement and guarantees optimized cable protection, even at very high accelerations and travel speeds.

The SLA (SLE with aluminum T-profile or aluminium slotprofile) is a highly customized and robust energy chain, which is chosen primarily for larger dimensions. The stays are milled in accordance with the requirements of the user with individual hole patterns.

SLE TYPES

For extreme applications, the variants SLA, SLS and SLE should be preferred, since these offer optimize cable guiding.

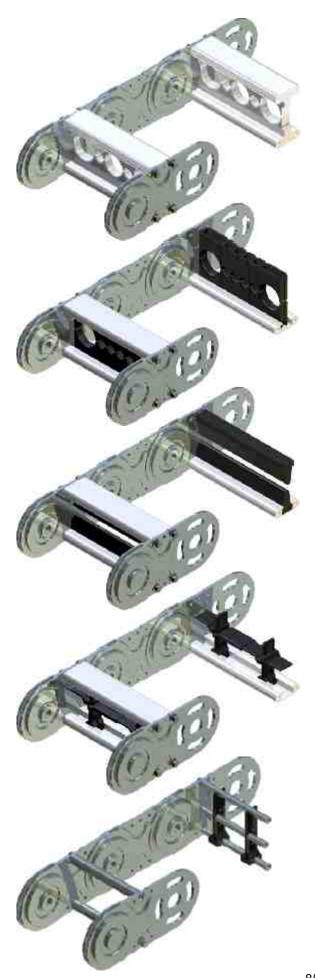
In the case of high speed and acceleration a multi-layer arrangement of the cable should be avoided.

The SLE (SLE with plastic inserts or plastic slot-profile) ensures at high speeds a perfect guide and almost excludes errors during installation of the lines. With this design the hole pattern of the stays can be adjusted accurately to the needs of the lines. Plastic inserts are available in a 5 mm grid. The plastic slot-profile can be ordered to suit special requirements.

For limited installation space, the SLS (SLE with foam slotprofile) are used. Again, the optimal guiding of the lines at high speeds and acceleration is ensured. Well-known automotive manufacturers have used this type for years with the best experiences. All lines lie in the neutral axis of the energy chain.

For space reasons, the SLP (SLE with plastic divider PZ and others) can be selected. This inexpensive design allows the guiding of large amounts of cable. The highly variable distribution possibility through small steps of (3mm) in height, plus the Telescopic divider (PT) allows maximum space for all needs, even when changes in cable diametres are required.

The SLR (SLE with a pipe or roll stays) is manufactured only upon request. The pipe stay allows special material combinations, such as the exclusion of aluminum or the use of stainless steel and brass. The roll bar has advantages particularly for heavy lines with high friction and wear in terms of durability of the cables and hoses: Relative movements on the energy chain are compensated by the rolling motion of the stays.



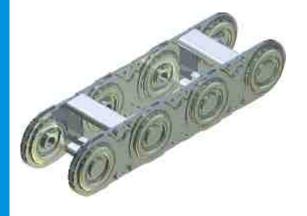
Informations













SLE SIZES

SLE 120

standard type height: 35 width: 52... 812 inner height: 20 inner width: 40 ... 800

SLE 220

standard type height: 50 width: 66 ... 916 inner height: 31 inner width: 50 ... 900

SLE 320

standard type height: 75 width: 80 ... 1020 inner height: 49 inner width: 60 ... 1000

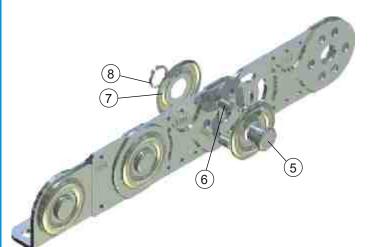
SLE 520

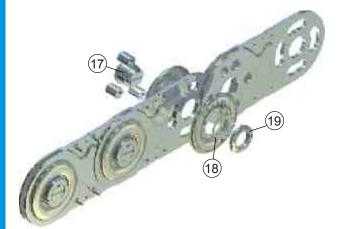
standard type height: 100 width: 98 ... 1028 70 ... 1500 inner height: 68 inner width:

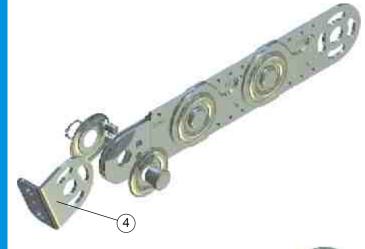
SLE 620

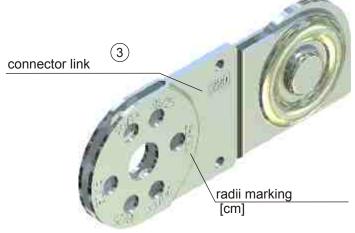
standard type height: 150 width: 128 ... 1228 inner height: 118 inner width: 100 ... 1500 1 link 2 connector link single connector link double connector angle flange bolt radius bolt cover plate retaining ring aluminum C-profile 10 serrated screw 11 plastic (vertical) divider 12 outer cover 13 spacer 14 inner cover 15 band holder 16 band (steel / stainless steel) 17 threaded bolt 18 lock washer 19 locknut 20 plastic inserts 21 foam 22 slider 23 aluminium-T-profile 24 pipe stay 25 flange rollers (16)(15) The use of steel chains with steel bands (16) is limited to energy chains with a maximum length of 6 m. For reasons of rigidity longer energy chains have to be build by using the silver star covers.











SLE ASSEMBLY

Packaging

ekd energy chains are supplied in secured device packaging. When removing the packaging and moving the energy chains or parts of them, ensure that the energy chains are free of torsion and tension to avoid mechanical damage.

Lengthening or shortening

If energy chains are delivered in pieces, proceed with the installation as follows:

Push the link together (1) and insert the flange bolts (5) with a shroud (7) in the chain outside. Then build the radius by inserting the radius bolts (6) (see chart for correct radius). Finally put on the inner shroud (7) and fit the retaining ring (8). Roll the energy chain to check that the radius is correct throughout its length.

Shortening in the reverse order:

Loosen the retaining rings (8), pull out the flange bolts (5), lifting the shroud (7), pull the radius bolts (6) and remove the links (1).

Energy chains with threaded bolts instead of the retaining rings (8), first unlock the locking plates (18) to solve the locknuts (19). Thereafter, the threaded bolts (17) and pins (6) can be removed and taken from the links (1).

Implement the connector angle

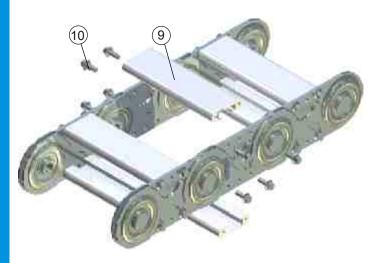
The connector angles (4) are orientated to the outer radius and to the chain center (normal end mounted). By loosening the retaining rings (8), drag the flange bolts (5), lift off the shroud (7) and pull the radius bolts (6) the connector angles (4) can be disassembled and placed in a different position.

Bending radius

Loosen the retaining rings (1) and lift off the shrouds (7). Implement the radius bolts (6) according to table (page 89). Then mounting the shrouds (7) and retaining Rings (1). The detachable bolts position for the different radii can be found engraved on the double connector links (3).

							Cou
asser	nbly c	of radi	us bo	lts		riange poit	
SLE	120	220	320	520	620	retaining ring	Design guidelines
radius	60	100	150	200	250	(marking in the	K Kolibri Order infos
radius	100	150	200	250	300	(marking in the outer radius)	SLE PLE PK
radius	150	200	250	300	400	(marking in the outer radius)	PFR SFK GKA
radius	250	250	300	400	500		Systems Troughs
radius	-	300	400	500	600		iformations Materials MAR



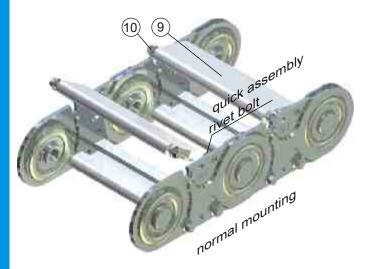


SLE Assembly

Stay removal

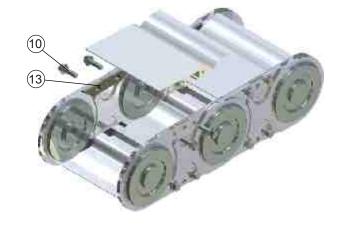
The stays (9) are fastened with serrated screws (10) to the links (1). They can be removed by unscrewing the four screws (10).

Stay lengths up to 600 mm are available with quick assembly.



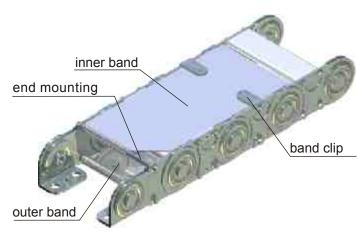
Quick assembly

In quick assembly only two screws must be tightened or loosed. The stays (9) are moved with the groove on the rivet and the serrated screw (10) snapped in the recess and tightened.



Cover Silver Star

The covers of the closed version can be removed like the stays by loosening the four serrated screws (10). The spacers (13) remain on the links.



Stainless steel bands

To protect the lines against external damage and pollution the chains can be equiped with steel or stainless steel bands in the inner and outer radius. The edges of the steel bands are circular smoothed to avoid injury. Stainless steel and steel bands are fastened with band holders screwed on sides and with screwed connections on each end of the chain.

The installation height should not fall below the level H = (50) plus two times bend radius plus link height).

The pretension of cable carrier is taken into account with the additional space of 50 mm.

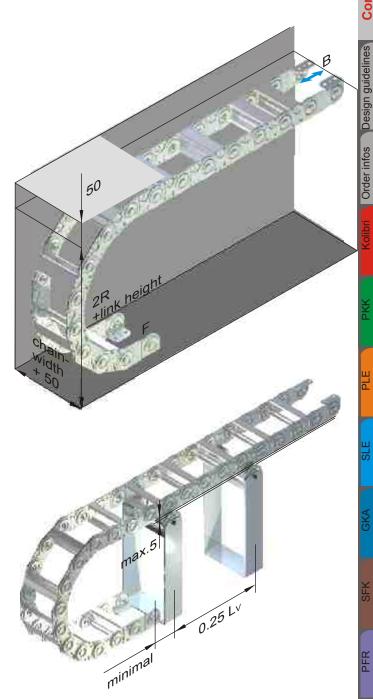
First fasten fixed connection (F) and then mount the movable connection using the specified bolt size (see SLE connec-tors).

Compliance with the maximum free carrying length is of vital importance for the life time of the energy chain, both during the installation as well as when operational. Over travel of the energy chain can lead to damage and premature wear.

If the energy chain is provided with support elements, the assembly of these must take place before the installation of the chain in order to avoid even a short-term stress point.

An energy chain may never exceed the free carrying length without support rollers.

The height of the moved connector must be adjusted so that the connector link is moving with a maximum of 5 mm distance from the base of the supporting roller.



Maintenance of the energy chain

PLE energy chains are maintenance free. Like every mechanical system this will depend on the ambient conditions so wear will occur which must be observed.

In case of the energy chain has to be exchanged.

For long travels or in a circular motion, the energy chains are often equipped with sliding elements. These allow sliding of the upper part of the chain on a suitable surface (eg, slider-slider, slider-steel, glide bar).

The sliders wear depends on the application. The slider surfaces should be checked at regular intervals. With a thickness of 1-2 mm sliders have to be replaced.

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Systems



ekd gelenkrohr energy drag chains







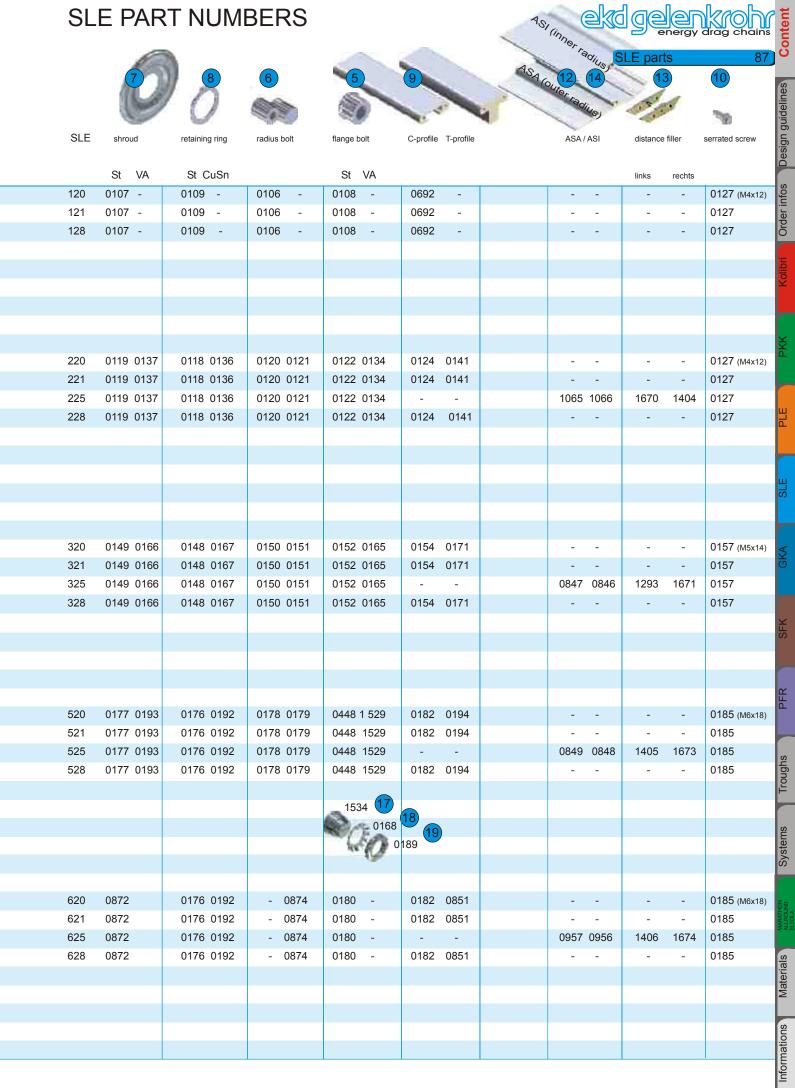
		00, 100	, 200									
	galv.	carbur.	Stainl.steel	galv.	carbur.	StainI.steel	galv.	carbur.	Stainl.steel	galv.	carbur.	stainl.steel
120	0110	-	1738	0104	-	-	0105	-	-	0064	-	1732
121	0110	-	1738	0104	-	-	0105	-	-	0064	-	1732
128	0110	-	1738	0104	-	-	0105	-	-	0064	-	1732

	R 100	, 150, 20	00, 250, 300									
	galv.	carbur.	Stainl.steel	galv.	carbur.	StainI.steel	galv.	carbur.	Stainl.steel	galv.	carbur.	stainl.steel
220	0117	0821	1739	0115						0114		
221	0117	0821	1739	0115						0114		
225	0117	0821	1739	0115						0114		
228	0117	0821	1739	0115						0114		

	R 150,	200, 2	50, 300, 400									
	galv.	carbur.	Stainl.steel	galv.	carbur.	StainI.steel	galv.	carbur.	StainI.steel	galv.	carbur.	stainl.steel
320	0147	1725	1726	0145		1720	0146		1721	0144		1719
321	0147	1725	1726	0145		1720	0146		1721	0144		1719
325	0147	1725	1726	0145		1720	0146		1721	0144		1719
328	0147	1725	1726	0145		1720	0146		1721	0144		1719

	R 200, 250, 3	00, 400,	500									
	galv. carbur.	Stainl.stee	el	galv.	carbur.	StainI.steel	galv.	carbur.	StainI.steel	galv.	carbur.	stainl.steel
520 / 510	0703 / 0175	1727	1730	0173		1689	0174		1690	0172		1536
521 / 511	0703 / 0175	1727	1730	0173		1689	0174		1690	0172		1536
525 / 515	0703 / 0175	1727	1730	0173		1689	0174		1690	0172		1536
528 / 518	0703 / 0175	1727	1730	0173		1689	0174		1690	0172		1536

	R 250, 300,	400, 500, 600									
	galv. carbur.	Stainl.steel	galv.	carbur.	Stainl.steel	galv.	carbur.	StainI.steel	galv.	carbur.	Stainl.steel
620	0878	-	0877			0876			0844		
621	0878	-	0877			0876			0844		
625	0878	-	0877			0876			0844		
628	0878	-	0877			0876			0844		



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SLE PART NUMBERS



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plastic inserts



SLE parts

diamete													
SLE	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70
120	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	-
121	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
128	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-	4	4	4								
000	S 46	050	OF 1	OF C	050								
220 221	649 649		651 651	652 652	653	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
225	649		651	652	653 653	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
228	649		651	652	653	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
220	043	550	001	002	333			_			_	_	_
						roat.		4	4				
	4	6 .	٨.	1	A .								
	4		4	4		4	4		7				
320	654	665	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	-	-	-	-
321	654	665	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	-	-	-	-
325	654	665	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	-	-	-	-
328	654	665	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	- man	-	-	-
	- Ti	4 0	4	•	•	A	•	1	1				N.
	81												
			4			7	J		4				
	2.00	-	-	0.00		_			1 1 2 2 2 3 2		~~	200	
520	1628	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	714	715
521	1628		664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	714	715
525	1628	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	714	715
528	1628	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	714	715
620	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
621	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
625	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
628	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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SLE	plastic- insert profile	aluminium insert profile	foam	sliders	flange rollers (complete)
120	-	-	-		
121	-	-	-		
128	-	-	-	1443	
				H=3,5	
220	0 827	1649	0730		1069
221	0 827	1649	0730		1069
225	0 827	1649	0730		1069
228	0 827	1649	0730	1444	C
	6 4.	D.		H=7,5	
	The same of the sa			,•	
320	1646	1650	0731		1070
321	1646	1650	0731		1070
325	1646	1650	0731		1070
328	1646	1650	0731	1445 1448 H	=9,5
	Day.	Port of			1 60 3c
			-		
520	1647	1651	0732		1071
521	1647	1651	0732		1071
525	1647	1651	0732		1071
528	1647	1651	0732	1446 H=9	
	Sec.	200			
		No.			
					A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
					413
620	1648	1652	_		1071
621	1648	1652	-		1071
625	1648	1652	-		1071
628	1648	1652	-	1447	_
	1	0.00			H=9

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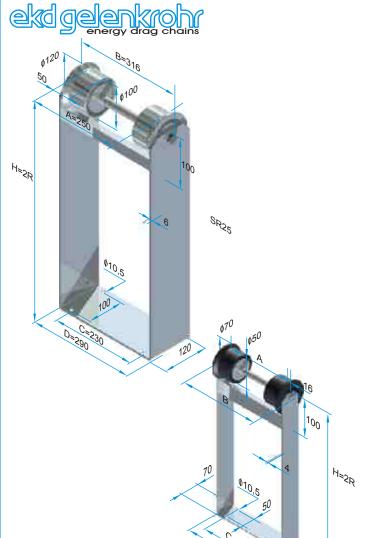






				disc	glide	nut	screw	damping element	SLE
				VA	St vz				
			D45						
			0693 0969 (compl.)		0694				120
			0693 0969 (compl.)		0694				121
			0693 0969 (compl.)		0694				128
		D70	D55						
		0129 0964 (compl.)	0128 0963 ckompl.)	0138	0123	0825	0826	0819	220
		0129 0964 (compl.)	0128 0963 (compl.)	0138	0123	0825	0826	0819	221
		0129 0964 (compl.)	0128 0963 (compl.)	0138	0123	0825	0826	0819	225
		0129 0964 (compl.)	0128 0963 (compl.)	0138	0123	0825	0826	0819	228
		((30)						5
		D95	D80						
		0159 0966 (compl.)	0158 0965 (compl.)	1718	0153	0825	0826	0819	320
		0159 0966 (compl.)	0158 0965 (compl.)	1718	0153	0825	0826	0819	321
		0159 0966 (compl.)	0158 0965 (compl.)	1718	0153	0825	0826	0819	325
		0159 0966 (compl.)	0158 0965 (compl.)	1718	0153	0825	0826	0819	328
		D120	D105						
		0187 0968 1575 (br.)	0186 0967(compl.)		0181			0819	520
		0187 0968 1575 (br.)	0186 0967(compl.)		0181			0819	521
		0187 0968 1575 (br.)	0186 0967(compl.)		0181			0819	525
		0187 0968 1575 (br.)	0186 0967(compl.)		0181			0819	528
D170	D155								
1539	1538								620
1539	1538								621
1539	1538								625
1539	1538								628
									,,

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SLE ACCESSORIES

Support brackets and support rollers

Support rollers are used when half of the travel exceeds the free carrying length (Lv> 2LF).

Support rollers allow four times extension of travel distance (see design guidelines).

The order of support rollers SR with support brackets for SLE (Ø100 for all sizes) contains the following information:

SR width of support [cm] / Ø 100 x height of bracket

The width of the support (A) depends on the width of the energy chain (see table).

The height (H) of the support depends on the bending radius of the used energy chain: H = 2R + max. 5mm

For example, bend radius 200 mm, stay length 215 mm:

SR 25/Ø 100 x 400

The steel support rollers are delivered with robust highquality support frames.

The height of the moved connector must be adjusted with a maximum 5mm distance from the base of the supporting

As an alternative to steel rollers SR, plastic support rollers PR for plastic chains are available.

PR	А	В	С	D	
6	60	126	40	100	
10	100	166	80	140	
15	150	216	130	190	
20	200	266	180	240	
25	250	316	230	290	
30	300	366	280	340	
35	350	416	330	390	
40	400	466	380	440	
45	450	516	430	490	
50	500	566	480	540	
55	550	616	530	590	
60	600	666	580	640	
65	650	716	630	690	
70	700	766	680	740	
75	750	816	730	790	
80	800	866	780	840	
85	850	916	830	890	
90	900	966	880	940	
95	950	1016	930	990	
100	1000	1066	980	1040	

SR	A intermed	B	C ons on reques	D	
10	100	166	80	140	
15	150	216	130	190	
20	200	266	180	240	
25	250	316	230	290	
30	300	366	280	340	
35	350	416	330	390	
40	400	466	380	440	
45	450	516	430	490	
50	500	566	480	540	
55	550	616	530	590	
60	600	666	580	640	
65	650	716	630	690	
70	700	766	680	740	
75	750	816	730	790	

Dimension of PR and SR are depending on the chain width:

A = stay length + 2f + 20

Flange rollers

The flange rollers are used for very long chains in combination with a support railing with supporting rollers and support frames (see design guidelines).

Guide rollers for steel chains

Guide rollers are used for steel chains in arrangement u (moving end downside, see arrangements). In this case provide a trough or a corresponding support rail.

	٧
SL 220	44
SL 320	46
SL 520	50
SL 620	50

Gliding discs for steel chains

For the SLE in arrangement w (lying horizontally on the side) for the longest travel distance or in arrangement k (circular) gliding discs are used. The gliding discs are made of high quality, highly abrasion-resistant materials. In both arrangements a guide is necessary.

Shelf troughs for steel chains

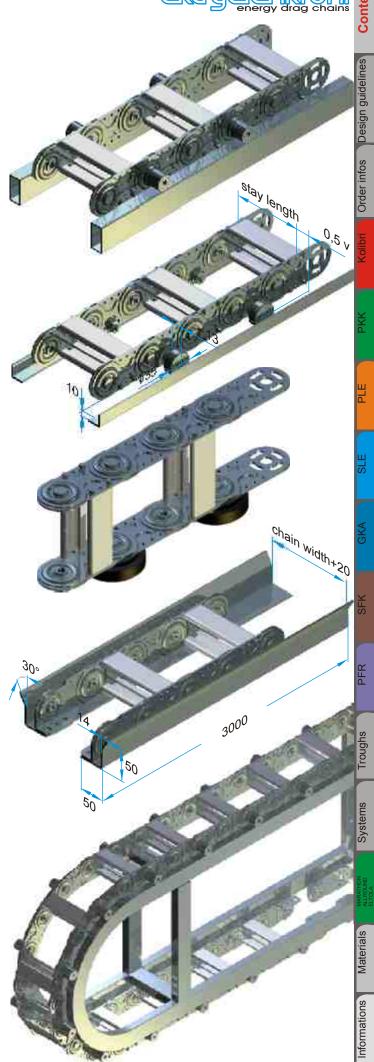
Shelf troughs consist of two standard angular channels that are welded together from 3m lengths. Shelf troughs will be used if a smooth and precise guidance of steel chains is necessary.

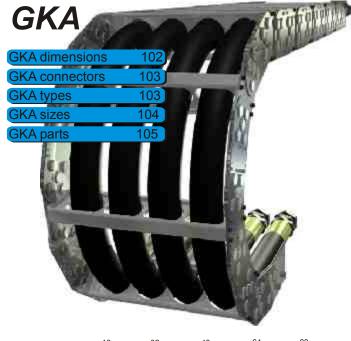
Important for the assembly: Weld angular channels smooth and without any offset and clean the weld seams. In the entire shelf area no projections or obstructions may be present (eg, screw heads, nuts,).

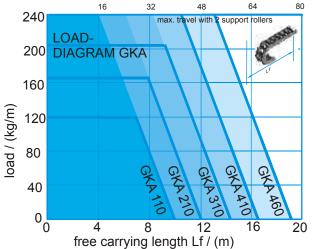
Support carriage for steel chains

Steel chains with support carriage are used for long travel distances and very high additional weights in a counterchain arrangement. With side-mounted guide rollers the energy chains are supported on the support carriage.

Technical Features: No push - just pull-tension, large travel distances, extreme additional loads, smooth running, long life.







500 inner height / (mm) GKA max. 20 m free carrying 120 SLE max. 10 m free carrying

application range

(1000)inner width / (mm)

GKA characteristics

The GKA is characterized by the highest stability compared to standard chains, with almost unlimited dimensions and the choice of material.

The interior is custom formed and thus guarantees an optimal cable guiding.

Stay lengths up to 1200 mm are possible.

The bending radius can be created according to customer specifications if required.

Dimensions

bend radius:	200	to	mm
inner height:	118	to	468 mm
inner width:	100	to	1500 mm
energy chain weight:	25	to	85 kg/m

Travel

The maximum travel distance is determined by the arrangement and the additional weight (line weight). At normal arrangement maximum travel is double the chain length minus the arc of the chain radius. Support rollers or similar constructive steps can increase this value.

Travel speed

The standard and the stainless steel type are limited at 1 m/ s. Exceeding this and high dynamic loads caused by eg vibrations need the use of carburated material.

Acceleration

The acceleration in principle is not limited. However limits may exist if very long chains and line weights cause extreme tensile forces.

Service temperature

The operating temperature is -20 ° C up to 600 ° C (stainless steel -40 ° C up to 600 ° C).

GKA with aluminum profile

A highly customized and robust design that is used mainly in larger steel chains. The stays are created according to the specifications of the user:



GKR with rods

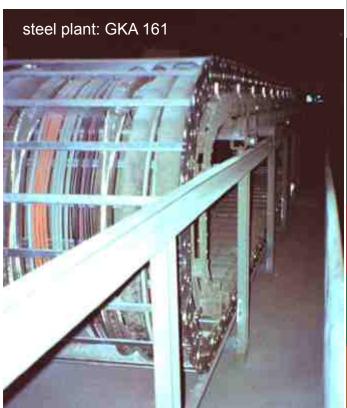
Made of stainless steel this energy chain is generally offered for off-shore, since aluminum is not suitable for these applications. The chains can be seperated into different sections by additional stainless steel dividers:



GKP with plastic dividers

These stays can be especially used for heavy mechanical engineering. The advantages in comparison to the GKA (aluminum profile) are in the price, the weight and space savings.









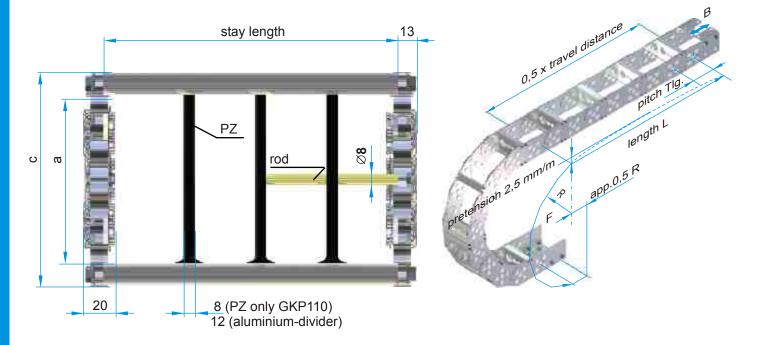
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Order infos Design guidelines

Systems



GKA DIMENSIONS



GKA	bending radius	Tlg. pitch	а	С	0	р	weight ¹⁾ kg/m
110	as specified (>200)	175	118	150	230	110	25
160	as specified (>250)	225	168	200	300	160	30
210	as specified (>300)	275	218	250	370	210	40
260	as specified (>400)	325	268	300	430	260	45
310	as specified (>450)	375	318	350	500	310	55
360	as specified (>550)	425	368	400	560	360	65
410	as specified (>600)	475	418	450	620	410	75
460	as specified (>700)	525	468	500	680	460	85

^{*1)}weight for stay length 500

The bending radius is freely choosen after consultation. It is advantageous to adjust the bending radius of the chain to achieve a minimal polygon effect.

Stay lengths are available in steps of 1 mm.

The usable interior width is stay length minus 14 mm

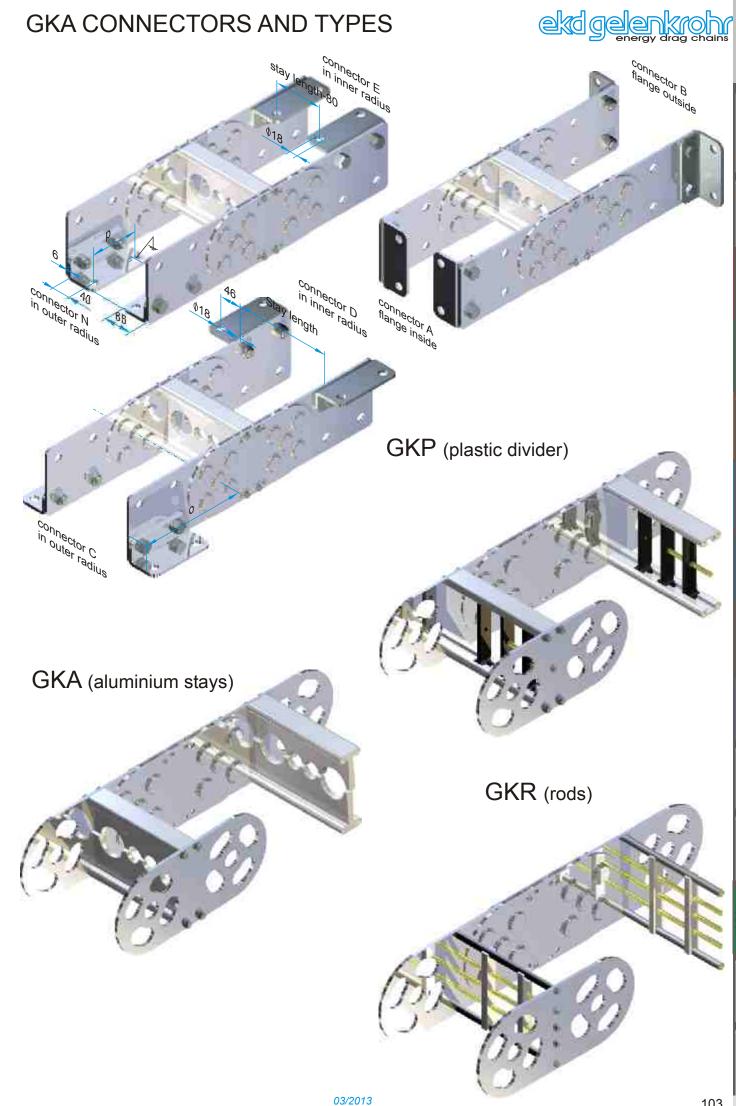
Stay types and connectors may vary from those representations. Energy chains GKA are custom made in consultation with the client, usually from drawing. Item numbers are not given for this reason.

For energy chains type GKA chooce the order length as an uneven multiple of the pitch.

order example:	max. travel distance 2	20,9 m,	bend radius 800 m	m, normal constellation

GKA 460 / 80) x 14	1175 / 1000	/ N/N	acc. drawing
type / rad	ıs x le	ength /staylengtl	/ connector	s

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Order infos Design guidelines



GKA 110

height 150, width and bending radius as specified

.GKA 160

height 200, width and bending radius as specified

GKA210

height 250, width and bending radius as specified

GKA 260

height 300, width and bending radius as specified

GKA310

height 350, width and bending radius as specified

GKA360

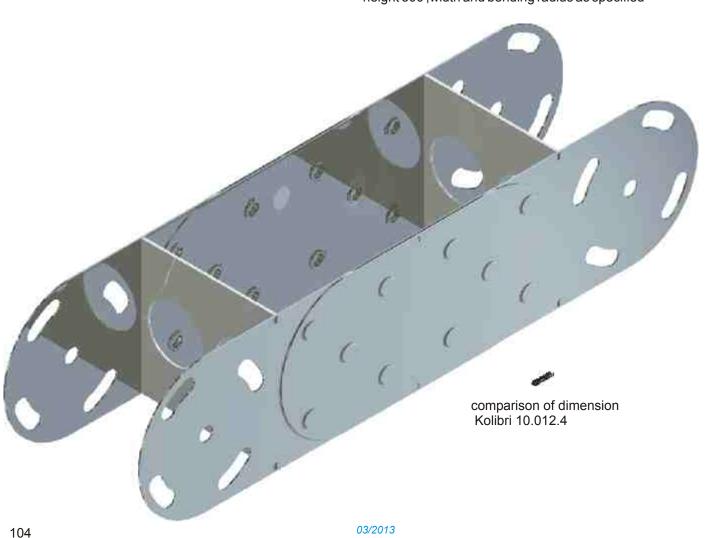
height 400, width and bending radius as specified

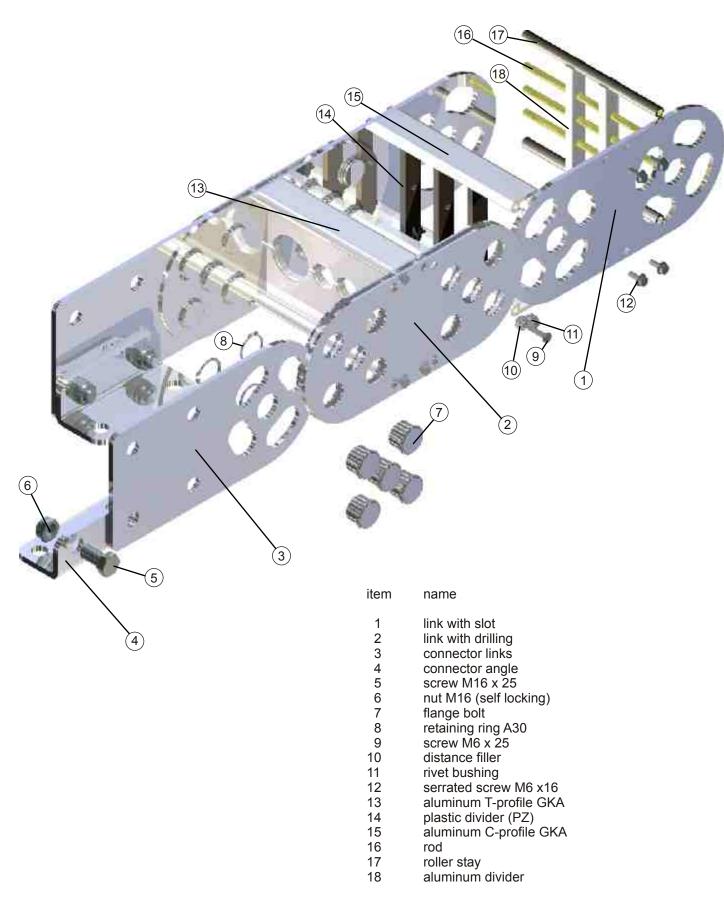
GKA410

height 450, width and bending radius as specified

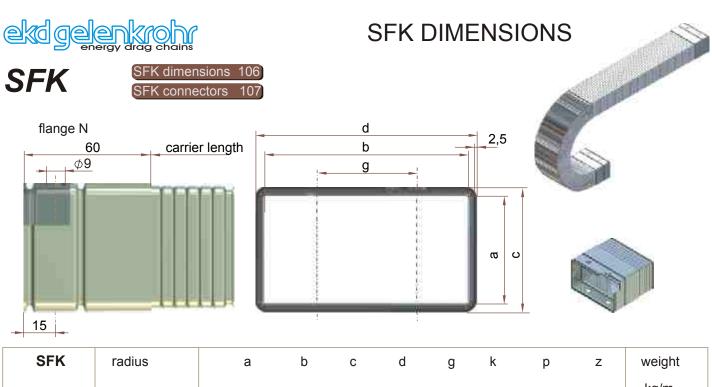
GKA460

height 500, width and bending radius as specified

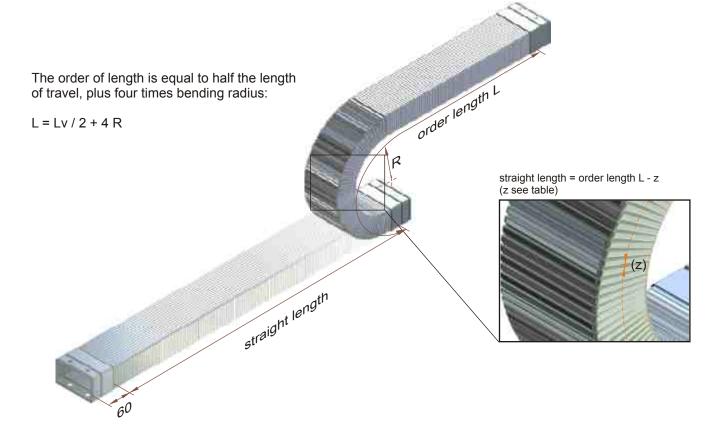








SFK	radius	а	b	С	d	g	k	р	Z	weight kg/m
22 N	100 / 150	40	79	45	85	50	30,5	71	65	3.0
22 H	150 / 200	56	80	60	85	50	30,5	86	90	3.5
22 S	200	78	78	85	85	50	30,5	111	130	5.1
32 N	150 / 200	54	109	60	115	80	30,5	86	90	4.8
32 H	200 / 250	75	110	80	115	80	30,5	106	120	5.3
32 S	300	109	109	115	115	80	30,5	141	175	6.6



order example:	max.	max. travel distance 3 m, bending radius 100 mm, standard arrangement									
SFK 32N / 100	Х	1900	/	N/N							
type / radius	Х	length	1	connectors	/ arrangement						

SFK Characteristics

The chain consists of a rectangular, galvanized steel spiral band and mounted in inner radius is a spring steel band. The SFK offers large usable cross-sections at low external dimensions and optimum line protection. At low cantilever lengths the SFK is ideal for areas with hot chips and sparks.

The temperature range is between -40 ° and +180 ° C.

SFK connectors 10 LOAD DIAGRAM 8 6 load / (kg/m) 2 0 free carrying length Lf / (m)

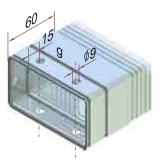
SFK Flanges

Flange N

Standard is the low priced flange N, each with four mounting holes.



flange N

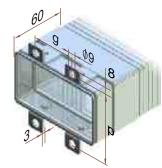


Flange A

With countersunk screws, knurled nuts and angles the standard flange N changes to flange A.



flange A

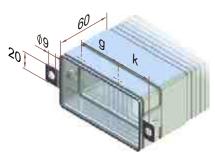


Flange B

Flange B is connected laterally with angles. The holes of standard flanges N are omitted.

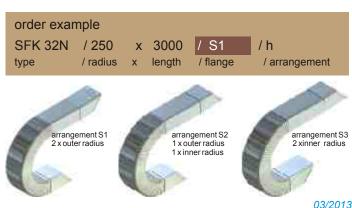
order exar	mple				
SFK 32N type	/ 250 / radius			/ B B	/ h / arrangement
туре	/ raulus	X	lengui	/ lialige	/ arrangement

flange B

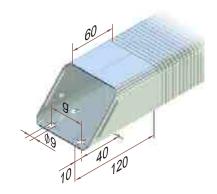


Scoop mount

Scoop mount complements the diversity of the possible connector types.

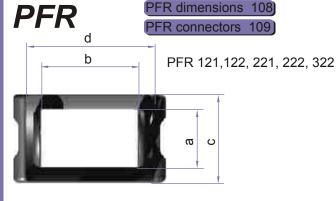


scoop bracket

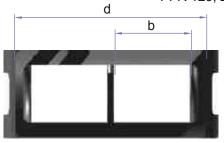


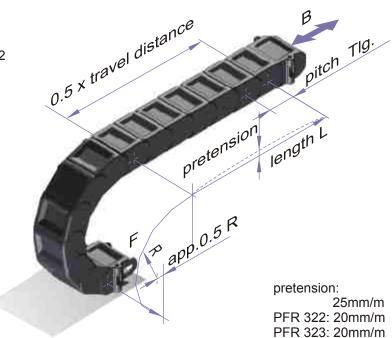
ekd gelenkrohr

PFR DIMENSIONS



PFR 123, 223, 323





PFR	radius		а	b	С	d	f	g	h	i	k	k N	р	ри	W	weight
		pitch														kg/m
121	75 / 150	35	23	23	35	35	6	0	5	9	5,5	61	25	61	20	0,7
122	75 / 150	35	23	38	35	50	6	20	5	9	5,5	56	25	61	20	1,2
123	75 / 150	35	23	30	35	75	6	45	5	9	5,5	56	25	61	20	1,5
221	100 / 200	50	34	36	50	50	8	20	6	11,5	5,5	56	40	76	25	1,6
222	100 / 200	50	34	86	50	100	8	70	6	11,5	5,5	56	40	76	25	2,1
223	100 / 200	50	34	66	50	150	8	120	6	11,5	5,5	56	40	76	25	2,8
322	150 / 300	65	57	134	75	150	10	120	8	15	5,5	56	65	101	35	3,2
323	150 / 300	65	57	103	75	225	10	195	8	15	5,5	56	65	101	35	4,6



Dismantling PFR

The pins (3x12mm) of the dismantling tools are inserted into the provided openings, dismantling tools compress and pull apart the carrier.

order example:		travel 3 m, bend radius 200 mm, plastic connectors, arrangement hanging						
PF	R 222	/ 200	Х	2300	/	KK	/	h
ty	/ре	/ radius	Х	length	/	connectors	/	arrangement

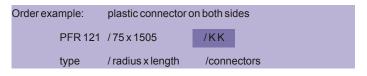
PFR characteristics

The plastic tube PFR is a closed design with excellent protection from dirt and damage caused by chips or the like. In the types PFR 123, 223 and 323 the cables are kept in two separate chambers.

PFR with metallic finish is a ekd specialty that mainlz occurs in applications with hot chips and sparks. Due to the high surface temperature conductivity and scratch resistance there are no limits for this surface coating. In addition this type has an exceptionally high quality look with the shiny metallic surface.



The plastic end connector can be installed at any point in the chain, whereby a portion of the tube can serve as a static line.



Headside flange connector PFR

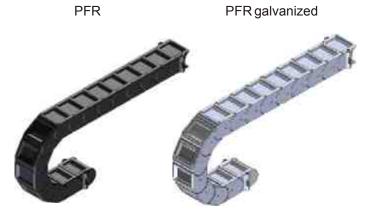
The headside bracket is used for assembly on top or front of the machine. A combination of frontal and end connection is possible.

Order example:	plastic connector a	nd headside flange
PFR 121	/75 x 1505	/KSFA
type	/radius x length	/ connectors

Normal flange (steel) brackets

Normal flanges made of steel can be supplied on request.

Ordering example:	N flange and flang	eA
PFR 121	/75 x 1505	/NA
type	/ radius x length	/connectors

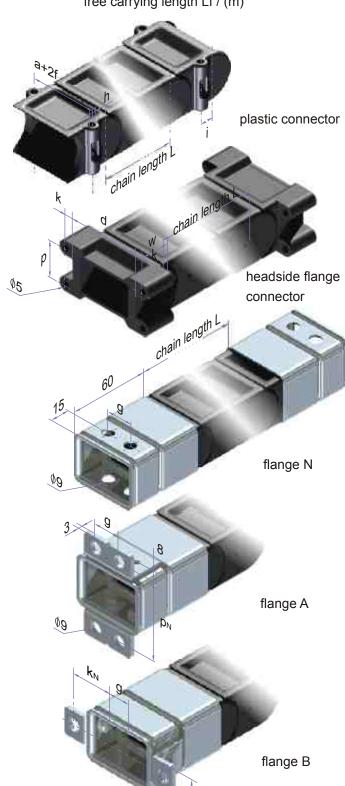


Order infos Design guidelines

Materials

nformations

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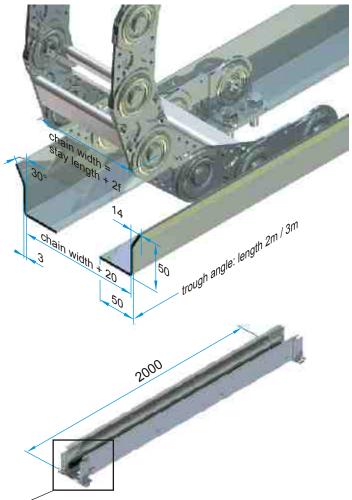


TROUGHS

Guide troughs are necessary when a suitable surface for the unrolling of the energy chain is not present and to give guidance and support throughout the chain length.

gliding arrangement

The designing and assembling of the filing and guide channels should be handled with great care, because this is the only chance for a smooth operation of the system, ekd gelenkrohr manufactures troughs for all applications made of steel (galvanized), stainless steel or aluminum. The individual channel segments are mounted with connecting elements.



Trough for steel chains

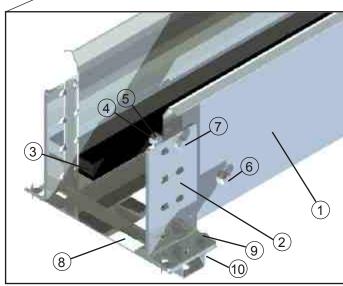
Troughs for steel chains are made of edged groove angles that are bolted directly on the floor or on the corresponding substructures.

Steel-trough

The steel-trough is universally applicable. Besides the standard channel steel troughs (galvanized). Special dimensions and stainless steel guide troughs are available.

A simple on-site assembly is guaranteed by the top-hat profiles on which the trough segments can be accurately aligned. For this first preassemble the connection angle is finger tight then screw on the angles with the welded inserts. Then the groove is aligned and the connection angle can be fixed.

For gliding applications the angles are supplied with mounted slide bars.



item	name	weight [kg/m] height 2mm 3mm
1	trough angle 2mm ¹⁾	
2	connection angle 2)	100 4.1 5.5
3	slide bar 25x25x2000	
4	washer DIN 125	150 5.3 7.2
5	nut M8 DIN 985	
6	DIN 931 M8x40	200 6.5 8.8
7	DIN 931 M8x12	
8	hat profile	250 7.7 10.4
9	DIN 931 M8x16	(weight incl. slide bar)
10	nut M8	(slide bar 25x25 0.6kg/m)

¹⁾ standard heidhts 100/150/200/250, L=2000mm, alternative L=3000mm, t= 3 mm 2) connection angles 40/80/120/160/200 3m standard height 200

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Order infos Design guidelines

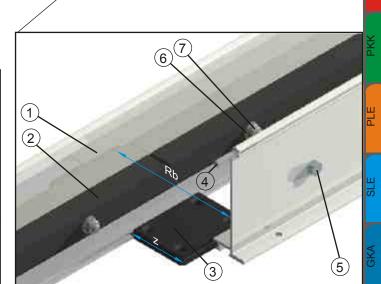
Aluminum trough

The aluminum trough (trough height 120mm) is perfectly adapted to floor assembly for long travels with energy chains of the type Kolibri.

Constructed with 3 m long channel segments, the width corresponds to the chain size, a fast and easy installation is performed. The connection of the single channel segments is with center bolts.

The first half of travel is fitted with gliding bars so that a smooth transition at the fixed connector (usually mid-travel) is guaranteed.

item	name	part no.	weight
	aluminium tough	1361	[kg]
1	alu-trough angle 120x3000	-	3.5
2	slide bar 20x20x3000	1606	1.2
3	distance profile DP (s.b.)	(s.b.)	(s.b.)
4	groov. pin DIN1474 6x40	-	0.008
5	screw DIN 931 M6 x 35	-	0.010
6	washer DIN 125 - 1A6	-	0.001
7	nut DIN 987 M6	-	0.004



_								
	distand	ce profiles fo	r aluminium	troughs				SFK
	Rb	name	part no.	energy chain1)	c x d ²⁾	z	[kg]	S
	54	DP 54	1367	Kolibri 30.050.X	30 x 50	20	0.017	
	64	DP 64	1551	Kolibri 30.060.X	30 x 60	30	0.020	PFR
	66	DP 66	1368	Kolibri 40.062.X	40 x 62	32	0.022	
	70	DP 70	1552	Kolibri 50.065.X	50 x 65	36	0.026	SL
	80	DP 80	1553	Kolibri 40.075.X	40 x 75	46	0.037	Froughs
	84	DP 84	1554	Kolibri 30.080.X	30 x 80	50	0.042	
	100	DP100	1369	Kolibri XX.095.X	30 x 95, 50 x 95	66	0.059	ems
								Systems
	130	DP130	1555	Kolibri XX.125.X	30 / 40 / 50 x 125	96	0.092	
	154	DP154	1556	Kolibri 50.150.X	50 x 150	120	0.118	ARATHON
								Ď.
	116	DP116	1557	PKK 210 stay 90	50 x 110	82	0.076	Materials
	160	DP160		PKK 228 stay 120	55 x 156	126	0.124	Mate
	210	DP210	1558	PKK 228 stay 170	55 x 206	176	0.179	ns
				•				

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¹⁾ example arrangement. Other energy chains can also be used with corresponding outside dimensions. 2) Outside dimensions of the energy chain

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TROUGHS

В

chain width + 54 chain width + 6

chain width

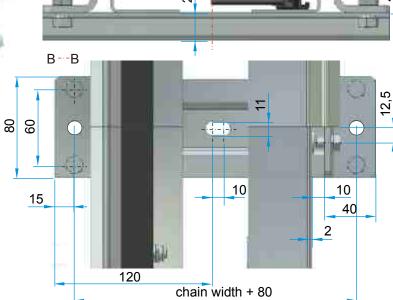
2. half of

travel dist.



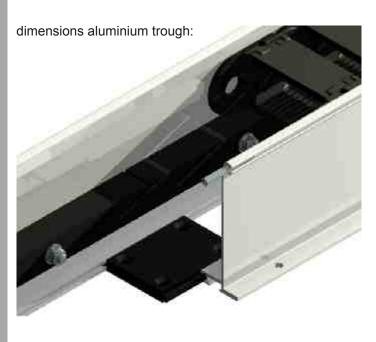
dimensions steel trough: the height of the trough angle depends on the energy chain used: example: PKK 328

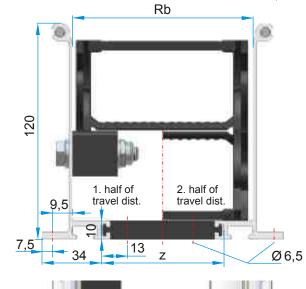
trough angle height 200 mm connector angle height 160 mm



1. half of

travel dist.





Gliding arrangements

For travels up to about 60 meters, speeds of vmax = 1.5 m/ s and accelerations of a max = 1 m / s 2 energy chains and troughs can be used.

Exceeding these values contact ekd gelenkrohr when planning your application.

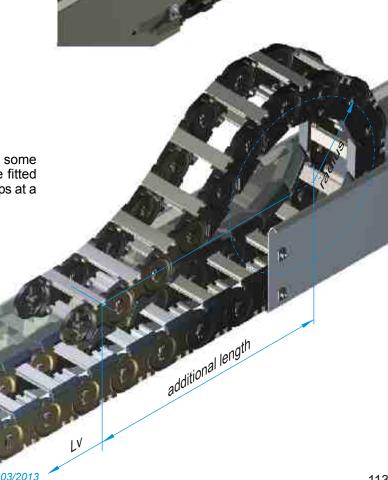
The upper part of the chain runs up to half of the travel on slide bars that are bolted to the channel segments.

For long travels and heavy chains a lower connector assembling is required to guide driver initiated forces in the energy chain direction. A reduction to the height of the chain radius is usually sufficient.

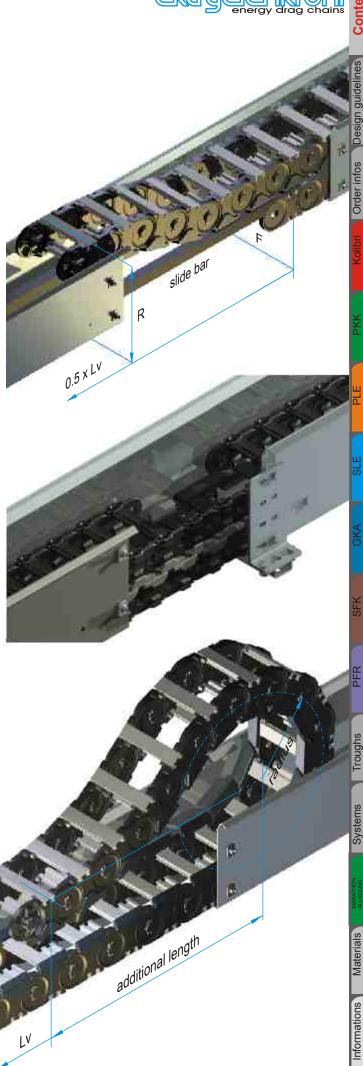
The fixed connector area is designed to ensure a smooth transition of the energy chain. In addition, the slide bars in the end zone are contour adjusted. The energy chain can be attached separately with a countersunk screw or be mounted together with the slide bar. In addition, the glide bar must be provided with a corresponding reduction.

Lower connectors need an additional chain length:

Not to burden the energy chain in the end position some (according to the application) chain links have to be fitted with an reverse bending radius, so that the driver stops at a sufficient distance in front of the chain bow end.



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ENERGY CHAIN SYSTEMS

ENERGY CHAIN SYSTEMS are called components, modules or complete items ready for connection. ekd energy chain systems are offered as a service package with all necessary planning and realization steps through to testing and production release.

This usually begins with the definition of the requirements in the travel distance, number of cycles other factors, such as environmental conditions and media influences and the available design space. From this data the amount and type of cables, their connections and the energy chain can be specified.

Cables

ekd gelenkrohr as a system supplier cooperates with all leading cable manufacturers (Lapp, Lütze, Nexans, SAB Bröckskes etc.). According to customer specifications ekd can work out an efficient and price-optimized solution in the system - whether power, bus, hybrid, or special cables with or without connectors.

The same applies to hydraulic lines. Standards and standard components are scheduled as early as the design phase, as well functional as cost-optimized.

Energy chains

The selection and design of an optimized energy chain or where the application requires a custom-tailored solution is based on decades of experience.

System

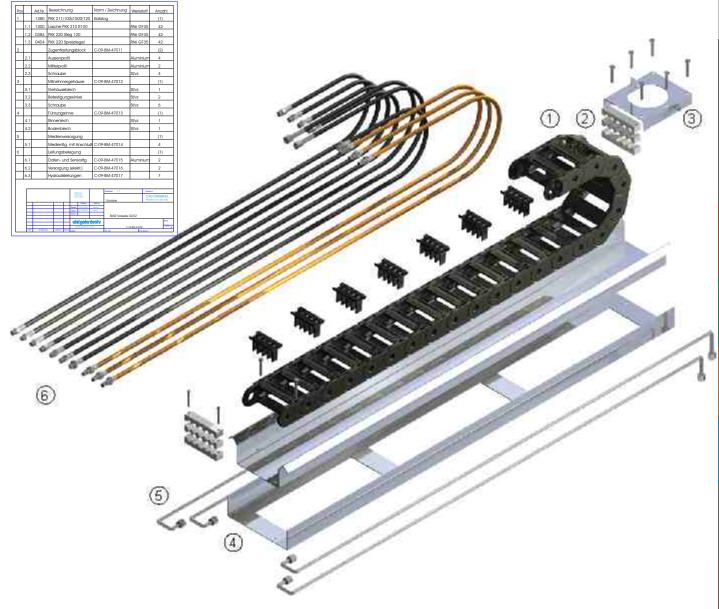
With the creation of individual strain relief systems, guide rails, troughs and enclosures the projects are completed to ready-assembly systems - including accompanying documentation.

Transit, maintenance and service

The complete assembly is shipped or after consultation with customer be installed by experienced ekd assemblers on site. Maintenance and service remains in the hands of customer or can be arranged individually.

The result is a flat rate for the energy guiding system, which frees the user of logistics, efforts and cost overruns.

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applications:







example train wash: free weathering extreme influence of media (detergents) travel 180 m

SYSTEM MARATHON

The SYSTEM MARATHON is designed for long travel distances with a rolling-led energy chain.

The upper part of the chain runs with roller sets on a continuous flat guiding rail surface. This construction avoids completely the sliding friction between the upper and lower strand of conventional energy chains. In this movement only substantially lower rolling friction occurs.

In front of the chain radius the roller sets are lifted out of the guide rail. In the chain radius the roller sets are pivoted into the trough by means of polygonal shape and the chain is lowered in the trough.

In the opposite direction of travel the roller sets behind the chain radius swirl again, embrace the guide rail and carry the upper strand centered within the trough.

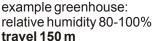
Measurements for the SYSTEM MARATHON confirmed that the reduction of friction forces is up to 90%.

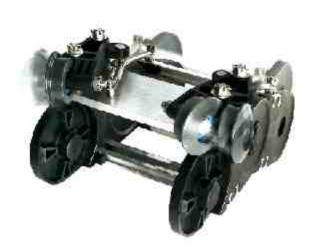
Increased starting torque, as with sliding applications and the overcoming of static friction after a stop will not appear with this system.

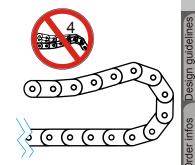
Not least of all SYSTEM MARATHON minimizes wear through the rolling friction.

Another advantage is the parallel to the chain running force of the movable driver and the straight arrangement of the upper run which totaly avoids changing bending of the lines and the energy chain. A substantially increased durability and reliability are the result.

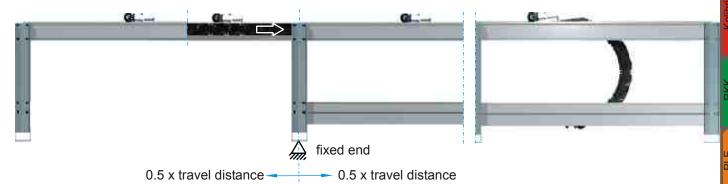








SYSTEM MARATHON





of force not in energy chain direction high-flexing of the energy chain repeated bending of the lines



sliding friction: high forces high starting torque abrasion, wear, noise



bending of the energy chain and the lines

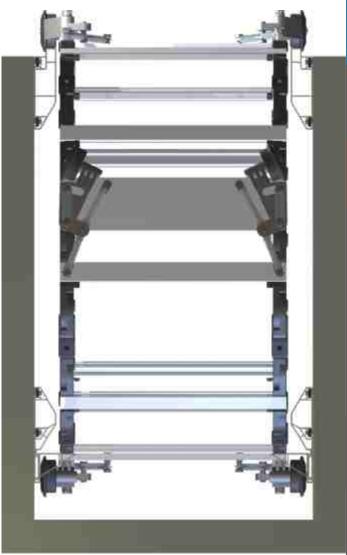


oscillations lead to extreme loads of the energy chain

additional lengths often necessary

SYSTEM MARATHON

moving forces reduced by up to 90% forces into the direction of energy chain no repeated bending no increased starting torques abrasion and wear-minimizing



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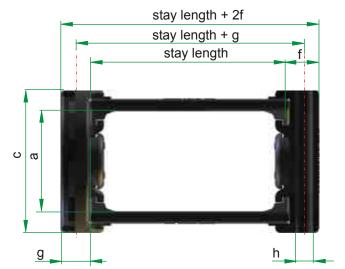
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Systems

Materials

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SYSTEM ALLROUND

Standard energy chains do not allow lateral displacements or torsion movements. They are made of rigid material with the set on maximum unsupported length and show a straight, hard running. The energy chains SYSTEM ALLROUND open new opportunities.

By using a highly flexible link-material (thermoset elastomer) offers SYSTEM ALLROUND countless exercise options without additional design efforts.

The high flexibility of the SYSTEM ALLROUND makes the combination of several movements. The combination of two linear motion is a possible.

Just as well combined rotary or oscillating movements may overlap to simple linear movements.

Thus, if there is sufficient chain length, lateral pivoting movements of 90° and axial rotation of 180° are achieved.

An almost limitless range of motion is given in a hanging arrangement at sufficient chain length.

Practical examples demonstrate the versatility of the SYSTEMALLROUND:



ALLROUND	bend radius R	pitch	n a	С	f	g	stay length [mm]
PKK 210	65 75 100 125 150 200 300	65	34	50	10	10	50200 (see PKK)
PKK 240	75 100 150 200 300	65	44	60	10	10	50200 (see PKK)
PKK 310	100 130 150 200 300 400	90	51	75	12	12	50300 (see PKK)
PKK 340	100 130 150 200 300 400	90	60	85	12	15	50300 (see PKK)
PKK 520	150 200 300 400 500	115	80	104	20	14	50300 (see PKK)

The connector links of the SYSTEM ALLROUND are manufactured in the standard material PA 6 GF 35. A combination of standard links and ALLROUND links achieve applications with specific features are available on request.

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order examplel:

type radius X length / stay variant order example:

type

ELastic **TO**rsion **LA** bearing is the combination of noiseless and low wear. The elastic torsion bearing replaces the conventional chains existing sliding pivot with a friction free connection. The relative movement between adjacent links is guided over the elastic torsion bearing.

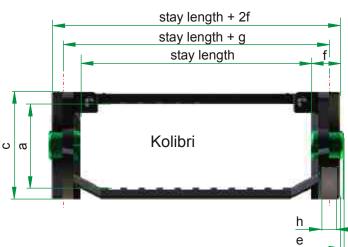
In the angular motion is through this design with ELTOLA a torque transferred between the adjacent chain links, which increases starting from the neutral zero position with increasing twist angle. As a result a progressive damping of the polygon movement and a low noise, extremely quiet running is achieved.

All ekd plastic chains may be equipped with the SYSTEM ELTOLA.

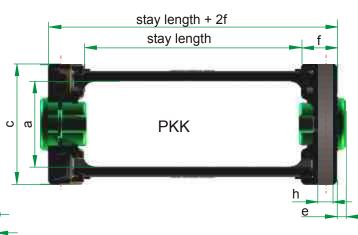
ELTOLA is designed for applications with fast and noise-sensitive and large acceleration movements.







/ radius x length / stay length variant



ELTOLA	bend radius R	pitch	a b c d e f g h	stay length [mm]
Kolibri 30.050	75 100 150 200	35	23 34 30 50 1 - 40 5	-
Kolibri 30.060	75 100 150 200	35	23 44 30 50 1 - 40 5	-
Kolibri 30.080	75 100 150 200	35	23 64 30 50 1 - 40 5	-
Kolibri 30.095	75 100 150 200	35	23 79 30 50 1 - 40 5	-
Kolibri 30.125	75 100 150 200	35	23 109 30 50 1 - 40 5	-
Kolibri 40.062	75 100 150 200	45	29 47 40 62 1 - 54 5	-
Kolibri 40.075	75 100 150 200	45	29 60 40 75 1 - 67 5	-
PKK 210, 220	75 100 150 200 300	65	34 - 50 - 2 15 10 6	50200 (see PKK)
PKK 240	75 100 150 200 300	65	44 - 60 - 2 10 10 6	50200 (see PKK)
PKK 310	100 130 150 200 300 400	90	51 - 75 - 3 12 12 8	50300 (see PKK)
PKK 340	100 130 150 200 300 400	90	60 - 85 - 3 15 15 8	50300 (see PKK)

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SYSTEM REINTEC

The principle of the energy chain **REINTEC** is the avoidance of friction at the links and pins of conventional chains through ta friction free connection:

The relative movement between the chain links is guided over the torsion bearing **ELTOLA** that positively connects links and is made of a special material. The links are spaced apart, thus preventing wear and abrasion.

REINTEC has significant advantages in comparison to known energy chains:

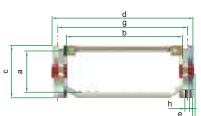
- abrasion and wear are optimized while maintaining the stability equal to standard cable chain
- quiet running through progressive torsion force

applications:

chip technology, food and textiles, painting and others.

order example: Kolibri 30.050.0 / 100 x 3500 REINTEC type / radius x length variant

Fraunhofer Institut für Produktionstechnik und Automatisierung classified a system of energy chain and cables as class 1 according to DIN EN ISO 14644-1.



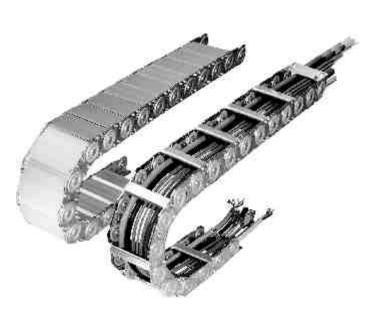


			e -
SYSTEM REINTEC	bend radius R pitch	a b c d	e f g h
Kolibri 30.050.0	75 100 150 200 35	23 34 30 50	1 - 40 5
Kolibri 30.060.0	75 100 150 200 35	23 44 30 60	1 - 50 5
Kolibri 30.080.0	75 100 150 200 35	23 64 30 80	1 - 70 5
Kolibri 30.095.0	75 100 150 200 35	23 79 30 95	1 - 85 5
Kolibri 30.125.0	75 100 150 200 35	23 109 30 125	1 - 115 5
Kolibri 40.062.0	75 100 150 200 45	29 47 40 62	1 - 54 5
Kolibri 40.075.0	75 100 150 200 45	29 60 40 75	1 - 67 5

Tat Tin Standard Tin Standard Tin Standard Tin Standard Tin Standard Tin Standard Tin	my pro my 10	No. of London										
	를 를	hui	2,0	mu	mμ ε,0	un.	0,5 µm	шп	1.0	mų 0,	5,0 µm	um
- 2	10	8 19	OMO PIE	£ #	oud em	og tg	OIG UI	£ 5	O E	£ 8	0 E	e a
2	400	0.3	24	0.1								
- 2	3	en	24	-	10	0.3	4	0.1				
1 01	1,000	30	237	1	102	m	35	5	00	0.2		
01	1,240		265	88	901	e,	38					
10	10,000	300	2,370	29	1,020	83	352	6.6	8	2		
	12,000		2,650	22	1,060	8	359	2				
	100,000	2,833	23,700	17.9	10,200	289	3,520	100	832	24	29	0.8
							3,520	100			20	0.6
¥							3,520	100			29	0.8
100			26,500	750	10,600	300	3,530	100				
	1,000,000	28,329	237,000	129	102,000	2,890	35,200	266	8,320	235	293	8
1,000							95,300	0001			247	10
							352,000	9,972	83,200	2,357	2,930	83
							352,000	9,972			2,900	82
8							352,000	9,972			2,900	92
10,000							353,000	10,000			2,470	70
							3,520,000	99,716	832,000	23,569	29,300	830
							3,520,000	99,716			29,000	821
O							3,520,000	99,716			29,000	821
100,000							3,530,000	100.000			24,700	700
							36,200,000	297,167	8,320,000	235,694	293,000	8,300

source: Fraunhofer Institut Produktionstechnik und Automatisierung (Fraunhofer IPA), Stuttgart, 2008





MATERIALS

ekd energy chains are made from high quality materials according to ekd specificated material minimum values. Continuous Inspection of incoming and outgoing goods in connection with the requirements of the ISO 9001 quality management system guarantee a consistently high reliability.

Environmental aspects are taken into account by complying with specified regulations for the selection of materials and manufacturing processes (RoHS directive 2002/95/EC, directive 2006/122/EC PFOS, RL 1907/2006/EC REACh).

Furthermore there are negative listings (absence lists) for environmentally hazardous substances to prevent bring in the market of so-called problem substances.

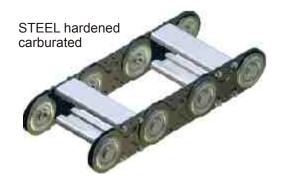


Energy chains made of steel

Galvanized steel

ekd energy chains are made of high strength steel with a minimum tensile strength of 560 N/mm² (Rm> 560 N/mm²) and standard electroplated galvanized.

Stays and covers (silver star) consist of a seawaterresistant aluminum alloy (AI Mg Si 0.5).



Steel hardened (carburated)

Steel chains with high dynamic loads (eg when traversing over 1m/s) are manufactured in hardened version. Through the special surface hardening process a very good wear resistance combined with high toughness of the energy chain is reached. This also results in an excellent and free of pollutants corrosion protection. Specially in the case of high cycle numbers hardened (carburated) links lead to longer life times.

Visual differences between the chains of the galvanized steel chains is a dark, pale appearance of the links. In this version, stainless steel screws and bolts should be used, too. The retaining rings are made of a bronze alloy.



Stainless steel

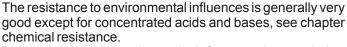
For extreme demands on corrosion resistance (eq. sea water resistance) this energy chains are made of a suitable stainless steel.

Energy chains made of steel and stainless steel are suitable for operating temperatures from -40 ° C to 400 ° C.

Plastic energy chains

ekd plastic energy chains are manufactured from high quality polyamide. In addition the series PLE with stays of seawater resistant aluminum and chains made of the plastic Kolibri and PKK are in the product range.

The standard material is polyamide 6 reinforced with 35% glass fibres (PA 6 GF 35). The continuous service temperature range for energy chains made of this material is -20 ° C to 100 ° C. Outside these limits a significant decrease in the mechanical strength characteristics must be expected. A detailed design is then essential.



Depending on the order, polyolefins can be used that provide chemical resistance in a wide range of applications.

For special applications, the material in modified:

High impact (HI), food applications (FDO), flame retardant (V-0), for explosion-endangered areas (EX) or against electrostatic discharges (ESD).

To optimize the flexibility energy chains they are manufactured from non-reinforced polyamide 6 and polyamide 66, and thermoplastic elastomers (SYSTEM ALLROUND).

With a combination of special construction and material properties in particular for clean room applications excellent technical results are achieved (SYSTEM REINTEC).

All components of the plastic energy chains are made of thermoplastic materials that are recyclable.

Plastic energy chains are suitable for operating temperatures from -20 ° C to 100 ° C.



















MATERIAL DATA SHEET PA 6 GF35 (standard)

Listed properties are guide values and may be used as knowledge base. The ekd material specifications may differ from this values and are under reservation of necessary technical changes.

Property (standa	ard) Test condition	Value		Unit
		d.a.m.	conditioned	
Mechanical properties				
Yield stress (ISO 5	527) 5 mm/min	170	120	MPa
Yield strain (ISO 5	527) 5 mm/min	3,0	7,0	%
Tensile modulus (ISO 5	527) 1 mm/min	10000	7000	MPa
Charpy impact strength (ISO 17	′9u) 23°C	100	110	kJ/mm ²
Charpy impact strength (ISO 17	′9u) -30 °C	85	85	kJ/mm ²
Flexural modulus (ISO1	78) 2 mm/min	9000	5500	MPa
Flexural strain at flexural strength (ISO	178) 2 mm/min	4,0	6,0	%
Thermal properties				
Melting temperature (ISO 11357-1	, -3) 10 °C/min	213		°C
Temperature of deflection (ISO 75-1,	-2) 1,8 MPa	ca. 200		°C
Coeff. of linear therm. exp., paralle (ISO 113	59) 23 to 55°C	0,2		10 ⁻⁴ /K
Coeff. of linear therm. exp., transv. (ISO 113	59) 23 to 55°C	0,9		10 ⁻⁴ /K
Thermal conductivity (ISO 83	02) 23°C	0,3		W/(mK)
Burning behavior (ULS	94) 1,6 mm	HB		-
Electrical properties				
Relative permitivity (IEC 602	50) 100 Hz	4,0	10	-
Relative permitivity (IEC 602	50) 1 Hz	4,0	5,0	-
Volume resistivity (IEC 600	93)	1E13	1E10	Ohm m
Surface resistivity (IEC 600	93)	1E14	1E12	Ohm
Other properties (23°C)				
Water absorption (saturation value)	water at 23°C	ca. 6,5		%
Water absorption (equilibrium value)	23°C, 50% r.h.	ca. 1,8		%
Density (ISO11)	83)	1400		kg/m ³
Glass fibre content (ISO 34	51)	35		%

MATERIAL DATA SHEET PA 66 (HIGH IMPACT)



Jes and are under reservatio	n of necessary techi	lical changes.			
ed properties are guide valu ues and are under reservatio					
Property	(standard)	Test condition	Value d.a.m.	conditioned	Unit
Mechanical properties					
/ield stress	(ISO 527)	5 mm/min	60	40	MPa
/ield strain	(ISO 527)	5 mm/min	8,0	12,0	%
Tensile modulus	(ISO 527)	1 mm/min	2100	1100	MPa
Charpy imp. strength (notch	ed) (ISO 179/1eA)	23 °C	18	100	kJ/mm ²
Charpy impact strength	(ISO 179/1eU)	23 °C	n.b.	n.b.	kJ/mm ²
Flexural modulus	(ISO178)	2 mm/min	2000	1000	MPa
Flexural strain at flexural stre	ength (ISO 178)	2 mm/min	80	40	%
Thermal properties					
Melting temperature	(ISO 11357-1, -3)	10 °C/min	258		°C
Temperature of deflection	(ISO 75-1, -2)	1.8 MPa	ca. 80		°C
Coeff. of linear therm. exp., t	ransv. (ISO 11359)	23° bis 85°C	0,7		10 ⁻⁴ /K
Thermal conductivity	(ISO 8302)	23 °C	k.A.		W/(mK)
Burning behavior	(UL 94)	1,6mm	HB		-
Electrical properties					
1-41-44	(150,00000)		4547	4544	Oliver in
Volume resistivity	(IEC 60093)		1E17	1E14	Ohm m
Surface resistivity	(IEC 60093)		2E13	2E12	Ohm
Other properties (23°C)					
Other properties (20 5)					
Water absorption		24h,23°C	ca. 0,75		%
Density	(ISO1183)	2,	1080		kg/m ³
Glass fibre content	(ISO 3451)		0		%

Informations



The following list of substances and compounds are reference values for the resistance of polyamides. Polyamides are generally resistant to aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons (eg, fuel), fats and oils and to many organic solvents. Polyamides are not resistant to organic and inorganic acids, some even in low concentrations, as well as to strong oxidizing agents. Fittings made of polyamide are generally regarded as stress crack resistance.

resistant

acetone ammonium sulfate brake fluids chloramines dibuthylphtalat ferricIII chloride (neut.) ethyl acetate fats, waxes furfural heating oil potassium carbonate seawater sodium carbonate sodium hydroxide (10%) phosphoric acid (30%)

acetylene benzene bromo chlorobenzene gasoil petroleum ethylene fish oils gelatin heptane potassium chloride (10%) isopropanol carbon fuels (gasoline) methane sodium chloride paraffin oil rapeseed oil welding solution (pH 9.5) styrene

allyl alcohol beer butane citric dibutyl ether ether gas ethylene oxide fixing baths gear oil hexan copper sulfate lactic sodium sulfide petroleum ether propane silver nitrate(10%)

tallow (beef fat)

benzene hydrogen

ink

bio gasoil butanol citrus dimethylamine ethane **CFC** photo developer glycerol hexachlorobenzene isooctane linseed oil mineral oils lamp oil carbon disulphide silicone turpentine

ammonia

toluene

sugar solution

bitumen camphor oil cvclohexanol dioxane ether fatty alcohols fruit juices urea (20%) isocyanate ketones phosphates

soda solution

urine

ammonium nitrate

conditionally stable

hydrogen sulphide

carbon tetrachloride

nitrogen

tartaric acid

acetaldehyde diethylene glycol acetic acid (5%) glycol methyl alcohol sulfuric acid tin chloride (aqueous)

aniline dimethyl formamide ethanol, conc. hydraulic fluids oxalic acid (10%) vinyl chloride

tetrafluoromethane

xylene

benzyl alcohol dimethylsuloxid ethylene glycol potassium dichromate phosphoric acid (10%) triethanolamine

chloroform vapor ferric III chloride, acidic, watery formaldehyde (10%) formamide potassium hydroxide, conc. sulfur dioxide dry propanol trichlorethylene vapor

unstable

acrylic acid calcium hypochlorite hydrofluoric potassium nitric acid thionyl chloride Zinc halides (aqueous) formic acid (10%) chloramines hydrofluoric acid (40%) permanganate (10%) perchloric acid (1%) trichloroacetic

benzaldehyde chlorine iodine solder liquid hydrochloric acid (1%)

bromide hydrochloric iodide sodium hypochlorite oxygen trichloroethyl hydrogen peroxide (10%)

butyric acid (conc.) acetic acid (30%) perchlorate (2%) 20 ppm of ozone sulfuric acid(10%) cinnamaldehyde

soluble

formic acid (85%) dimethylformamide hydrochloric acid conc. calcium chloride ethylene glycol sulfuric acid (96%)

aniline dimethyl alcohol. Chloral hydrate phenol

cresols





About this catalogue

Descriptions and technical informations which are shown in this catalog are purely informative and provide only the general Information. An assurance of properties for certain applications is denied. The catalog reflects the technical state of the art at the time of the edition. Changes to the products remain at any time. The in the order and contract agreed properties of the product is binding.

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General operating and safety instructions

Energy chains are technical products, which are constructed as part of an engineering-design for concrete applications according to the state of the art. In dealing with these products the compliance to the operating and safety instructions and general rules of technology is assumed.

Thus, for example, the stay in the work area of an energy chain is only allowed if adequate safeguards are in place to prevent accidental moving of the chain. The accident prevention regulations are strictly to be observed. Further requirements, such as when operating in explosive hazardous areas are - if applicable - to take into account as well.

The intended use has to be in compliance with the design limits of energy chains. The below known from practical experience can lead to considerable functional errors or demage of the energy chain:

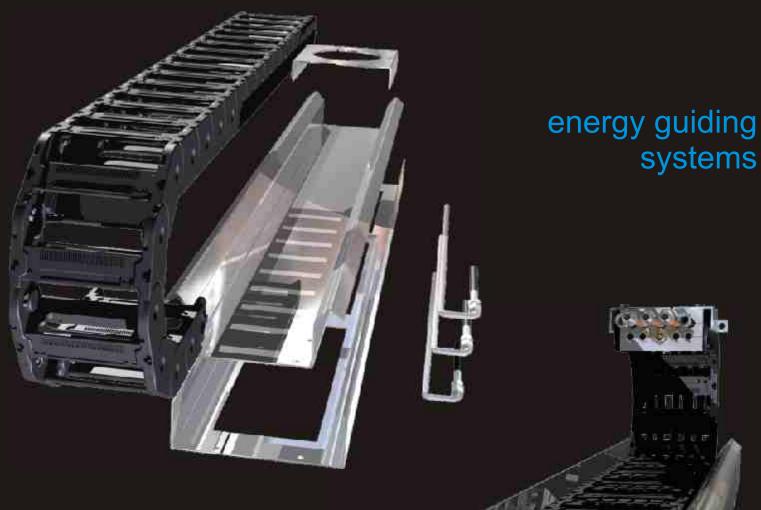
improper handling of the energy chain during transport and assembly undue weight load of the energy chain, especially of a free carrying upper strand of the chain operating the energy chain out of the limits of the designed travel distance introduction of interference contours, components or parts thereof into the operating area improper line load

Are the operating conditions such as wear-boundary conditions of abrasive dust entry or plant-vibration and oscillations can not be avoided, so by appropriate constructive steps and inspection intervals, particularly in unsupervised, automated operating systems, unforeseen equipment failures have to be avoid

ekd gelenkrohr

energy chains lines accessories





complete systems

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